

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**  
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2020  
OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**  
For transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_  
**Commission File Number:** (to be assigned)

**Amalgamated Financial Corp.**  
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

85-2757101

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**275 Seventh Avenue, New York, NY 10001**  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

**(212) 255-6200**  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

**Not Applicable**  
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None.**

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
N/A	N/A	N/A

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer   
Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company  Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2). Yes  No

As of November 6, 2020, the Registrant had no shares of common stock outstanding at \$0.01 par value per share.

**EXPLANATORY NOTE**

Amalgamated Financial Corp., a Delaware public benefit corporation (the "Company"), was formed to serve as the holding company for Amalgamated Bank, a New York state-chartered bank and trust company (the "Bank"), as part of a reorganization (the "Reorganization") whereby each share of outstanding Bank Class A common stock will be exchanged for one share of the Company's common stock. As of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this "Report"), the Reorganization had not been completed, and remains subject to, among other things, approval by the Bank's stockholders and the New York State Department of Financial Services. Accordingly, as of September 30, 2020, and the date of this Report, the Company had no assets or liabilities, and had not conducted any business other than that of an organizational nature. For informational purposes, the Bank's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2020, as filed with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") on November 6, 2020, is attached hereto as [Exhibit 99.1](#).

## **PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

### **ITEM 1. Financial Statements.**

Not applicable. Please see the Explanatory Note.

### **ITEM 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.**

Not applicable. Please see the Explanatory Note.

### **ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.**

Not applicable. Please see the Explanatory Note.

### **ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures.**

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on that evaluation, the Company’s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report.

#### **Changes in Internal Controls**

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2020 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

The design of any system of controls and procedures is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events. There can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote.

## **PART II – OTHER INFORMATION**

### **ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings**

None.

#### **Item 1A. Risk Factors**

Investing in shares of the Company’s common stock involves certain risks, including those identified and described in the Company’s Registration Statement on Form S-4EF. There have been no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in the Company’s Registration Statement on Form S-4EF filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 8, 2020, as amended by Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-4/A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 25, 2020.

### **ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

None.

### **ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.**

None.

### **ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.**

Not applicable.

### **ITEM 5. Other Information.**

None.

### **ITEM 6. Exhibits.**



**Exhibit 31.1**

**Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of the Chief Executive Officer**

I, Keith Mestrich, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Amalgamated Financial Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 6, 2020

/s/ Keith Mestrich

Keith Mestrich, President and Chief Executive Officer

**Exhibit 31.2**

**Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of the Chief Financial Officer**

I, Andrew LaBenne, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Amalgamated Financial Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 6, 2020

/s/ Andrew LaBenne

Andrew LaBenne, Chief Financial Officer

**Exhibit 32.1**

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Amalgamated Financial Corp. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2020 as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 that, to his knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Keith Mestrich

Keith Mestrich  
President and Chief Executive Officer  
November 6, 2020

/s/ Andrew LaBenne

Andrew LaBenne  
Chief Financial Officer  
November 6, 2020

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION  
WASHINGTON, DC 20006

FORM 10-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2020  
OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

FDIC Certificate Number: 622



(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

New York

13-4920330

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

275 Seventh Avenue, New York, NY 10001  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(212) 255-6200  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

**Not Applicable**

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:**

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share	AMAL	Nasdaq Stock Market, LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer   
Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company  Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2). Yes  No

As of November 6, 2020, the Registrant had 31,049,525 shares of Class A common stock outstanding at \$0.01 par value per share.

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## CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). Forward-looking statements are not statements of historical fact and generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, such as “may,” “will,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “could,” “should,” “would,” “believe,” “project,” “plan,” “goal,” “target,” “potential,” “pro-forma,” “seek,” “contemplate,” “expect,” “estimate,” “continue,” “anticipate” and “intend,” or the negative thereof as well as other similar words and expressions of the future. These forward-looking statements include statements related to our plans, objectives, strategies, projected growth, anticipated future financial performance (including underlying assumptions), and management’s long-term performance goals, as well as statements relating to the anticipated effects or consequences of various transactions or events on our results of operations and financial condition and statements about the future performance, operations, products and services of Amalgamated Bank (“Amalgamated”).

Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict as to timing, extent, likelihood and degree of occurrence, which could cause our actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in or by such statements. Potential risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the following:

- our ability to maintain our reputation;
- our ability to carry out our business strategy prudently, effectively and profitably;
- unexpected challenges related to our chief executive officer's transition;
- our ability to attract customers based on shared values or mission alignment;
- the impact of the outbreak of the novel coronavirus, or COVID-19, on our business, including the impact of the actions taken by governmental authorities to try and contain the virus or address the impact of the virus on the United States economy (including, without limitation, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, or the CARES Act), and the resulting effect of these items on our operations, liquidity and capital position, and on the financial condition of our borrowers and other customers;
- impairment of investment securities, goodwill, other intangible assets or deferred tax assets;
- projections on loans, assets, deposits, liabilities, revenues, expenses, net income, capital expenditures, liquidity, dividends, capital structure or other financial items;
- inaccuracy of the assumptions and estimates we make in establishing our allowance for loan losses and other estimates, including future changes in the allowance for loan losses resulting from the future adoption and implementation of the Current Expected Credit Loss (“CECL”) methodology;
- our policies with respect to asset quality and loan charge-offs, including future changes in the allowance for loan losses resulting from the anticipated adoption and implementation of CECL;
- the composition of our loan portfolio and the potential deterioration in the financial condition of borrowers resulting in significant increases in loan losses, provisions for those losses that exceed our current allowance for loan losses and higher loan charge-offs;
- the availability of and access to capital, and our ability to allocate capital prudently, effectively and profitably;
- our ability to pay dividends;
- our ability to achieve organic loan and deposit growth and the composition of such growth;
- our ability to identify and effectively acquire potential acquisition or merger targets, including our ability to be seen as an acquirer of choice and our ability to obtain regulatory approval for any acquisition or merger and thereafter to successfully integrate any acquisition or merger target;
- time and effort necessary to resolve nonperforming assets;
- fluctuations in the values of our assets and liabilities and off-balance sheet exposures;
- general economic conditions (both generally and in our markets) may be less favorable than expected, which could

result in, among other things, a deterioration in credit quality, a reduction in demand for credit and a decline in real estate values;

- the general decline in the real estate and lending markets, particularly in our market areas, including the effects of the enactment of or changes to rent-control and other similar regulations on multi-family housing;
- changes in the demand for our products and services;
- other financial institutions having greater financial resources and being able to develop or acquire products that enable them to compete more successfully than we can;
- restrictions or conditions imposed by our regulators on our operations or the operations of banks we acquire may make it more difficult for us to achieve our goals;
- legislative or regulatory changes, including changes in tax issues, accounting standards and compliance requirements, whether of general applicability or specific to us and our subsidiaries;
- the costs, effects and outcomes of litigation, regulatory proceedings, examinations, investigations, or similar matters, or adverse facts and developments related thereto;
- possible changes in trade, monetary and fiscal policies of, and other activities undertaken by, governments, agencies, central banks and similar organizations, including any changes related to the outcome of 2020 national elections;
- competitive pressures among depository and other financial institutions may increase significantly;
- adverse effects of failures by our vendors to provide agreed upon services in the manner and at the cost agreed, particularly our information technology vendors and those vendors performing a service on our behalf;
- changes in the interest rate environment may reduce margins or the volumes or values of the loans we make or have acquired;
- adverse changes in the bond and equity markets;
- cybersecurity risks, and the vulnerability of our network and online banking portals, and the systems of parties with whom we contract, to unauthorized access, computer viruses, phishing schemes, spam attacks, human error, natural disasters, power loss and other security breaches that could adversely affect or disrupt our business and financial performance or reputation;
- our ability to attract and retain key personnel, including our ability to timely identify a new chief executive officer in light of, among other things, competition for experienced employees and executives in the banking industry;
- the possibility of earthquakes, wildfires, and other natural disasters affecting the markets in which we operate;
- war or terrorist activities causing further deterioration in the economy or causing instability in credit markets;
- economic, governmental or other factors may affect the projected population, residential and commercial growth in the markets in which we operate; and
- descriptions of assumptions underlying or relating to any of the foregoing.

Amalgamated cautions readers that the foregoing list of factors is not exclusive, is not necessarily in order of importance and not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements are necessarily only estimates of future results, and there can be no assurance that actual results will not differ materially from expectations. Additional factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by any forward-looking statements also may be found in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the FDIC and available at the FDIC's website at <https://efr.fdic.gov/fcxweb/efr/index.html>. Further, any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made and we undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which the statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, unless required to do so under the federal securities laws.

**Part I**  
**Item 1. – Financial Statements**  
**Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition**  
(Dollars in thousands)

	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
<b>Assets</b>	<b>(unaudited)</b>	
Cash and due from banks	\$ 6,793	\$ 7,596
Interest-bearing deposits in banks	736,268	114,942
Total cash and cash equivalents	743,061	122,538
Securities:		
Available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost of \$1,482,671 and \$1,217,087, respectively)	1,506,900	1,224,770
Held-to-maturity (fair value of \$453,955 and \$292,837, respectively)	440,949	292,704
Loans held for sale	28,676	2,328
Loans receivable, net of deferred loan origination costs (fees)	3,602,452	3,472,614
Allowance for loan losses	(48,072)	(33,847)
Loans receivable, net	3,554,380	3,438,767
Resell agreements	103,222	—
Accrued interest and dividends receivable	22,738	19,088
Premises and equipment, net	13,252	17,778
Bank-owned life insurance	80,502	80,714
Right-of-use lease asset	36,917	47,299
Deferred tax asset	34,180	31,441
Goodwill and other intangible assets	18,637	19,665
Other assets	35,029	28,246
Total assets	<u>\$ 6,618,443</u>	<u>\$ 5,325,338</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Deposits	\$ 6,021,000	\$ 4,640,982
Borrowed funds	—	75,000
Operating leases	54,921	62,404
Other liabilities	20,025	56,408
Total liabilities	<u>6,095,946</u>	<u>4,834,794</u>
<b>Commitments and contingencies</b>	—	—
<b>Stockholders' equity</b>		
Common stock, par value \$.01 per share (70,000,000 shares authorized; 31,049,525 and 31,523,442 shares issued and outstanding, respectively)	310	315
Additional paid-in capital	300,779	305,738
Retained earnings	205,952	181,132
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of income taxes	15,323	3,225
Total Amalgamated Bank stockholders' equity	522,364	490,410
Noncontrolling interests	133	134
Total stockholders' equity	522,497	490,544
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 6,618,443</u>	<u>\$ 5,325,338</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

**Consolidated Statements of Income (unaudited)**  
(Dollars in thousands, except for per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
<b>INTEREST AND DIVIDEND INCOME</b>				
Loans	\$ 35,602	\$ 35,768	\$ 106,440	\$ 106,623
Securities	11,473	10,542	35,772	30,941
Federal Home Loan Bank of New York stock	56	178	190	679
Interest-bearing deposits in banks	152	209	631	756
Total interest and dividend income	47,283	46,697	143,033	138,999
<b>INTEREST EXPENSE</b>				
Deposits	2,049	3,952	8,645	10,396
Borrowed funds	—	988	27	4,216
Total interest expense	2,049	4,940	8,672	14,612
<b>NET INTEREST INCOME</b>				
	45,234	41,757	134,361	124,387
Provision for (recovery of) loan losses	3,394	(558)	20,202	3,755
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	41,840	42,315	114,159	120,632
<b>NON-INTEREST INCOME</b>				
Trust Department fees	3,622	4,888	11,688	14,117
Service charges on deposit accounts	2,130	2,222	6,391	6,161
Bank-owned life insurance	1,227	415	2,722	1,243
Gain (loss) on sale of investment securities available for sale, net	619	(50)	1,605	(135)
Gain (loss) on sale of loans, net	903	81	1,200	(40)
Gain (loss) on other real estate owned, net	(176)	—	(482)	(564)
Equity method investments	4,297	—	5,586	—
Other	154	103	1,855	643
Total non-interest income	12,776	7,659	30,565	21,425
<b>NON-INTEREST EXPENSE</b>				
Compensation and employee benefits	17,547	17,765	52,338	52,187
Occupancy and depreciation	9,908	4,298	19,655	12,714
Professional fees	2,202	3,120	7,173	8,686
Data processing	2,916	2,856	8,157	8,334
Office maintenance and depreciation	863	934	2,538	2,651
Amortization of intangible assets	342	344	1,027	1,031
Advertising and promotion	1,172	684	2,511	1,998
Other	2,927	1,885	7,817	6,735
Total non-interest expense	37,877	31,886	101,216	94,336
Income before income taxes	16,739	18,088	43,508	47,721
Income tax expense (benefit)	4,259	4,893	11,109	12,527
Net income	12,480	13,195	32,399	35,194
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—
Net income attributable to Amalgamated Bank and subsidiaries	12,480	13,195	32,399	35,194
Earnings per common share - basic	0.40	0.41	1.04	1.11
Earnings per common share - diluted	0.40	0.41	1.04	1.09

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

**Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)**  
(Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Net income	\$ 12,480	\$ 13,195	\$ 32,399	\$ 35,194
Other comprehensive income, net of taxes:				
Change in total obligation for postretirement benefits, prior service credit, and other benefits	73	46	220	141
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities available for sale	11,086	4,300	16,545	26,190
Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax	11,159	4,346	16,765	26,331
Income tax benefit (expense)	(3,106)	(1,218)	(4,667)	(7,319)
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes	8,053	3,128	12,098	19,012
Total comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes	<u>\$ 20,533</u>	<u>\$ 16,323</u>	<u>\$ 44,497</u>	<u>\$ 54,206</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

**Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (unaudited)**  
(Dollars in thousands)

Three Months Ended September 30, 2020							
	Common Stock Class A	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Equity
<b>Balance as of June 30, 2020</b>	\$ 310	\$ 299,997	\$ 195,991	\$ 7,270	\$ 503,568	\$ 134	\$ 503,702
Net income	—	—	12,480	—	12,480	—	12,480
Cash dividend, \$0.08 per share	—	—	(2,515)	—	(2,515)	—	(2,515)
Redemption of AREMCO class B shares	—	—	(4)	—	(4)	(1)	(5)
Stock-based compensation expense	—	782	—	—	782	—	782
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes	—	—	—	8,053	8,053	—	8,053
<b>Balance at September 30, 2020</b>	\$ 310	\$ 300,779	\$ 205,952	\$ 15,323	\$ 522,364	\$ 133	\$ 522,497

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020							
	Common Stock Class A	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Equity
<b>Balance at December 31, 2019</b>	\$ 315	\$ 305,738	\$ 181,132	\$ 3,225	\$ 490,410	\$ 134	\$ 490,544
Net income	—	—	32,399	—	32,399	—	32,399
Cash dividend, \$0.24 per share	—	—	(7,575)	—	(7,575)	—	(7,575)
Redemption of AREMCO class B shares	—	—	(4)	—	(4)	(1)	(5)
Shares issued under stock-based incentive plan	—	16	—	—	16	—	16
Repurchase of shares	(5)	(6,996)	—	—	(7,001)	—	(7,001)
Exercise of stock options	—	(155)	—	—	(155)	—	(155)
Stock-based compensation expense	—	2,176	—	—	2,176	—	2,176
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes	—	—	—	12,098	12,098	—	12,098
<b>Balance at September 30, 2020</b>	\$ 310	\$ 300,779	\$ 205,952	\$ 15,323	\$ 522,364	\$ 133	\$ 522,497

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

**Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (unaudited)**  
(Dollars in thousands)

	Three months ended September 30, 2019						
	Common Stock Class A	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Equity
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 318	\$ 310,186	\$ 160,412	\$ 3,894	\$ 474,810	\$ 134	\$ 474,944
Net income	—	—	13,195	—	13,195	—	13,195
Cash dividend, \$0.06 per share	—	—	(1,923)	—	(1,923)	—	(1,923)
Repurchase of class A common stock	(3)	(3,760)	—	—	(3,763)	—	(3,763)
Exercise of stock options	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation expense	—	731	—	—	731	—	731
Other comprehensive income, net of taxes	—	—	—	3,128	3,128	—	3,128
<b>Balance at September 30, 2019</b>	<b>\$ 315</b>	<b>\$ 307,157</b>	<b>\$ 171,684</b>	<b>\$ 7,022</b>	<b>\$ 486,178</b>	<b>\$ 134</b>	<b>\$ 486,312</b>

	Nine months ended September 30, 2019						
	Common Stock Class A	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 318	\$ 308,678	\$ 142,231	\$ (11,990)	\$ 439,237	\$ 134	\$ 439,371
Net income	—	—	35,194	—	35,194	—	35,194
Cash dividend, \$0.18 per share	—	—	(5,741)	—	(5,741)	—	(5,741)
Repurchase of class A common stock	(3)	(3,760)	—	—	(3,763)	—	(3,763)
Exercise of stock options	—	527	—	—	527	—	527
Stock-based compensation expense	—	1,712	—	—	1,712	—	1,712
Other comprehensive income, net of taxes	—	—	—	19,012	19,012	—	19,012
<b>Balance at September 30, 2019</b>	<b>\$ 315</b>	<b>\$ 307,157</b>	<b>\$ 171,684</b>	<b>\$ 7,022</b>	<b>\$ 486,178</b>	<b>\$ 134</b>	<b>\$ 486,312</b>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)**  
**(Dollars in thousands)**

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net income	\$ 32,399	\$ 35,194
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	5,330	3,342
Amortization of intangible assets	1,027	1,031
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	(405)	3,820
Provision for (recovery of) loan losses	20,202	3,755
Stock-based compensation expense	2,176	1,712
Net amortization (accretion) on loan fees, costs, premiums, and discounts	1,906	734
Net amortization on securities	1,144	153
OTTI recognized in earnings	1	(1)
Net loss (income) from equity method investments	(5,586)	—
Net loss (gain) on sale of securities available for sale	(1,605)	135
Net loss (gain) on sale of loans	(1,200)	40
Net loss (gain) on sale of other real estate owned	482	564
Net loss (gain) on owned property held for sale	(1,394)	—
Net (gain) on redemption of bank-owned life insurance	(1,594)	—
Proceeds from sales of loans held for sale	80,553	16,929
Originations of loans held for sale	(105,450)	(16,484)
Decrease (increase) in cash surrender value of bank-owned life insurance	(1,128)	(1,160)
Decrease (increase) in accrued interest and dividends receivable	(3,650)	(1,545)
Decrease (increase) in other assets <sup>(1)</sup>	5,064	18,664
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses and other liabilities <sup>(2)</sup>	(8,896)	(14,080)
Net cash provided by operating activities	19,376	52,803
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Originations and purchases of loans, net of principal repayments	(137,972)	(377,421)
Proceeds from sales of loans	—	115,856
Purchase of securities available for sale	(587,991)	(402,707)
Purchase of securities held to maturity	(184,840)	(17,301)
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale	94,698	221,150
Maturities, principal payments and redemptions of securities available for sale	201,541	157,524
Maturities, principal payments and redemptions of securities held to maturity	35,662	113
Decrease (increase) in resell agreements	(103,222)	—
Purchase of equity method investments	(13,770)	—
Decrease (increase) of FHLB NY stock, net	3,105	(2,227)
Purchases of premises and equipment	(1,023)	(600)
Proceeds from redemption of bank-owned life insurance	2,934	—
Proceeds from sale of owned assets	1,613	—
Proceeds from sale of other real estate owned	20	208
Net cash used in investing activities	(689,245)	(305,405)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net increase (decrease) in deposits	1,380,018	217,073



**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)**  
**(Dollars in thousands)**

Net increase (decrease) in FHLB advances	(75,000)	34,900
Issuance of class A common stock	16	—
Redemption of AREMCO class B shares	(5)	—
Repurchase of shares	(7,001)	(3,763)
Cash dividend paid	(7,481)	(5,741)
Exercise of stock options	(155)	527
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,290,392	242,996
Increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	620,523	(9,606)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of year	122,538	80,845
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of year	\$ 743,061	\$ 71,239
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Interest paid during the year	\$ 9,600	\$ 14,352
Income taxes paid during the year	9,688	4,382
Supplemental non-cash investing activities:		
Initial recognition of Right-of-use lease asset	\$ —	\$ 55,813
Initial recognition of Operating leases liability	—	71,122
Loans transferred to other real estate owned	—	455
Purchase of securities available for sale, net not settled	(27,560)	—

(1) Includes \$10.4 million and \$5.8 million of right of use asset amortization for the respective periods

(2) Includes \$1.5 million and \$1.7 million accretion of operating lease liabilities for the respective periods

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

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**1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting and reporting policies of Amalgamated Bank (the “Bank”) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, or GAAP and predominant practices within the banking industry. The Bank uses the accrual basis of accounting for financial statement purposes.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Bank and its majority-owned and wholly-owned subsidiaries and have been prepared in accordance with instructions to Form 10-Q and therefore do not include all information and footnotes necessary for a fair presentation of financial position, results of operations, and cash flows in conformity with GAAP. All significant inter-company transactions and balances are eliminated in consolidation. In the opinion of the Bank’s management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial position and the results of operations for the interim periods presented have been included. A more detailed description of the Bank’s accounting policies is included in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 (the “2019 Annual Report”). During the second quarter of 2020, we adopted accounting policies for variable interest entities, for recognition of investment tax credits, and for resell agreements. Otherwise, there have been no significant changes to our accounting policies, or the estimates made pursuant to those policies as described in our 2019 Annual Report. These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes appearing in the 2019 Annual Report.

**Risks and Uncertainties**

The ongoing COVID-19 pandemic has caused and will continue to cause significant disruption in the international and United States economies and financial markets and has severely restricted the level of economic activity in our markets. The spread of COVID-19 has caused illness, quarantines, cancellation of events and travel, business and school shutdowns, reduction in business activity and financial transactions, supply chain interruptions and overall economic and financial market instability. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the governments of all of the states in which we have branch offices and of most other states took preventative or protective actions, such as imposing restrictions on travel and business operations, advising or requiring individuals to limit or forgo their time outside of their homes, restricting evictions of tenants, and ordering temporary closures of businesses that were deemed to be non-essential. These restrictions and other consequences of the pandemic have resulted in significant adverse effects for many different types of businesses, including, among others, those in the travel, hospitality and food and beverage industries, and in multi-family real estate, and have resulted in a significant number of layoffs and furloughs of employees nationwide and in the regions in which we operate. In addition, state governments where we operate have taken actions that specifically affect how banks conduct their businesses, such as requiring loan forbearances and limitations on charging ATM and overdraft fees. Although in various locations certain activity restrictions have been relaxed and businesses and schools have reopened with some level of success, in many states and localities the number of individuals diagnosed with COVID-19 has increased significantly, which may cause a freezing or, in certain cases, a reversal of previously announced relaxation of activity restrictions and may prompt the need for additional aid and other forms of relief.

The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is fluid and continues to evolve. The unprecedented and rapid spread of COVID-19 and its associated impacts on trade (including supply chains and export levels), travel, employee productivity, unemployment, consumer spending, and other economic activities has resulted in less economic activity, and significant volatility and disruption in financial markets. In addition, due to the COVID-19 pandemic, market interest rates have declined significantly. These reductions in interest rates and the other effects of the COVID-19 pandemic have had, and are expected to continue to have, possibly materially, an adverse effect on the Bank’s business, financial condition and results of operations. The ultimate extent of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Bank’s business, financial condition and results of operations is currently uncertain and will depend on various developments and other factors, including, among others, the duration and scope of the pandemic, as well as governmental, regulatory and private sector responses to the pandemic, and the associated impacts on the economy, financial markets and our customers, employees and vendors. In addition, it is reasonably possible that certain significant estimates made in the Bank’s financial statements could be materially and adversely impacted in the near term as a result of these conditions.

**Changes in Significant Accounting Policies**

The following are significant accounting policies adopted during the second quarter of 2020 and in effect for the third quarter of 2020:

## **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**

**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

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### **Variable Interest Entities**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of certain variable interest entities (“VIEs”). The Bank considers a voting rights entity to be a subsidiary and consolidates if the Bank has a controlling financial interest in the entity. VIEs are consolidated if the Bank has the power to direct the activities of the VIE that significantly impact financial performance and has the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits that could potentially be significant to the VIE (i.e., the Bank is the primary beneficiary).

Investments in VIEs where the Bank is not the primary beneficiary of a VIE are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. The determination of whether the Bank is the primary beneficiary of a VIE is reassessed on an ongoing basis. The consolidation status may change as a result of these reassessments.

These investments are included in Other Assets in the Bank’s Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. The maximum potential exposure to losses relative to investments in VIEs is generally limited to the sum of the outstanding balance, future funding commitments and any related loans to the entity, both funded and unfunded. Loans to these entities are underwritten in substantially the same manner as other loans and are generally secured. Additional disclosures regarding VIEs are further described in Note 14, Variable Interest Entities.

### **Investment Tax Credits**

The deferral method of accounting is used for investments that generate investment tax credits. Under this method, the investment tax credits are recognized as a reduction of the related asset.

### **Resell Agreements**

The Bank enters into short-term agreements for the purchase of government guaranteed loans with simultaneous agreements to resell (resell agreements). The Bank obtains possession of collateral with a market value equal to or in excess of the principal amount loaned under resell agreements.

### **Reclassifications**

The Bank made reclassifications of its residential 1-4 loans held for sale, previously disclosed in the prior period financial statements in other assets, to conform to the current presentation. Reclassifications are presented on the consolidated statements of financial condition and on the consolidated statements of cash flows. Reclassifications had no effect on the total assets of the Bank or on the net cash provided by operating activities of the Bank as reported on the prior period consolidated financial statements.

## **2. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

### *Accounting Standards Adopted in 2019*

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02 “Leases (Topic 842)”. The new lease accounting standard requires the recognition of a right of use asset and related lease liability by lessees for leases classified as operating leases under current GAAP. Topic 842, which replaces the current guidance under Topic 840, retains a distinction between finance leases and operating leases. The recognition, measurement, and presentation of expenses and cash flows arising from a lease by lessee does not significantly change from current GAAP. For leases with a term of 12 months or less, a lessee is permitted to make an accounting policy election by class of underlying asset not to recognize right of use assets and lease liabilities. The standard became effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. A modified retrospective transition approach must be applied for leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the consolidated financial statements. Transition accounting for leases that expired before the earliest comparative period presented is not required. The Bank elected the effective date transition method of applying the new leases standard at the beginning of the period of adoption on January 1, 2019. The standard provides several optional practical expedients in transition. The Bank elected the “package of practical expedients”, which permits the Bank not to reassess prior conclusions about lease identification, lease classification and initial direct costs and allows it to continue to account for leases that commenced prior to the adoption date as operating leases. The Bank analyzed all its significant leases to determine if a lease was in scope of the ASU and determined 15 facilities leases were in scope. Based on leases outstanding at December 31, 2018, the Bank recorded a \$71.1 million Operating leases liability and a \$55.8 million related Right-of-use asset upon commencement on January 1, 2019. The measurement of the Right-of-use asset included a \$15.3 million reduction to account for accrued rent previously established under Topic 840. The Bank has presented its Right-of-use asset and related Operating leases liability on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. Refer to Note 12 - Leases for further details.

### *Accounting Standards Adopted in 2020*

In June 2016, the FASB amended existing guidance for ASU 2017-04, “Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350)”, to simplify the subsequent measurement of goodwill. The amendment requires an entity to perform its annual, or interim, goodwill impairment test by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount and recognizing an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount of the reporting unit exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. The amendments also eliminate the requirement for any reporting unit with a zero or negative carrying amount to perform a qualitative assessment and, if it fails that qualitative test, to perform Step 2 of the goodwill impairment test. The amendments became effective for public business entities for annual or interim goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for interim or annual goodwill impairment tests performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017. The amendments should be applied prospectively. An entity is required to disclose the nature of and reason for the change in accounting principle upon transition in the first annual period and in the interim period within the first annual period when the entity initially adopts the amendments. As a result of the Bank’s acquisition of New Resource Bank (“NRB”) in the latter half of the second quarter of 2018, the Bank elected June 30, 2019 as the beginning date for annual impairment testing. The Bank adopted ASU 2017-04 during the second quarter of 2020 and performed its annual impairment test. The estimated fair value of the Bank was in excess of the carrying value and the Bank, as a sole reporting unit, was not at risk of failing the quantitative analysis. Adoption did not have an effect on the Bank’s operating results or financial condition. Refer to Note 13 - Goodwill and Intangible Assets for further details.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, “Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820)—Disclosure Framework—Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement”, which improves the effectiveness of fair value measurement disclosures. The amendments modify the disclosure requirements on fair value measurements in Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement as follows: removes disclosure requirements for the amount and reasons for transfer between Level 1 and Level 2 assets and liabilities in the fair value hierarchy; modifies disclosure requirements for transfers into and out of Level 3 assets and liabilities in the fair value hierarchy; adds disclosure requirements for the changes in unrealized gains and losses for the period included in other comprehensive income for recurring Level 3 fair value measurements and the range and weighted average of significant unobservable inputs used to develop Level 3 fair value measurements. The amendments in this update became effective for all entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Adoption of ASU 2018-13 did not have a material effect on the Bank’s operating results or financial condition.

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019

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### *Accounting Standards Effective in 2020 and onward*

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, “Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326) – Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments.” ASU 2016-13 significantly changes the impairment model for most financial assets that are measured at amortized cost and certain other instruments from an incurred loss model to an expected loss model and provides for recording credit losses on available for sale debt securities through an allowance account. ASU 2016-13 also requires certain incremental disclosures. In October 2019, the FASB voted to extend the adoption date for entities eligible to be smaller reporting companies, public business entities (PBEs) that are not SEC filers, and entities that are not PBEs from January 1, 2020 to January 1, 2023. Based on the Bank’s election as an Emerging Growth Company under the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards, the Bank currently anticipates a January 1, 2023 adoption date. In preparation, the Bank has performed work in assessing and enhancing its technology environment and related data needs and availability. Additionally, a Management Committee comprised of members from multiple departments has been established to monitor the Bank’s progress towards adoption. As adoption will require the implementation of significant changes to the existing credit loss estimation model and is dependent on the economic forecast, and given the length of time before our adoption date, evaluating the overall impact of the ASU on the Bank’s Consolidated Financial Statements is not yet determinable.

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

**3. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**

The Bank records unrealized gains and losses, net of taxes, on securities available for sale in other comprehensive income (loss) in the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity. Gains and losses on securities available for sale are reclassified to operations as the gains or losses are recognized. Other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") losses on debt securities are reflected in earnings as realized losses to the extent the impairment is related to credit losses. The amount of the impairment related to other factors is recognized in other comprehensive income (loss). The Bank also recognizes as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) the actuarial gains or losses as well as the prior service costs or credits that arise during the period from post-retirement benefit plans.

Other comprehensive income (loss) components and related income tax effects were as follows:

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Nine Months Ended</b>	
	<b>September 30,</b>		<b>September 30,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
<i>(In thousands)</i>				
Change in obligation for postretirement benefits and for prior service credit	\$ 55	\$ 53	\$ 165	\$ 164
Change in obligation for other benefits	18	(7)	55	(23)
Change in total obligation for postretirement benefits and for prior service credit and for other benefits	\$ 73	\$ 46	\$ 220	\$ 141
Income tax effect	(20)	(12)	(61)	(26)
Net change in total obligation for postretirement benefits and prior service credit and for other benefits	53	34	159	115
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on available for sale securities	\$ 11,706	\$ 4,250	\$ 18,149	\$ 26,056
Reclassification adjustment for losses (gains) realized in income	(620)	50	(1,604)	134
Change in unrealized gains (losses) on available for sale securities	11,086	4,300	16,545	26,190
Income tax effect	(3,086)	(1,206)	(4,606)	(7,293)
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on available for sale securities	8,000	3,094	11,939	18,897
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 8,053</b>	<b>\$ 3,128</b>	<b>\$ 12,098</b>	<b>\$ 19,012</b>

The following is a summary of the accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) balances, net of income taxes:

	<b>Balance as of</b>	<b>Current</b>	<b>Income Tax</b>	<b>Balance as of</b>
	<b>January 1,</b>	<b>Period</b>	<b>Effect</b>	<b>September 30,</b>
	<b>2020</b>	<b>Change</b>		<b>2020</b>
<i>(In thousands)</i>				
Unrealized gains (losses) on benefits plans	\$ (2,319)	\$ 220	\$ (61)	\$ (2,160)
Unrealized gains (losses) on available for sale securities	\$ 5,544	\$ 16,545	\$ (4,606)	\$ 17,483
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 3,225</b>	<b>\$ 16,765</b>	<b>\$ (4,667)</b>	<b>\$ 15,323</b>

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

The following represents the reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,		Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Income
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
<i>(In thousands)</i>					
Realized gains (losses) on sale of available for sale securities	\$ 619	\$ (50)	\$ 1,605	\$ (135)	Gain (loss) on sale of investment securities available for sale, net
Recognized gains (losses) on OTTI securities	—	—	(1)	1	Non-Interest Income - other
Income tax expense (benefit)	173	(14)	447	(38)	Income tax expense (benefit)
Total reclassifications, net of income tax	<u>\$ 446</u>	<u>\$ (36)</u>	<u>\$ 1,157</u>	<u>\$ (96)</u>	
Prior service credit on pension plans and other postretirement benefits	\$ 7	\$ 7	\$ 21	\$ 21	Compensation and employee benefits
Income tax expense (benefit)	(2)	(2)	(6)	(6)	Income tax expense (benefit)
Total reclassifications, net of income tax	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$ 15</u>	<u>\$ 15</u>	
Total reclassifications, net of income tax	<u>\$ 451</u>	<u>\$ (31)</u>	<u>\$ 1,172</u>	<u>\$ (81)</u>	

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

**4. INVESTMENT SECURITIES**

The amortized cost and fair value of investment securities available for sale and held to maturity as of September 30, 2020 are as follows:

	September 30, 2020			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
<i>(In thousands)</i>				
<b>Available for sale:</b>				
Mortgage-related:				
GSE residential certificates	\$ 15,565	\$ 350	\$ —	\$ 15,915
GSE CMOs	349,502	13,928	(28)	363,402
GSE commercial certificates & CMO	420,244	11,880	(540)	431,584
Non-GSE residential certificates	53,712	425	(13)	54,124
Non-GSE commercial certificates	45,190	24	(764)	44,450
	<u>884,213</u>	<u>26,607</u>	<u>(1,345)</u>	<u>909,475</u>
Other debt:				
U.S. Treasury	200	4	—	204
ABS	566,661	4,570	(4,830)	566,401
Trust preferred	14,626	—	(1,175)	13,451
Corporate	16,971	403	(5)	17,369
Other	—	—	—	—
	<u>598,458</u>	<u>4,977</u>	<u>(6,010)</u>	<u>597,425</u>
<b>Total available for sale</b>	<u>\$ 1,482,671</u>	<u>\$ 31,584</u>	<u>\$ (7,355)</u>	<u>\$ 1,506,900</u>
<b>Held to maturity:</b>				
Mortgage-related:				
GSE residential certificates	\$ 617	\$ 35	\$ —	\$ 652
Non GSE commercial certificates	225	—	—	225
	<u>842</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>877</u>
Other debt:				
PACE Assessments	367,393	11,256	—	378,649
Municipal	67,614	1,869	(151)	69,332
Other	5,100	—	(3)	5,097
	<u>440,107</u>	<u>13,125</u>	<u>(154)</u>	<u>453,078</u>
<b>Total held to maturity</b>	<u>\$ 440,949</u>	<u>\$ 13,160</u>	<u>\$ (154)</u>	<u>\$ 453,955</u>

As of September 30, 2020, available for sale securities with a fair value of \$976.6 million were pledged with no held-to-maturity securities being pledged. The majority of the securities were pledged to the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York (“FHLB”) to secure outstanding advances, letters of credit and to provide additional borrowing potential. In addition, securities were pledged to provide capacity to borrow from the Federal Reserve Bank and to collateralize municipal deposits.



**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

The amortized cost and fair value of investment securities available for sale and held to maturity as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

	December 31, 2019			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
<i>(In thousands)</i>				
<b>Available for sale:</b>				
Mortgage-related:				
GSE residential certificates	\$ 36,639	\$ 97	\$ (351)	\$ 36,385
GSE CMOs	277,512	5,350	(428)	282,434
GSE commercial certificates & CMO	250,357	4,003	(447)	253,913
Non-GSE residential certificates	58,643	459	(94)	59,008
Non-GSE commercial certificates	46,868	49	(43)	46,874
	<u>670,019</u>	<u>9,958</u>	<u>(1,363)</u>	<u>678,614</u>
Other debt:				
U.S. Treasury	199	—	—	199
ABS	524,289	1,634	(2,146)	523,777
Trust preferred	14,623	—	(726)	13,897
Corporate	7,957	326	—	8,283
Other	—	—	—	—
	<u>547,068</u>	<u>1,960</u>	<u>(2,872)</u>	<u>546,156</u>
<b>Total available for sale</b>	<u>\$ 1,217,087</u>	<u>\$ 11,918</u>	<u>\$ (4,235)</u>	<u>\$ 1,224,770</u>
<b>Held to maturity:</b>				
Mortgage-related:				
GSE residential certificates	\$ 635	\$ 23	\$ —	\$ 658
Non GSE commercial certificates	270	19	—	289
	<u>905</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>947</u>
Other debt:				
PACE Assessments	263,805	810	—	264,615
Municipal	22,894	598	(1,307)	22,185
Other	5,100	—	(10)	5,090
	<u>291,799</u>	<u>1,408</u>	<u>(1,317)</u>	<u>291,890</u>
<b>Total held to maturity</b>	<u>\$ 292,704</u>	<u>\$ 1,450</u>	<u>\$ (1,317)</u>	<u>\$ 292,837</u>

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

The following summarizes the amortized cost and fair value of debt securities available for sale and held to maturity, exclusive of mortgage-backed securities, by their contractual maturity as of September 30, 2020. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without penalty:

	Available for Sale		Held to Maturity	
	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
<i>(In thousands)</i>				
Due within one year	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,998
Due after one year through five years	21,830	22,240	3,100	3,099
Due after five years through ten years	207,968	205,305	10,526	10,484
Due after ten years	368,660	369,880	424,481	437,497
	<u>\$ 598,458</u>	<u>\$ 597,425</u>	<u>\$ 440,107</u>	<u>\$ 453,078</u>

Proceeds received and gains and losses realized on sales of securities are summarized below:

	Three Months Ended,		Nine Months Ended,	
	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019
<i>(In thousands)</i>				
Proceeds	<u>\$ 42,277</u>	<u>\$ 82,727</u>	<u>\$ 94,698</u>	<u>\$ 221,150</u>
Realized gains	\$ 856	\$ 638	\$ 2,111	\$ 1,687
Realized losses	(237)	(688)	(506)	(1,822)
Net realized gains (losses)	<u>\$ 619</u>	<u>\$ (50)</u>	<u>\$ 1,605</u>	<u>\$ (135)</u>

The Bank controls and monitors inherent credit risk in its securities portfolio through diversification, concentration limits, periodic securities reviews, and by investing a significant portion of the securities portfolio in U.S. Government sponsored entity (“GSE”) obligations. GSEs include the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (“FHLMC”), the Federal National Mortgage Association (“FNMA”), the Government National Mortgage Association (“GNMA”) and the Small Business Administration (“SBA”). GNMA is a wholly owned U.S. Government corporation whereas FHLMC and FNMA are private. Mortgage-related securities may include mortgage pass-through certificates, participation certificates and collateralized mortgage obligations (“CMOs”).

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

The following summarizes the fair value and unrealized losses for those available for sale securities as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, segregated between securities that have been in an unrealized loss position for less than twelve months and those that have been in a continuous unrealized loss position for twelve months or longer at the respective dates:

	September 30, 2020					
	Less Than Twelve Months		Twelve Months or Longer		Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
<i>(In thousands)</i>						
Mortgage-related:						
GSE residential certificates	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
GSE CMOs	3,996	(2)	13,238	(26)	17,234	(28)
GSE commercial certificates	186,947	(479)	26,521	(61)	213,468	(540)
Non-GSE residential certificates	5,783	(11)	4,376	(2)	10,159	(13)
Non-GSE commercial certificates	3,863	(137)	24,899	(627)	28,762	(764)
Other debt:						
ABS	143,182	(1,609)	235,045	(3,221)	378,227	(4,830)
Trust preferred	—	—	13,451	(1,175)	13,451	(1,175)
Corporate	1,005	(5)	—	—	1,005	(5)
	<u>\$ 344,776</u>	<u>\$ (2,243)</u>	<u>\$ 317,530</u>	<u>\$ (5,112)</u>	<u>\$ 662,306</u>	<u>\$ (7,355)</u>

	December 31, 2019					
	Less Than Twelve Months		Twelve Months or Longer		Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
<i>(In thousands)</i>						
Mortgage-related:						
GSE residential certificates	\$ 4,849	\$ (11)	\$ 18,620	\$ (340)	\$ 23,469	\$ (351)
GSE CMOs	43,794	(118)	23,995	(310)	67,789	(428)
GSE commercial certificates	59,615	(428)	14,001	(19)	73,616	(447)
Non-GSE residential certificates	2,836	(11)	13,537	(83)	16,373	(94)
Non-GSE commercial certificates	19,276	(25)	7,048	(18)	26,324	(43)
Other debt:						
ABS	95,095	(218)	191,650	(1,928)	286,745	(2,146)
Trust preferred	—	—	13,897	(726)	13,897	(726)
Corporate	—	—	—	—	—	—
	<u>\$ 225,465</u>	<u>\$ (811)</u>	<u>\$ 282,748</u>	<u>\$ (3,424)</u>	<u>\$ 508,213</u>	<u>\$ (4,235)</u>

The temporary impairment of fixed income securities is primarily attributable to changes in overall market interest rates and/or changes in credit spreads since the investments were acquired. In general, as market interest rates rise and/or credit spreads widen, the fair value of fixed rate securities will decrease, as market interest rates fall and/or credit spreads tighten, the fair value of fixed rate securities will increase.

As of September 30, 2020, excluding GSE and U.S. Treasury securities, temporarily impaired securities totaled \$479.5 million with an unrealized loss of \$6.9 million. With the exception of \$2.0 million which were not rated, the remaining securities were rated investment grade by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization with no ratings below investment grade. All issues were current as to their interest payments. Management considers that the temporary impairment of these investments as of September 30, 2020 is primarily due to an increase in market spreads since the time these investments were acquired.

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019

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With respect to the Bank's security investments that are temporarily impaired as of September 30, 2020, management does not intend to sell these investments and does not believe it will be necessary to do so before anticipated recovery. The Bank expects to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of these investments. Therefore, the Bank does not consider these securities to be other-than-temporarily impaired at September 30, 2020. None of these positions or other securities held in the portfolio or sold during the year were purchased with the intent of selling them or would otherwise be classified as trading securities under ASC No. 320, Investments – Debt and Equity Securities.

During the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Bank recorded an OTTI recovery of \$252, compared to no OTTI loss for the same period in 2019. For the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Bank recorded an OTTI loss of \$893, compared to an OTTI recovery of \$1,200 for the same period in 2019.

Events which may cause material declines in the fair value of debt investments may include, but are not limited to, deterioration of credit metrics, higher incidences of default, worsening liquidity, worsening global or domestic economic conditions or adverse regulatory action. Management does not believe that there are any cases of unrecorded OTTI as of September 30, 2020; however, it is possible that the Bank may recognize OTTI in future periods.

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

**5. LOANS RECEIVABLE, NET**

Loans receivable are summarized as follows:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>September 30, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Commercial and industrial	\$ 660,914	\$ 474,342
Multifamily	974,962	976,380
Commercial real estate	388,757	421,947
Construction and land development	61,687	62,271
Total commercial portfolio	2,086,320	1,934,940
Residential real estate lending	1,329,021	1,366,473
Consumer and other	179,507	163,077
Total retail portfolio	1,508,528	1,529,550
	3,594,848	3,464,490
Net deferred loan origination costs (fees)	7,604	8,124
	3,602,452	3,472,614
Allowance for loan losses	(48,072)	(33,847)
	<u>\$ 3,554,380</u>	<u>\$ 3,438,767</u>

The Bank had \$28.7 million and \$2.3 million in residential 1-4 family mortgages held-for-sale at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, mortgage loans with an unpaid principal balance of \$1.2 billion and \$1.1 billion, respectively, were pledged to the FHLB to secure outstanding advances, letters of credit and borrowing capacity.

There were no related party loans outstanding as of September 30, 2020 and one related party loan outstanding as of December 31, 2019, with a total principal balance of \$0.6 million.

The following table presents information regarding the quality of the Bank's loans as of September 30, 2020:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>30-89 Days Past Due (2)</b>	<b>Non- Accrual</b>	<b>90 Days or More Delinquent and Still Accruing Interest (1)</b>	<b>Total Past Due</b>	<b>Current and Not Accruing Interest</b>	<b>Current</b>	<b>Total Loans Receivable</b>
Commercial and industrial	\$ 1,985	\$ 25,785	\$ 1,404	\$ 29,174	\$ —	\$ 631,740	\$ 660,914
Multifamily	4,504	—	—	4,504	—	970,458	974,962
Commercial real estate	1,120	3,500	—	4,620	—	384,137	388,757
Construction and land development	—	10,688	8,118	18,806	—	42,881	61,687
Total commercial portfolio	7,609	39,973	9,522	57,104	—	2,029,216	2,086,320
Residential real estate lending	9,718	9,372	—	19,090	378	1,309,553	1,329,021
Consumer and other	1,320	1,098	—	2,418	—	177,089	179,507
Total retail portfolio	11,038	10,470	—	21,508	378	1,486,642	1,508,528
	<u>\$ 18,647</u>	<u>\$ 50,443</u>	<u>\$ 9,522</u>	<u>\$ 78,612</u>	<u>\$ 378</u>	<u>\$ 3,515,858</u>	<u>\$ 3,594,848</u>

(1) \$8.1 million of construction and land development loans were fully paid off in the first week of October, 2020.

(2) There were no loans in the process of obtaining a COVID-19 related deferral as of September 30, 2020.

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

The following table presents information regarding the quality of the Bank's loans as of December 31, 2019:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	30-89 Days Past Due	Non- Accrual	90 Days or More Delinquent and Still Accruing Interest	Total Past Due	Current and Not Accruing Interest	Current	Total Loans Receivable
Commercial and industrial	\$ 3,970	\$ 781	\$ 22	\$ 4,773	\$ 14,783	\$ 454,786	\$ 474,342
Multifamily	—	—	—	—	—	976,380	976,380
Commercial real estate	1,020	3,693	—	4,713	—	417,234	421,947
Construction and land development	2,635	3,652	—	6,287	—	55,984	62,271
Total commercial portfolio	7,625	8,126	22	15,773	14,783	1,904,384	1,934,940
Residential real estate lending	17,817	7,384	424	25,625	390	1,340,458	1,366,473
Consumer and other	1,782	328	—	2,110	—	160,967	163,077
Total retail portfolio	19,599	7,712	424	27,735	390	1,501,425	1,529,550
	<u>\$ 27,224</u>	<u>\$ 15,838</u>	<u>\$ 446</u>	<u>\$ 43,508</u>	<u>\$ 15,173</u>	<u>\$ 3,405,809</u>	<u>\$ 3,464,490</u>

In general, a modification or restructuring of a loan constitutes a troubled debt restructuring ("TDR") if the Bank grants a concession to a borrower experiencing financial difficulty. Loans modified as TDRs are placed on non-accrual status until the Bank determines that future collection of principal and interest is reasonably assured, which generally requires that the borrower demonstrate performance according to the restructured terms for a period of at least six months. The Bank's TDRs primarily involve rate reductions, forbearance of arrears or extension of maturity. TDRs are included in total impaired loans as of the respective date. For a loan modification to be considered a TDR in accordance with ASC 310-40, both of the following conditions must be met: the borrower is experiencing financial difficulty, and the creditor has granted a concession (except for an "insignificant delay in payment", defined as 6 months or less).

On March 22, 2020, federal banking regulators issued an interagency statement that included guidance on their approach for the accounting of loan modifications in light of the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. The guidance interprets current accounting standards and indicates that a lender can conclude that a borrower is not experiencing financial difficulty if short-term modifications are made in response to COVID-19, such as payment deferrals, fee waivers, extensions of repayment terms, or other delays in payment that are insignificant related to the loans in which the borrower is less than 30 days past due on its contractual payments at the time a modification program is implemented. The agencies confirmed in working with the staff of the FASB that short-term modifications made on a good faith basis in response to COVID-19 to borrowers who were current prior to any relief are not TDRs.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the "CARES" Act) was enacted to help the nation's economy recover from the COVID-19 pandemic. The CARES Act provides \$2.2 trillion of economy-wide financial stimulus in the form of financial aid to individuals, businesses, nonprofit entities, states, and municipalities. Under Section 4022 of the CARES Act, a borrower with a federally backed mortgage loan that is experiencing a financial hardship due to COVID-19 may request a forbearance (i.e., payment deferral), regardless of delinquency status, for up to 180 days, which may be extended for an additional 180 days at the borrower's request. Such relief will be available until the earlier of December 31, 2020 and the date of termination of the national emergency declaration. During this period, no fees, penalties, or interest beyond those scheduled or calculated as if the borrower had made all contractual payments on time and in full will accrue. In addition, Section 4013 of the CARES Act provides temporary relief from the accounting and reporting requirements for TDRs regarding certain loan modifications related to COVID-19. Specifically, the CARES Act provides that a financial institution may elect to suspend the requirements under GAAP for certain loan modifications that would otherwise be categorized as a TDR. Modifications that qualify for this exception include a forbearance arrangement, an interest rate modification, a repayment plan, or any other similar arrangement that defers or delays the payment of principal or interest, that occurs for a loan that was not more than 30 days past due as of December 31, 2019.

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

As of September 30, 2020, the Bank had \$293.0 million of loan balances that were either on a COVID-19 related payment deferral or in the process of receiving a payment deferral. Generally, these loans were not reported as delinquent and the credit was not downgraded to Special Mention or Substandard solely due to the payment deferral. Loan balances of \$3.3 million had a payment deferral or were in the process of receiving a payment deferral and are reported as special mention or substandard at September 30, 2020.

Of the loans on payment deferral, \$62.6 million in loans are receiving a 90-day deferral of principal and interest and \$2.4 million are receiving a 90-day deferral of principal only. \$228.0 million in loans are receiving a 180-day deferral, of which \$82.5 million, \$10.0 million, and \$135.5 million in loans are receiving a deferral for principal and interest, interest only, and principal only, respectively.

All loans on payment deferral are receiving a 90-day deferral of principal and interest with the exception of \$2.4 million in commercial loans that are receiving a deferral of principal only. As of September 30, 2020, loan balances of \$82.6 million have received 180 days of principal and interest payment deferral and loan balances of \$135.6 million have received 180 days of principal payment deferral.

The following table presents information regarding the Bank's COVID-19 related loan deferrals as of September 30, 2020:

<i>(In thousands, rounded)</i>	<b>Portfolio Balance Outstanding</b>	<b>Balance in Deferral</b>	<b>Balance in Process of Deferral</b>	<b>Total Deferred Loans</b>	<b>Total Deferrals as % of Portfolio</b>
Commercial and industrial	\$ 661,000	\$ 5,000	\$ —	\$ 5,000	1%
Multifamily	975,000	124,000	—	124,000	13%
Commercial real estate, construction and land development	450,000	97,000	—	97,000	22%
Total commercial portfolio	2,086,000	226,000	—	226,000	11%
Residential real estate lending	1,329,000	63,000	—	63,000	5%
Consumer and other	180,000	4,000	—	4,000	2%
Total retail portfolio	1,509,000	67,000	—	67,000	4%
Totals	<u>\$ 3,595,000</u>	<u>\$ 293,000</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 293,000</u>	<u>8%</u>

The following table presents information regarding the Bank's TDRs as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>September 30, 2020</b>			<b>December 31, 2019</b>		
	<b>Accruing</b>	<b>Non- Accrual</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Accruing</b>	<b>Non- Accrual</b>	<b>Total</b>
Commercial and industrial	\$ 1,675	\$ 23,929	\$ 25,604	\$ 8,984	\$ 14,783	\$ 23,767
Commercial real estate	—	3,500	3,500	5,114	3,693	8,807
Construction and land development	—	2,682	2,682	—	3,652	3,652
Residential real estate lending	18,244	3,195	21,439	20,269	2,891	23,160
	<u>\$ 19,919</u>	<u>\$ 33,306</u>	<u>\$ 53,225</u>	<u>\$ 34,367</u>	<u>\$ 25,019</u>	<u>\$ 59,386</u>

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

The following tables summarize the Bank's loan portfolio by credit quality indicator as of September 30, 2020:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>Pass</b>	<b>Special Mention</b>	<b>Substandard</b>	<b>Doubtful</b>	<b>Total</b>
Commercial and industrial	\$ 608,099	\$ 17,107	\$ 35,244	\$ 464	\$ 660,914
Multifamily	963,834	6,022	5,106	—	974,962
Commercial real estate	383,087	1,439	4,231	—	388,757
Construction and land development	40,531	10,468	10,688	—	61,687
Residential real estate lending	1,319,649	—	9,372	—	1,329,021
Consumer and other	178,409	—	1,098	—	179,507
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ 3,493,609</b>	<b>\$ 35,036</b>	<b>\$ 65,739</b>	<b>\$ 464</b>	<b>\$ 3,594,848</b>

As of September 30, 2020, no COVID-19 related loan deferrals were graded as criticized solely on the basis of the deferral request.

Of the \$293.0 million deferred loans, \$289.7 million are rated a credit quality of pass, and \$3.3 million of loans are rated special mention.

The following tables summarize the Bank's loan portfolio by credit quality indicator as of December 31, 2019:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>Pass</b>	<b>Special Mention</b>	<b>Substandard</b>	<b>Doubtful</b>	<b>Total</b>
Commercial and industrial	\$ 427,279	\$ 14,445	\$ 32,151	\$ 467	\$ 474,342
Multifamily	976,380	—	—	—	976,380
Commercial real estate	418,254	—	3,693	—	421,947
Construction and land development	58,619	—	3,652	—	62,271
Residential real estate lending	1,359,089	—	7,384	—	1,366,473
Consumer and other	162,749	—	328	—	163,077
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ 3,402,370</b>	<b>\$ 14,445</b>	<b>\$ 47,208</b>	<b>\$ 467</b>	<b>\$ 3,464,490</b>

The above classifications follow regulatory guidelines and can be generally described as follows:

- pass loans are of satisfactory quality;
- special mention loans have a potential weakness or risk that may result in the deterioration of future repayment;
- substandard loans are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the borrower or of the collateral pledged (these loans have a well-defined weakness, and there is a distinct possibility that the Bank will sustain some loss); and
- doubtful loans, based on existing circumstances, have weaknesses that make collection or liquidation in full highly questionable and improbable.

In addition, residential loans are classified utilizing an inter-agency methodology that incorporates the extent of delinquency. Assigned risk rating grades are continuously updated as new information is obtained.



**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

The following table provides information regarding the methods used to evaluate the Bank's loans for impairment by portfolio, and the Bank's allowance by portfolio based upon the method of evaluating loan impairment as of September 30, 2020:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>Commercial and Industrial</b>	<b>Multifamily</b>	<b>Commercial Real Estate</b>	<b>Construction and Land Development</b>	<b>Residential Real Estate Lending</b>	<b>Consumer and Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Loans:</b>							
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 28,512	\$ —	\$ 3,500	\$ 10,688	\$ 36,085	\$ —	\$ 78,785
Collectively evaluated for impairment	632,402	974,962	385,257	50,999	1,292,936	179,507	3,516,063
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ 660,914</b>	<b>\$ 974,962</b>	<b>\$ 388,757</b>	<b>\$ 61,687</b>	<b>\$ 1,329,021</b>	<b>\$ 179,507</b>	<b>\$ 3,594,848</b>
<b>Allowance for loan losses:</b>							
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 11,555	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,178	\$ —	\$ 12,733
Collectively evaluated for impairment	5,134	8,445	4,351	1,717	14,059	1,633	35,339
<b>Total allowance for loan losses</b>	<b>\$ 16,689</b>	<b>\$ 8,445</b>	<b>\$ 4,351</b>	<b>\$ 1,717</b>	<b>\$ 15,237</b>	<b>\$ 1,633</b>	<b>\$ 48,072</b>

The following table provides information regarding the methods used to evaluate the Bank's loans for impairment by portfolio, and the Bank's allowance by portfolio based upon the method of evaluating loan impairment as of December 31, 2019:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>Commercial and Industrial</b>	<b>Multifamily</b>	<b>Commercial Real Estate</b>	<b>Construction and Land Development</b>	<b>Residential Real Estate Lending</b>	<b>Consumer and Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Loans:</b>							
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 24,870	\$ —	\$ 8,807	\$ 3,652	\$ 28,043	\$ —	\$ 65,372
Collectively evaluated for impairment	449,472	976,380	413,140	58,619	1,338,430	163,077	3,399,118
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ 474,342</b>	<b>\$ 976,380</b>	<b>\$ 421,947</b>	<b>\$ 62,271</b>	<b>\$ 1,366,473</b>	<b>\$ 163,077</b>	<b>\$ 3,464,490</b>
<b>Allowance for loan losses:</b>							
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 6,144	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,325	\$ —	\$ 7,469
Collectively evaluated for impairment	4,982	5,210	2,492	808	12,824	62	26,378
<b>Total allowance for loan losses</b>	<b>\$ 11,126</b>	<b>\$ 5,210</b>	<b>\$ 2,492</b>	<b>\$ 808</b>	<b>\$ 14,149</b>	<b>\$ 62</b>	<b>\$ 33,847</b>

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

The activities in the allowance by portfolio for the three months ended September 30, 2020 are as follows:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>Commercial and Industrial</b>	<b>Multifamily</b>	<b>Commercial Real Estate</b>	<b>Construction and Land Development</b>	<b>Residential Real Estate Lending</b>	<b>Consumer and Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
Allowance for loan losses:							
Beginning balance	\$ 15,444	\$ 7,063	\$ 5,977	\$ 3,276	\$ 16,440	\$ 1,810	\$ 50,010
Provision for (recovery of) loan losses	1,322	1,382	2,161	(590)	(1,134)	253	3,394
Charge-offs	(78)	—	(3,787)	(970)	(188)	(515)	(5,538)
Recoveries	1	—	—	1	119	85	206
Ending Balance	\$ 16,689	\$ 8,445	\$ 4,351	\$ 1,717	\$ 15,237	\$ 1,633	\$ 48,072

The activities in the allowance by portfolio for the three months ended September 30, 2019 are as follows:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>Commercial and Industrial</b>	<b>Multifamily</b>	<b>Commercial Real Estate</b>	<b>Construction and Land Development</b>	<b>Residential Real Estate Lending</b>	<b>Consumer and Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
Allowance for loan losses:							
Beginning balance	\$ 10,238	\$ 5,109	\$ 2,942	\$ 1,088	\$ 13,391	\$ 862	\$ 33,630
Provision for (recovery of) loan losses	(1,712)	688	160	(311)	913	(296)	(558)
Charge-offs	(844)	—	—	—	(425)	(329)	(1,598)
Recoveries	1,688	—	—	—	506	29	2,223
Ending Balance	\$ 9,370	\$ 5,797	\$ 3,102	\$ 777	\$ 14,385	\$ 266	\$ 33,697

The activities in the allowance by portfolio for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 are as follows:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>Commercial and Industrial</b>	<b>Multifamily</b>	<b>Commercial Real Estate</b>	<b>Construction and Land Development</b>	<b>Residential Real Estate Lending</b>	<b>Consumer and Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
Allowance for loan losses:							
Beginning balance	\$ 11,126	\$ 5,210	\$ 2,492	\$ 808	\$ 14,149	\$ 62	\$ 33,847
Provision for (recovery of) loan losses	5,638	3,235	5,646	1,878	1,058	2,747	20,202
Charge-offs	(79)	—	(3,787)	(970)	(452)	(1,306)	(6,594)
Recoveries	4	—	—	1	482	130	617
Ending Balance	\$ 16,689	\$ 8,445	\$ 4,351	\$ 1,717	\$ 15,237	\$ 1,633	\$ 48,072

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

The activities in the allowance by portfolio for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 are as follows:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>Commercial and Industrial</b>	<b>Multifamily</b>	<b>Commercial Real Estate</b>	<b>Construction and Land Development</b>	<b>Residential Real Estate Lending</b>	<b>Consumer and Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
Allowance for loan losses:							
Beginning balance	\$ 16,046	\$ 4,736	\$ 2,573	\$ 1,089	\$ 11,987	\$ 764	\$ 37,195
Provision for (recovery of) loan losses	866	1,061	529	(312)	1,704	(93)	3,755
Charge-offs	(9,236)	—	—	—	(564)	(514)	(10,314)
Recoveries	1,694	—	—	—	1,258	109	3,061
Ending Balance	<u>\$ 9,370</u>	<u>\$ 5,797</u>	<u>\$ 3,102</u>	<u>\$ 777</u>	<u>\$ 14,385</u>	<u>\$ 266</u>	<u>\$ 33,697</u>

The following is additional information regarding the Bank's individually impaired loans and the allowance related to such loans as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>September 30, 2020</b>			
	<b>Recorded Investment</b>	<b>Average Recorded Investment</b>	<b>Unpaid Principal Balance</b>	<b>Related Allowance</b>
Loans without a related allowance:				
Residential real estate lending	\$ 14,431	\$ 9,464	\$ 15,010	\$ —
Construction and land development	10,688	7,170	14,522	—
Commercial real estate	3,500	6,154	3,830	—
	<u>28,619</u>	<u>22,788</u>	<u>33,362</u>	<u>—</u>
Loans with a related allowance:				
Residential real estate lending	21,654	22,601	25,692	1,178
Construction and land development	—	—	—	—
Commercial real estate mortgages	—	—	—	—
Commercial and industrial	28,512	26,691	33,850	11,555
	<u>50,166</u>	<u>49,292</u>	<u>59,542</u>	<u>12,733</u>
Total individually impaired loans:				
Residential real estate lending	36,085	32,065	40,702	1,178
Construction and land development	10,688	7,170	14,522	—
Commercial real estate	3,500	6,154	3,830	—
Commercial and industrial	28,512	26,691	33,850	11,555
	<u>\$ 78,785</u>	<u>\$ 72,080</u>	<u>\$ 92,904</u>	<u>\$ 12,733</u>

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

<i>(In thousands)</i>	December 31, 2019			
	Recorded Investment	Average Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance
Loans without a related allowance:				
Residential real estate lending	\$ 4,496	\$ 4,397	\$ 4,558	\$ —
Construction and land development	3,652	3,652	3,702	—
Commercial real estate	8,807	11,921	9,137	—
	16,955	19,970	17,397	—
Loans with a related allowance:				
Residential real estate lending	23,547	25,206	27,288	1,325
Commercial and industrial	24,870	18,512	29,534	6,144
	48,417	43,718	56,822	7,469
Total individually impaired loans:				
Residential real estate lending	28,043	29,603	31,846	1,325
Construction and land development	3,652	3,652	3,702	—
Commercial real estate	8,807	11,921	9,137	—
Commercial and industrial	24,870	18,512	29,534	6,144
	\$ 65,372	\$ 63,688	\$ 74,219	\$ 7,469

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

**6. DEPOSITS**

Deposits are summarized as follows:

	September 30, 2020		December 31, 2019	
	Amount	Average Rate	Amount	Average Rate
<i>(In thousands)</i>				
Non-interest bearing demand deposit accounts	\$ 3,357,715	0.00 %	\$ 2,179,247	0.00 %
NOW accounts	192,066	0.06 %	230,919	0.38 %
Money market deposit accounts	1,853,373	0.13 %	1,508,674	0.37 %
Savings accounts	339,516	0.12 %	328,587	0.19 %
Time deposits	278,330	0.86 %	393,555	1.29 %
	<u>\$ 6,021,000</u>	<u>0.09 %</u>	<u>\$ 4,640,982</u>	<u>0.26 %</u>

Note: Average rate reflects the weighted average interest rate by deposit category at the related period end date. Average rate for total deposits includes non-interest bearing demand deposit accounts.

The scheduled maturities of time deposits are as follows:

	September 30, 2020
<i>(In thousands)</i>	
2020	\$ 98,897
2021	146,900
2022	23,830
2023	5,228
2024	2,688
Thereafter	787
	<u>\$ 278,330</u>

Time deposits of \$250,000 or more totaled \$29.0 million as of September 30, 2020 and \$63.1 million as of December 31, 2019.

From time to time the Bank will issue time deposits through the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service ("CDARS") for the purpose of providing FDIC insurance to bank customers with balances in excess of FDIC insurance limits. CDARS deposits totaled approximately \$131.1 million and \$192.0 million as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, and are included in Time deposits above. The average balance of such deposits was approximately \$152.4 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2020 and \$190.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Our total deposits included deposits from Workers United and its related entities in the amounts of \$100.6 million as of September 30, 2020 and \$86.9 million as of December 31, 2019.

Included in total deposits are state and municipal deposits totaling \$33.7 million and \$100.4 million as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. Such deposits are secured by letters of credit issued by the FHLB or by securities pledged with the FHLB.

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

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**7. BORROWED FUNDS**

Borrowed funds are summarized as follows:

	September 30, 2020		December 31, 2019	
	Amount	Weighted Average Rate	Amount	Weighted Average Rate
<i>(In thousands)</i>				
FHLB advances	\$ —	— %	\$ 75,000	1.84 %

FHLB advances are collateralized by the FHLB stock owned by the Bank plus a pledge of other eligible assets comprised of securities and mortgage loans. Assets are pledged to collateral capacity. As of September 30, 2020, the value of the other eligible assets had an estimated market value net of haircut totaling \$1.7 billion (comprised of securities of \$680.0 million and mortgage loans of \$1.0 billion). The fair value of assets pledged to the FHLB is required to be not less than 110% of the outstanding advances.

The Bank has no significant categories of borrowed funds as of September 30, 2020.

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

**8. EARNINGS PER SHARE**

The two-class method is used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share. Under the two-class method, earnings available to common stockholders for the period are allocated between common stockholders and participating securities according to participation rights in undistributed earnings. Our options and restricted stock units are not considered participating securities as they do not receive dividend distributions and the Bank has no other participating securities. The factors used in the earnings per share computation follow:

	<b>Three Months Ended September 30,</b>		<b>Nine Months Ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
<i>(In thousands, except per share amounts)</i>				
Net income attributable to Amalgamated Bank	\$ 12,480	\$ 13,195	\$ 32,399	\$ 35,194
Dividends paid on preferred stock	—	—	—	—
Income attributable to common stock	\$ 12,480	\$ 13,195	\$ 32,399	\$ 35,194
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic	31,050	31,809	31,161	31,802
Basic earnings per common share	<b>\$ 0.40</b>	<b>\$ 0.41</b>	<b>\$ 1.04</b>	<b>\$ 1.11</b>
Income attributable to common stock	\$ 12,480	\$ 13,195	\$ 32,399	\$ 35,194
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic	31,050	31,809	31,161	31,802
Incremental shares from assumed conversion of options and RSUs	25	367	79	449
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	31,075	32,176	31,240	32,251
Diluted earnings per common share	<b>\$ 0.40</b>	<b>\$ 0.41</b>	<b>\$ 1.04</b>	<b>\$ 1.09</b>

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

**9. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS**

**Long Term Incentive Plans**

**Stock Options:**

The Bank does not currently maintain an active stock option plan that is available for issuing new options.

A summary of the status of the Bank's options as of September 30, 2020 follows:

	<b>Number of Options</b>	<b>Weighted Avg. Exercise Price</b>	<b>Weighted Avg. Remaining Life</b>	<b>Intrinsic Value</b>
Outstanding, December 31, 2019	2,051,020	\$ 13.06	6.6 years	
Granted	—	—	—	
Forfeited/ Expired	(8,768)	14.65	—	
Exercised	(11,220)	13.75	—	
Outstanding, September 30, 2020	2,031,032	13.05	5.9 years	\$ —
Vested and Exercisable, September 30, 2020	1,862,404	\$ 12.91	5.8 years	\$ —

The range of exercise prices is \$11.00 to \$14.65 per share.

Compensation costs attributable to the options were \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Compensation costs attributable to the options were \$0.5 million and \$1.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. All amounts are recorded within the Consolidated Statements of Income. Of the unvested portion of the options, the remaining expense of \$0.2 million will be recognized in the remaining three months of 2020.

**Restricted Stock Units:**

The Amalgamated Bank 2019 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Equity Plan") provides for the grant of stock-based incentive awards to employees and directors of the Bank. The number of shares of common stock of the Bank available for stock-based awards in the Equity Plan is 1,250,000 of which 806,293 shares are available for issuance as of September 30, 2020.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Bank granted 168,429 RSUs to employees under the Equity Plan and reserved 205,770 shares for issuance upon vesting assuming the Bank's employees achieve the maximum share payout.

Of the 168,429 RSUs granted to employees, 93,747 RSUs time-vest ratably over three years and were granted at a fair value of \$13.82 per share and 74,682 RSUs were performance-based and are more fully described below:

- The Bank granted 38,321 performance-based RSUs at a fair value of \$14.45 per share which vest subject to the achievement of the Bank's corporate goals for the three-year period from December 31, 2019 to December 31, 2022. The corporate goal is based on the Bank achieving a target increase in Tangible Book Value, adjusted for certain factors. The minimum and maximum awards that are achievable are 0 and 57,482 shares, respectively.
- The Bank granted 36,361 market-based RSUs at a fair value of \$15.23 per share which vest subject to the Bank's relative total shareholder return compared to a group of peer banks over a three-year period from March 9, 2020 to March 8, 2023. The minimum and maximum awards that are achievable are 0 and 54,542 shares, respectively.



**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

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A summary of the status of the Bank's employee RSUs as of September 30, 2020 follows:

	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Grant Date Fair Value</u>
Unvested, December 31, 2019	189,999	\$ 17.81
Awarded	168,429	14.35
Forfeited	(28,106)	17.67
Vested	(39,542)	17.67
Unvested, September 30, 2020	290,780	\$ 15.99

Of the 290,780 unvested RSUs on September 30, 2020, the minimum units that will vest, solely due to a service test, are 160,876. The maximum units that will vest, assuming the highest payout on performance and market-based units, are 355,732.

Compensation expense attributable to the employee RSUs was \$0.5 million and \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Compensation expense attributable to the employee RSUs was \$1.3 million and \$0.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. As of September 30, 2020, there was \$3.8 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to the non-vested RSUs granted to employees. This expense may increase or decrease depending on the expected number of performance-based shares to be issued. This expense is expected to be recognized over 2.1 years.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Bank granted 26,642 RSUs to directors under the Equity Plan that vest after one year. The Bank recorded an expense of \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The Bank recorded an expense of \$0.4 million and \$0.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. As of September 30, 2020, there was \$0.2 million of total unrecognized cost related to the non-vested RSUs granted to directors.

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

**10. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Assumptions are developed based on prioritizing information within a fair value hierarchy that gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets and the lowest priority to unobservable data. A description of the disclosure hierarchy and the types of financial instruments recorded at fair value that management believes would generally qualify for each category are as follows:

Level 1 - Valuations are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Accordingly, valuation of these assets and liabilities does not entail a significant degree of judgment. Examples include most U.S. Government securities and exchange-traded equity securities.

Level 2 - Valuations are based on either quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active or significant inputs to the methodology that are observable, either directly or indirectly. Financial instruments in this level would generally include mortgage-related securities and other debt issued by GSEs, non-GSE mortgage-related securities, corporate debt, certain redeemable fund investments and certain trust preferred securities.

Level 3 - Valuations are based on inputs to the methodology that are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. These inputs reflect management's own judgments about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the assets and liabilities.

The following summarizes those financial instruments measured at fair value in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition categorized by the relevant class of investment and level of the fair value hierarchy:

	<b>September 30, 2020</b>			
	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	<b>Total</b>
<i>(In thousands)</i>				
<b>Available for sale securities:</b>				
Mortgage-related:				
GSE residential certificates	\$ —	\$ 15,915	\$ —	\$ 15,915
GSE CMOs	—	363,402	—	363,402
GSE commercial certificates & CMO	—	431,584	—	431,584
Non-GSE residential certificates	—	54,124	—	54,124
Non-GSE commercial certificates	—	44,450	—	44,450
Other debt:				
U.S. Treasury	204	—	—	204
ABS	—	566,401	—	566,401
Trust preferred	—	13,451	—	13,451
Corporate	—	17,369	—	17,369
Other	—	—	—	—
<b>Total assets carried at fair value</b>	<b>\$ 204</b>	<b>\$ 1,506,696</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 1,506,900</b>

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

	December 31, 2019			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<i>(In thousands)</i>				
<b>Available for sale securities:</b>				
Mortgage-related:				
GSE residential certificates	\$ —	\$ 36,385	\$ —	\$ 36,385
GSE CMOs	—	282,434	—	282,434
GSE commercial certificates	—	253,913	—	253,913
Non-GSE residential certificates	—	59,008	—	59,008
Non-GSE commercial certificates	—	46,874	—	46,874
Other debt:				
U.S. Treasury	199	—	—	199
ABS	—	523,777	—	523,777
Trust preferred	—	13,897	—	13,897
Corporate	—	8,283	—	8,283
<b>Total assets carried at fair value</b>	<b>\$ 199</b>	<b>\$ 1,224,571</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 1,224,770</b>

During the periods from January 1, 2020 through September 30, 2020 and January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019, there were no transfers of financial instruments between Level 1 and Level 2 and there were no financial instruments measured at fair value and categorized as Level 3 in the consolidated statement of financial condition.

The following tables summarize assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis:

	September 30, 2020				
	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Estimated Fair Value
<i>(In thousands)</i>					
<b>Fair Value Measurements:</b>					
Impaired loans	\$ 66,052	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 66,052	\$ 66,052
Other real estate owned	307	—	—	656	656
	<b>\$ 66,359</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 66,708</b>	<b>\$ 66,708</b>

	December 31, 2019				
	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Estimated Fair Value
<i>(In thousands)</i>					
<b>Fair Value Measurements:</b>					
Impaired loans	\$ 57,903	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 57,903	\$ 57,903
Other real estate owned	809	—	—	977	977
	<b>\$ 58,712</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 58,880</b>	<b>\$ 58,880</b>

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
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The following table summarizes the financial statement basis and estimated fair values for significant categories of financial instruments:

	<b>September 30, 2020</b>				<b>Estimated Fair Value</b>
	<b>Carrying Value</b>	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	
<i>(In thousands)</i>					
<b>Financial assets:</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 743,061	\$ 743,061	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 743,061
Available for sale securities	1,506,900	204	1,506,696	—	1,506,900
Held to maturity securities	440,949	—	75,306	378,649	453,955
Loans held for sale, at fair value	28,676	—	—	28,676	28,676
Loans receivable, net	3,554,380	—	—	3,708,792	3,708,792
FHLBNY stock (1)	3,934	—	3,934	—	3,934
Resell agreements	103,222	—	—	103,222	103,222
Accrued interest and dividends receivable	22,738	—	22,738	—	22,738
<b>Financial liabilities:</b>					
Deposits payable on demand	5,742,670	—	5,742,670	—	5,742,670
Time deposits	278,330	—	278,946	—	278,946
Borrowed funds	—	—	—	—	—
Accrued interest payable	455	—	455	—	455

(1) Prices not quoted in active markets but redeemable at par.

	<b>December 31, 2019</b>				<b>Estimated Fair Value</b>
	<b>Carrying Value</b>	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	
<i>(In thousands)</i>					
<b>Financial assets:</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 122,538	\$ 122,538	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 122,538
Available for sale securities	1,224,770	199	1,224,571	—	1,224,770
Held to maturity securities	292,704	—	23,132	269,705	292,837
Loans receivable, net	3,438,767	—	—	3,474,296	3,474,296
FHLBNY stock <sup>(1)</sup>	7,039	—	7,039	—	7,039
Accrued interest and dividends receivable	19,088	—	19,088	—	19,088
Other assets <sup>(2)</sup>	2,328	—	—	2,328	2,328
<b>Financial liabilities:</b>					
Deposits payable on demand	4,247,427	—	4,247,427	—	4,247,427
Time deposits	393,555	—	394,385	—	394,385
Borrowed funds	75,000	—	75,000	—	75,000
Accrued interest payable	1,383	—	1,383	—	1,383

(1) Prices not quoted in active markets but redeemable at par.

(2) Loans held for sale recorded in other assets.

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

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**11. COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK**

**Credit Commitments**

The Bank is party to various credit related financial instruments with off balance sheet risk. The Bank, in the normal course of business, issues such financial instruments in order to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. Such commitments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amounts recognized in the consolidated statements of financial condition.

The following financial instruments were outstanding whose contract amounts represent credit risk as of the related periods:

	<u>September 30, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
<i>(In thousands)</i>		
Commitments to extend credit	\$ 513,210	\$ 567,117
Standby letters of credit	21,365	15,169
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 534,575</u>	<u>\$ 582,286</u>

Commitments to extend credit are contracts to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. These commitments have fixed expiration dates and other termination clauses and generally require the payment of nonrefundable fees. Since a portion of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the contractual principal amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Bank's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the contractual amount of these instruments. These instruments represent ultimate exposure to credit risk only to the extent they are subsequently drawn upon by customers.

Standby letters of credit are conditional lending commitments issued by the Bank to guarantee the financial performance of a customer to a third party. The credit risk involved in issuing standby letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers. The balance sheet carrying value of standby letters of credit approximates any nonrefundable fees received but not yet recorded as income. The Bank considers this carrying value, which is not material, to approximate the estimated fair value of these financial instruments.

The Bank reserves for the credit risk inherent in off balance sheet credit commitments. This reserve, which is included in other liabilities, amounted to approximately \$1.4 million as of September 30, 2020 and \$1.3 million as of December 31, 2019.

**Investment Commitments**

The Bank is party to an agreement with Pace Funding Group LLC, or PFG, for the purchase of up to \$150 million of property assessed clean energy, or PACE, assessment securities by September 2021, to be held in our held-to-maturity investment portfolio. As of September 30, 2020, the Bank had fulfilled \$98.8 million of its obligation. As of December 31, 2019, the Bank was not party to such an agreement or related purchase obligation. The PACE assessments have equal-lien priority with property taxes and rank senior to first lien mortgages.

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

**12. LEASES**

The Bank as a lessee has operating leases primarily consisting of real estate arrangements where the Bank operates its headquarters, branches and business production offices. All leases identified as in scope are accounted for as operating leases as of September 30, 2020. These leases are typically long-term leases and generally are not complicated arrangements or structures. Several of the leases contain renewal options at a rate comparable to the fair market value based on comparable analysis to similar properties in the Bank's geographies.

Real estate operating leases are presented as a Right-of-use ("ROU") asset and a related Operating lease liability on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. The ROU asset represents the Bank's right to use the underlying asset for the lease term and the lease liabilities represent the obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. The ROU asset and related lease liability were recognized at commencement on the adoption date of ASU 2016-02 on January 1, 2019 and are primarily based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. The Bank applied its incremental borrowing rate ("IBR") as the discount rate to the remaining lease payments to derive a present value calculation for initial measurement of the lease liability. The IBR reflects the interest rate the Bank would have to pay to borrow on a collateralized basis over a similar term for an amount equal to the lease payments. Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The following table summarizes our lease cost and other operating lease information:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<u>Three Months Ended September 30, 2020</u>	<u>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020</u>
Operating lease cost	\$ 6,774	\$ 13,027
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of Operating leases liability	\$ 2,756	\$ 9,620
Weighted average remaining lease term on operating leases (in years)	6.0	6.0
Weighted average discount rate used for operating leases liability	3.26 %	3.26 %

Note: Sublease income and variable income or expense considered immaterial

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<u>Three Months Ended September 30, 2019</u>	<u>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019</u>
Operating lease cost	\$ 2,445	\$ 7,484
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of Operating leases liability	\$ 2,665	\$ 8,129
Weighted average remaining lease term on operating leases (in years)	6.7	6.7
Weighted average discount rate used for operating leases liability	3.25 %	3.25 %

Note: Sublease income and variable income or expense considered immaterial

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

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The following table presents the remaining commitments for operating lease payments for the next five years and thereafter, as well as a reconciliation to the discounted Operating leases liability recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition as of September 30, 2020:

*(In thousands)*

**As of September 30, 2020**

2020 remaining	\$	2,499
2021		9,760
2022		9,840
2023		9,725
2024		9,734
Thereafter		18,661
Total undiscounted operating lease payments		60,219
Less: present value adjustment		5,298
Total Operating leases liability	\$	<u>54,921</u>

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

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**13. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

**Goodwill**

In accordance with GAAP, the Bank performs an annual test as of June 30 to identify potential impairment of goodwill, or more frequently if events or circumstances indicate a potential impairment may exist. If the carrying amount of the Bank, as a sole reporting unit, including goodwill, exceeds its fair value, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to that excess up to the amount of the recorded goodwill.

The fair value of the Bank was determined by using a combination of a market approach and an income approach under the framework established for measuring fair value under ASC 820. Under both approaches the estimated fair value of the Bank was in excess of the carrying value and the Bank, as a sole reporting unit, was not at risk of failing the quantitative analysis. The fair value is based upon market data as of June 30, 2020 and estimates and assumptions that the Bank believes are most appropriate for the analysis. However, changes in certain assumptions used in the Bank's calculations could result in significant differences in the results of the impairment test. Should market conditions or management's assumptions change significantly in the future, an impairment to goodwill is possible. As of September 30, 2020, there were no changes to the Bank's annual impairment test conclusion.

At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the carrying amount of goodwill was \$12.9 million.

**Intangible Assets**

The following table reflects the estimated amortization expense, comprised entirely by the Bank's core deposit intangible asset, for the next five years and thereafter:

*(In thousands)*

2020 remaining	\$	342
2021		1,207
2022		1,047
2023		888
2024		730
Thereafter		1,487
Total	\$	<u>5,701</u>

Accumulated amortization of the core deposit intangible was \$3.4 million as of September 30, 2020.



**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)**  
**September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019**

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**14. VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES**

**Tax Credit Investments**

The Bank makes investments in unconsolidated entities that construct, own and operate solar generation facilities. An unrelated third party is the managing member and has control over the significant activities of the VIE. The Bank generates a return through the receipt of tax credits allocated to the projects, as well as operational distributions. The primary risk of loss is generally mitigated by policies requiring that the project qualify for the expected tax credits prior to the Bank making its investment. Any loans to the VIE are secured.

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<u>September 30, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
<b>Unconsolidated Variable Interest Entities</b>		
Tax credit investments included in other assets	\$ 5,072	\$ —
Unfunded tax credit commitments included in other liabilities	—	—
Loans and letters of credit commitments	28,560	—
Funded portion of loans and letters of credit commitments	28,560	—

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<u>Three Months Ended September 30,</u>		<u>Nine Months Ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Tax credits and other tax benefits recognized	\$ 10,786	\$ —	\$ 12,646	\$ —

## **Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.**

The following is a discussion of our consolidated financial condition as of September 30, 2020, as compared to December 31, 2019, and our results of operations for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019. The purpose of this discussion is to focus on information about our financial condition and results of operations which is not otherwise apparent from our consolidated financial statements and is intended to provide insight into our results of operations and financial condition. This discussion and analysis is best read in conjunction with our unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes as well as the financial and statistical data appearing elsewhere in this report and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 (the “2019 Annual Report”). Historical results of operations and the percentage relationships among any amounts included, and any trends that may appear, may not indicate results of operations for any future periods.

In addition to historical information, this discussion includes certain forward-looking statements regarding business matters and events and trends that may affect our future results. Comments regarding our business that are not historical facts are considered forward-looking statements that involve inherent risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those contained in these forward-looking statements. For additional information regarding our cautionary disclosures, see the “*Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements*” beginning on page ii of this report.

### **Overview**

#### ***Our business***

Amalgamated Bank is a commercial bank and chartered trust company headquartered in New York, New York with approximately \$6.6 billion in total assets, \$3.6 billion in total loans, net and \$6.0 billion in total deposits as of September 30, 2020.

We were formed in 1923 as Amalgamated Bank of New York by the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, one of the country’s oldest labor unions. Although we are no longer majority union-owned, the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America’s successor, Workers United, an affiliate of the Service Employees International Union that represents workers in the textile, distribution and food service and gaming industries, remains a significant stockholder, holding approximately 41% of our equity as of September 30, 2020.

We offer a complete suite of commercial and retail banking, investment management and trust and custody services. Our commercial banking and trust businesses are national in scope and we also offer a full range of products and services to both commercial and retail customers through our six branch offices in New York City, Washington, D.C., San Francisco and Boston. Our corporate divisions include Commercial Banking, Trust and Investment Management and Consumer Banking. Our product line includes residential mortgage loans, commercial and industrial (“C&I”) loans, commercial real estate (“CRE”) loans, multifamily mortgages, and a variety of commercial and consumer deposit products, including non-interest bearing accounts, interest-bearing demand products, savings accounts, money market accounts and certificates of deposit. We also offer online banking and bill payment services, online cash management, safe deposit box rentals, debit card and ATM card services and the availability of a nationwide network of ATMs for our customers.

We currently offer a wide range of trust, custody and investment management services, including asset safekeeping, corporate actions, income collections, proxy services, account transition, asset transfers, and conversion management. We also offer a broad range of investment products, including both index and actively-managed funds spanning equity, fixed-income, real estate and alternative investment strategies to meet the needs of our institutional clients. As of September 30, 2020, we oversaw \$33.1 billion in assets under custody and \$14.3 billion in assets under management.

Our products and services are tailored to our target customer base that prefers a financial partner that is socially responsible, values-oriented and committed to creating positive change in the world. These customers include advocacy-based non-profits, social welfare organizations, national labor unions, political organizations, foundations, socially responsible businesses, and other for-profit companies that seek to balance their profit-making activities with activities that benefit their other stakeholders, as well as the members and stakeholders of these commercial customers. Our goal is to be the go-to financial partner for people and organizations who strive to make a meaningful impact in our society and who care about their communities, the environment, and social justice. We have obtained B Corporation™ certification, a distinction we earned after being evaluated under rigorous standards of social and environmental performance, accountability, and transparency. We are also the largest of ten commercial financial institutions in the United States that are members of the Global Alliance for Banking on Values, a network of banking leaders from around the world committed to advancing positive change in the banking sector.

### ***Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic on our Business***

The ongoing COVID-19 pandemic has caused and will continue to cause significant disruption in the international and United States economies and financial markets and has severely restricted the level of economic activity in our markets. The spread of COVID-19 has caused illness, quarantines, cancellation of events and travel, business and school shutdowns, reduction in business activity and financial transactions, supply chain interruptions and overall economic and financial market instability. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the governments of all of the states in which we have branch offices and of most other states took preventative or protective actions, such as imposing restrictions on travel and business operations, advising or requiring individuals to limit or forgo their time outside of their homes, restricting evictions of tenants, and ordering temporary closures of businesses that were deemed to be non-essential. These restrictions and other consequences of the pandemic have resulted in significant adverse effects for many different types of businesses, including, among others, those in the travel, hospitality and food and beverage industries, and in multi-family real estate, and have resulted in a significant number of layoffs and furloughs of employees nationwide and in the regions in which we operate. In addition, state governments where we operate have taken actions that specifically affect how banks conduct their businesses, such as requiring loan forbearances and limitations on charging ATM and overdraft fees. Although in various locations certain activity restrictions have been relaxed and businesses and schools have reopened with some level of success, in many states and localities the number of individuals diagnosed with COVID-19 has increased significantly, which may cause a freezing or, in certain cases, a reversal of previously announced relaxation of activity restrictions and may prompt the need for additional aid and other forms of relief.

The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is fluid and continues to evolve. The unprecedented and rapid spread of COVID-19 and its associated impacts on trade (including supply chains and export levels), travel, employee productivity, unemployment, consumer spending, and other economic activities has resulted in less economic activity, and significant volatility and disruption in financial markets. In addition, due to the COVID-19 pandemic, market interest rates have declined significantly, with the 10-year Treasury bond falling below 1.00% on March 3, 2020, for the first time, and declining further to 0.69% as of September 30, 2020. On March 3, 2020, the Federal Open Market Committee reduced the targeted federal funds interest rate range by 50 basis points to 1.00% to 1.25%. This range was further reduced to 0% to 0.25% percent on March 16, 2020. These reductions in interest rates and the other effects of the COVID-19 pandemic have had, and are expected to continue to have, possibly materially, an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. The ultimate extent of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business, financial condition and results of operations is currently uncertain and will depend on various developments and other factors, including, among others, the duration and scope of the pandemic, as well as governmental, regulatory and private sector responses to the pandemic, and the associated impacts on the economy, financial markets and our customers, employees and vendors.

As a result of these events, we have seen the following impacts to our business since the start of the pandemic:

#### ***Impacts on our operations***

We took a wide range of actions to help protect our employees and customers and to ensure the operational continuity of the Bank, while continuing to provide core banking services to our consumer and commercial clients. The majority of our employees are now working remotely with the exception of essential branch and facility staff. Our primary geographic markets include the New York City metropolitan area, the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area, the San Francisco metropolitan area, and the Boston metropolitan area. New York City was one of the areas in the United States initially hardest-hit by the COVID-19 pandemic. Accordingly, we had to close or reduce hours at our branches in several locations due to risk of transmission of COVID-19.

Following these COVID-19 related closures, executive management reassessed our branch network and recommended permanently closing six branches due to low traffic, which our Board of Directors approved. We expect to fully serve these affected customers through our remaining branch network and through our digital platform. We took a charge of \$0.7 million related to these branch closures in the second quarter of 2020, and we took an additional charge of approximately \$6.4 million in the third quarter of 2020 related to these closures. However, we expect these closures to benefit our non-interest expenses by approximately \$4.0 million annually once fully phased in over time.

#### ***Impacts on our loan portfolio***

The disruption in economic activity across the United States, and particularly in New York, has caused stress in the financial condition of both our consumer and commercial clients. As a result, we have established programs offering payment deferrals for customers that need assistance. In accordance with interagency guidance and the CARES Act, short term deferrals granted due to the COVID-19 pandemic are not considered TDRs unless the borrower was experiencing financial difficulty prior to the pandemic. The CARES Act provides temporary relief from the accounting and reporting requirements for TDRs regarding certain

loan modifications related to COVID-19, including payment deferrals that are insignificant (6 months or less). In addition, under the terms of these deferral agreements, the loans will not be reported as past due or as non-accrual for the agreed upon term of the deferral, unless additional information becomes available that indicates the loan will not perform as expected when the deferral is complete. Additionally, we do not expect to downgrade these loans or build an allowance directly attributable to these loans solely as the result of the deferral granted, though our qualitative allowance factors have been increased and caused an increase in our provision expense and allowance for loan losses of approximately \$6.5 million in the first nine months of 2020. Interest will continue to accrue during the deferral period. In general, the interest and principal originally due during the deferral period will be due at the contractual end of the loan. If the loan does not exit deferral and does not continue to pay according to contractual terms, the loan will then be considered as any other loan that is past due or not in agreement with contractual terms, and additional allowance and reversal of related accrued interest will likely be required for these loans.

The following table presents information regarding the Bank's COVID-19 related loan deferrals as of September 30, 2020:

<i>(In thousands, rounded)</i>	<b>Portfolio Balance Outstanding</b>	<b>Balance in Deferral</b>	<b>Balance in Process of Deferral</b>	<b>Total Deferred Loans</b>	<b>Total Deferrals as % of Portfolio</b>
Commercial and industrial	\$ 661,000	\$ 5,000	\$ —	\$ 5,000	1%
Multifamily	975,000	124,000	—	124,000	13%
Commercial real estate, construction and land development	450,000	97,000	—	97,000	22%
Total commercial portfolio	2,086,000	226,000	—	226,000	11%
Residential real estate lending	1,329,000	63,000	—	63,000	5%
Consumer and other	180,000	4,000	—	4,000	2%
Total retail portfolio	1,509,000	67,000	—	67,000	4%
Totals	<u>\$ 3,595,000</u>	<u>\$ 293,000</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 293,000</u>	<u>8%</u>

No COVID-19 related loan deferrals were graded as criticized by our internal grading system solely on the basis of the deferral request, nor was any related additional allowance recorded. We continue to accrue interest on all COVID-19 related loan deferrals for up to six months. As of September 30, 2020 the interest accrued during the first nine months of 2020 for COVID-19 related loans where balances were in deferral was \$5.1 million.

#### ***Impacts on our investment portfolio***

We are also monitoring the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the value of our investments. We mark to market our publicly traded investments and we review our investment portfolio for impairment at each period end. While the value of our portfolio has substantially recovered since the pandemic began, market conditions could continue to be volatile and we may be required to recognize further impairments on the securities we hold as well as reductions in other comprehensive income. We cannot currently determine the ultimate impact of the pandemic on the long-term value of our portfolio.

#### ***Impacts on our capital***

As of September 30, 2020, all of our capital ratios are in excess of all regulatory requirements. While we believe that we have sufficient capital to withstand an extended economic recession brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic, our reported and regulatory capital ratios could be adversely impacted by further credit losses.

#### ***Other impacts on our results of operation and financial condition***

In addition to the factors above, we believe the following factors may impact our earnings, though we are unable to quantify the impacts at this time:

- Increased allowance related to loans that continue to be impacted by the economy after the payment deferral periods end
- Lower Trust Department fees due to lower equity values in our clients' assets under management and/or custody
- Lower net interest margin due to the Federal Reserves' decision to lower rates to "near zero" at the end of March
- Lower loan originations as the credit worthiness of borrowers may be impacted by the current economic environment

- Lower fees for services that we are temporarily waiving, including overdraft fees, insufficient fund fees, ATM fees, CD breakage fees and other miscellaneous fees

As of September 30, 2020, we had \$12.9 million of goodwill. During the second quarter of 2020, we performed our annual impairment analysis and determined no goodwill impairment was required. However, we will continue to monitor the COVID-19 pandemic and the related economic fallout, including changes in our stock price, the Federal Reserve's significant reduction in interest rates and other business and market considerations, which may require us to reevaluate our goodwill impairment analysis. Any goodwill impairment charges we incur could have a material adverse effect on our earnings for one reporting period, but would not impact the cash flow or regulatory capital levels of the Bank.

The negative financial impacts may be partially offset by actions taken by management to lower interest expense and operating expense.

These factors, together or in combination with other events or occurrences that may not yet be known or anticipated, may materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

### **Critical and Significant Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared based on the application of accounting policies generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP, and conform to general practices within the banking industry. Our significant accounting policies are more fully described in Note 1 of our audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report and our critical accounting policies are more fully described under "Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" included in the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our 2019 Annual Report. During the second quarter of 2020, we adopted significant accounting policies for variable interest entities, for recognition of investment tax credits, and for resell agreements. Otherwise, there have been no significant changes to our critical and significant accounting policies, or the estimates made pursuant to those policies as described in our 2019 Annual Report.

## SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following table sets forth our unaudited selected historical consolidated financial data for the periods and as of the dates indicated. This data should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto contained elsewhere in this report and the information contained in this “*Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.*”

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
<b>Selected Operating Data:</b>				
Interest income	\$ 47,283	\$ 46,697	\$ 143,033	\$ 138,999
Interest expense	2,049	4,940	8,672	14,612
Net interest income	45,234	41,757	134,361	124,387
Provision for (recovery of) loan losses	3,394	(558)	20,202	3,755
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	41,840	42,315	114,159	120,632
Non-interest income	12,776	7,659	30,565	21,425
Non-interest expense	37,877	31,886	101,216	94,336
Income before income taxes	16,739	18,088	43,508	47,721
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	4,259	4,893	11,109	12,527
Net income	\$ 12,480	\$ 13,195	\$ 32,399	\$ 35,194

<i>(In thousands)</i>	As of September 30,	
	2020	2019
<b>Selected Financial Data:</b>		
Total assets	\$ 6,618,443	\$ 5,029,769
Total cash and cash equivalents	743,061	71,239
Investment securities	1,947,849	1,246,365
Total net loans	3,574,701	3,467,027
Bank-owned life insurance	80,502	80,309
Total deposits	6,021,000	4,322,379
Borrowed funds	—	127,775
Total common stockholders’ equity	522,364	486,178
Total stockholders’ equity	522,497	486,312

<i>(In thousands, except per share data)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
<b>Selected Financial Ratios and Other Data:</b>				
<b>Earnings</b>				
Basic	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.41	\$ 1.04	\$ 1.11
Diluted	0.40	0.41	1.04	1.09
Book value per common share (excluding minority interest)	16.82	15.37	16.82	15.37
Common shares outstanding	31,049,525	31,633,691	31,049,525	31,633,691
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic	31,049,525	31,809,083	31,160,963	31,802,004
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	31,075,400	32,176,439	31,240,093	32,251,333

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
<b>Selected Performance Metrics:</b>				
Return on average assets	0.76 %	1.05 %	0.72 %	0.97 %
Return on average equity	9.62 %	10.86 %	8.62 %	10.13 %
Loan yield	3.97 %	4.22 %	4.02 %	4.36 %
Securities yield	2.24 %	3.28 %	2.66 %	3.33 %
Deposit cost	0.14 %	0.37 %	0.21 %	0.34 %
Net interest margin	2.88 %	3.50 %	3.13 %	3.60 %
Efficiency ratio	65.29 %	64.53 %	61.37 %	64.70 %

**Asset Quality Ratios:**

Nonaccrual loans to total loans	1.41 %	0.53 %	1.41 %	0.53 %
Nonperforming assets to total assets	1.22 %	1.42 %	1.22 %	1.42 %
Allowance for loan losses to nonaccrual loans	95 %	183 %	95 %	183 %
Allowance for loan losses to total loans	1.34 %	0.96 %	1.34 %	0.96 %
Annualized net charge-offs (recoveries) to average loans	0.59 %	(0.07)%	0.22 %	0.29 %

**As of September 30,**

	2020	2019
<b>Capital Ratios:</b>		
Tier 1 leverage capital ratio	7.39 %	9.03 %
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	12.76 %	13.49 %
Total risk-based capital ratio	14.01 %	14.55 %
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio	12.76 %	13.49 %

## Results of Operations

### *General*

Our results of operations depend substantially on net interest income, which is the difference between interest income on interest-earning assets, consisting primarily of interest income on loans, investment securities and other short-term investments and interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities, consisting primarily of interest expense on deposits and borrowings. Our results of operations are also dependent on non-interest income, consisting primarily of income from Trust Department fees, service charges on deposit accounts, net gains on sales of investment securities and income from bank-owned life insurance (“BOLI”). Other factors contributing to our results of operations include our provisions for loan losses, income taxes, and non-interest expenses, such as salaries and employee benefits, occupancy and depreciation expenses, professional fees, data processing fees and other miscellaneous operating costs.

Net income for the third quarter of 2020 was \$12.5 million, or \$0.40 per diluted share, compared to \$13.2 million, or \$0.41 per diluted share, for the third quarter of 2019. The \$0.7 million decrease in net income for the third quarter of 2020, compared to the third quarter of 2019, is primarily due to a \$6.0 million increase in non-interest expense and a \$4.0 million increase in provision for loan losses, partially offset by a \$5.1 million increase in non-interest income and a \$3.5 million increase in net interest income.

Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 was \$32.4 million, or \$1.04 per average diluted share, compared to \$35.2 million, or \$1.09 per average diluted share, for same period in 2019. The \$2.8 million decrease was primarily due to a \$16.4 million increase in the provision for loan losses and a \$6.9 million increase in non-interest expense, partially offset by a \$10.0 million increase in net interest income and a \$9.1 million increase in non-interest income.

### *Net Interest Income*

Net interest income, representing interest income less interest expense, is a significant contributor to our revenues and earnings. We generate interest income from interest, dividends and prepayment fees on interest-earning assets, including loans, investment securities and other short-term investments. We incur interest expense from interest paid on interest-bearing liabilities, including interest-bearing deposits, FHLB advances and other borrowings. To evaluate net interest income, we measure and monitor (i) yields on our loans and other interest-earning assets, (ii) the costs of our deposits and other funding sources, (iii) our net interest spread and (iv) our net interest margin. Net interest spread is equal to the difference between rates earned on interest-earning assets and rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities. Net interest margin is equal to the annualized net interest income divided by average interest-earning assets. Because non-interest-bearing sources of funds, such as non-interest-bearing deposits and stockholders’ equity, also fund interest-earning assets, net interest margin includes the benefit of these non-interest-bearing sources.

Changes in the market interest rates and interest rates we earn on interest-earning assets or pay on interest-bearing liabilities, as well as the volume and types of interest-earning assets, interest-bearing and non-interest-bearing liabilities, are usually the largest drivers of periodic changes in net interest spread, net interest margin and net interest income.



Three Months Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

The following table sets forth information related to our average balance sheet, average yields on assets, and average costs of liabilities for the periods indicated:

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2020			Three Months Ended September 30, 2019		
	Average Balance	Income / Expense	Yield / Rate	Average Balance	Income / Expense	Yield / Rate
<b>Interest earning assets:</b>						
Interest-bearing deposits in banks	\$ 632,268	\$ 152	0.10 %	\$ 72,143	\$ 209	1.15 %
Securities and FHLB stock	2,045,231	11,529	2.24 %	1,294,930	10,720	3.28 %
Total loans, net <sup>(1)</sup>	3,569,313	35,602	3.97 %	3,363,837	35,768	4.22 %
Total interest earning assets	6,246,812	47,283	3.01 %	4,730,910	46,697	3.92 %
<b>Non-interest earning assets:</b>						
Cash and due from banks	9,239			6,985		
Other assets	234,248			228,076		
Total assets	<u>\$ 6,490,299</u>			<u>\$ 4,965,971</u>		
<b>Interest bearing liabilities:</b>						
Savings, NOW and money market deposits	2,376,701	\$ 1,427	0.24 %	1,869,675	\$ 2,478	0.53 %
Time deposits	321,696	622	0.77 %	417,591	1,474	1.40 %
Total deposits	2,698,397	2,049	0.30 %	2,287,266	3,952	0.69 %
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	—	—	0.00 %	166,363	987	2.35 %
Other Borrowings	—	—	0.00 %	163	1	2.43 %
Total interest bearing liabilities	2,698,397	2,049	0.30 %	2,453,792	4,940	0.80 %
<b>Non-interest bearing liabilities:</b>						
Demand and transaction deposits	3,191,858			1,936,915		
Other liabilities	84,138			93,056		
Total liabilities	5,974,393			4,483,763		
Stockholders' equity	515,906			482,208		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 6,490,299</u>			<u>\$ 4,965,971</u>		
Net interest income / interest rate spread		\$ 45,234	2.71 %		\$ 41,757	3.12 %
Net interest earning assets / net interest margin	<u>\$ 3,548,415</u>		2.88 %	<u>\$ 2,277,118</u>		3.50 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts are net of deferred origination costs / (fees) and the allowance for loan losses and includes loans held for sale

\* Net interest margin includes prepayment penalty income in 3Q20, 2Q20, and 3Q19 of \$1,110,011, \$239,190, and \$0 respectively

Our net interest income was \$45.2 million for the third quarter of 2020, compared to \$41.8 million for the third quarter of 2019. The year-over-year increase of \$3.5 million, or 8.3%, was primarily attributable to a decrease in interest expense due to a decrease in FHLB advances and other borrowings and deposit rates paid, and an increase in average securities of \$750.3 million and average loans of \$205.5 million, with such growth more than offsetting the lower yields earned on such assets. These impacts were partially offset by an increase in average interest-bearing deposits of \$411.1 million.

Our net interest spread was 2.71% for the three months ended September 30, 2020, compared to 3.12% for the same period in 2019, a decrease of 41 basis points. Our net interest margin was 2.88% for the third quarter of 2020, a decrease of 62 basis points from 3.50% in the third quarter of 2019. The accretion of the loan mark from the loans we acquired in our NRB acquisition contributed two basis points to our net interest margin in the third quarter of 2020, compared to seven basis points in the third quarter of 2019. Prepayment penalties earned through loan income contributed \$1.1 million, or seven basis points, to our net interest margin in the third quarter of 2020, compared to no impact in the third quarter of 2019.

The yield on average earning assets was 3.01% for the three months ended September 30, 2020, compared to 3.92% for the same period in 2019, a decrease of 91 basis points. This decrease was driven primarily by a decrease in yields on loans and securities due to a decrease in the Federal Funds rate.

The average rate on interest-bearing liabilities was 0.30% for the three months ended September 30, 2020, a decrease of 50 basis points from the same period in 2019, which was primarily due to a decrease in average borrowings as a result of an increase in average deposits and a decrease in the rates paid on interest-bearing deposits. The average rate paid on interest-bearing deposits was 0.30% for the three months ended September 30, 2020, a decrease of 39 basis points from the same period in 2019, which was primarily due to a decrease in the pricing on deposits to new and existing customers. Noninterest-bearing deposits represented 54% of average deposits for the three months ended September 30, 2020, contributing to a total cost of deposits of 14 basis points in the third quarter of 2020.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

The following table sets forth information related to our average balance sheet, average yields on assets, and average costs of liabilities for the periods indicated:

(In thousands)	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020			Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019		
	Average Balance	Income / Expense	Yield / Rate	Average Balance	Income / Expense	Yield / Rate
Interest earning assets:						
Interest-bearing deposits in banks	\$ 395,029	\$ 631	0.21 %	\$ 71,956	\$ 756	1.40 %
Securities and FHLB stock	1,809,188	35,962	2.66 %	1,269,637	31,620	3.33 %
Total loans, net <sup>(1)</sup>	3,535,096	106,440	4.02 %	3,271,700	106,623	4.36 %
Total interest earning assets	5,739,313	143,033	3.33 %	4,613,293	138,999	4.03 %
Non-interest earning assets:						
Cash and due from banks	31,138			7,926		
Other assets	227,205			248,707		
Total assets	<u>\$ 5,997,656</u>			<u>\$ 4,869,926</u>		
Interest bearing liabilities:						
Savings, NOW and money market deposits	\$ 2,278,267	\$ 5,919	0.35 %	\$ 1,868,218	\$ 6,307	0.45 %
Time deposits	357,774	2,726	1.02 %	448,140	4,089	1.22 %
Total deposits	2,636,041	8,645	0.44 %	2,316,358	10,396	0.60 %
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	2,117	27	1.70 %	227,853	4,199	2.46 %
Other Borrowings	—	—	0.00 %	861	17	2.64 %
Total interest bearing liabilities	2,638,158	8,672	0.44 %	2,545,072	14,612	0.77 %
Non-interest bearing liabilities:						
Demand and transaction deposits	2,748,088			1,767,232		
Other liabilities	109,586			92,966		
Total liabilities	5,495,832			4,405,270		
Stockholders' equity	501,824			464,656		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 5,997,656</u>			<u>\$ 4,869,926</u>		
Net interest income / interest rate spread		\$ 134,361	2.89 %		\$ 124,387	3.26 %
Net interest earning assets / net interest margin	\$ 3,101,155		3.13 %	\$ 2,068,221		3.60 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts are net of deferred origination costs / (fees) and the allowance for loan losses and includes loans held for sale

\* Net interest margin includes prepayment penalty income in 3Q20 and 3Q19 of \$1,110,011, and \$0 respectively

Our net interest income was \$134.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, compared to \$124.4 million for the same period in 2019. The year-over-year increase of \$10.0 million, or 10.8% annualized, was primarily attributable to a decrease in interest expense due to a decrease in borrowings and deposit rate paid, and an increase in average securities of \$539.6 million and average loans of \$263.4 million, with such growth more than offsetting the lower yields earned on such assets. These impacts are partially offset by an increase in average interest-bearing deposits of \$319.7 million.

Our net interest spread was 2.89% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, compared to 3.26% for the same period in 2019, a decrease of 37 basis points. Our net interest margin was 3.13% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, a decrease of 47 basis points from 3.60% in the same period in 2019.

The yield on average earning assets was 3.33% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, compared to 4.03% for the same period in 2019, a decrease of 70 basis points. This decrease was driven primarily by a decrease in yields on loans and securities due to a decrease in the Federal Funds rate.

The average rate on interest-bearing liabilities was 0.44% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, a decrease of 33 basis points from the same period in 2019. The average rate paid on interest-bearing deposits was 0.44% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, a decrease of 16 basis points from the same period in 2019, which was primarily due to the mix of deposits shifting from higher cost CDs to lower cost money market deposits and a decrease in rates paid on interest-bearing deposits. Noninterest-bearing deposits represented 51% of average deposits for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, contributing to a total cost of deposits of 21 basis points in the first nine months of 2020.

### Rate-Volume Analysis

Increases and decreases in interest income and interest expense result from changes in average balances (volume) of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, as well as changes in weighted average interest rates. The table below presents the effect of volume and rate changes on interest income and expense. Changes in volume are changes in the average balance multiplied by the previous period's average rate. Changes in rate are changes in the average rate multiplied by the average balance from the previous period. The net changes attributable to the combined impact of both rate and volume have been allocated proportionately to the changes due to volume and the changes due to rate:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2020 over September 30, 2019			Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 over September 30, 2019		
	Volume	Changes Due To Rate	Net Change	Volume	Changes Due To Rate	Net Change
<i>(In thousands)</i>						
Interest earning assets:						
Interest-bearing deposits in banks	\$ 136	\$ (193)	\$ (57)	\$ 515	\$ (640)	\$ (125)
Securities and FHLB stock	4,166	(3,358)	808	10,744	(6,402)	4,342
Total loans, net	1,977	(2,143)	(166)	8,012	(8,195)	(183)
Total interest income	6,279	(5,694)	585	19,271	(15,237)	4,034
Interest bearing liabilities:						
Savings, NOW and money market deposits	302	(1,354)	(1,052)	1,068	(1,456)	(388)
Time deposits	(187)	(665)	(852)	(687)	(676)	(1,363)
Total deposits	115	(2,019)	(1,904)	381	(2,132)	(1,751)
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(1,166)	179	(987)	(2,876)	(1,296)	(4,172)
Other Borrowings	(7)	6	(1)	(16)	(1)	(17)
Total borrowings	(1,173)	185	(988)	(2,892)	(1,297)	(4,189)
Total interest expense	(1,058)	(1,834)	(2,892)	(2,511)	(3,429)	(5,940)
Change in net interest income	\$ 7,337	\$ (3,860)	\$ 3,477	\$ 21,782	\$ (11,808)	\$ 9,974

### Provision for Loan Losses

We establish an allowance for loan losses through a provision for loan losses charged as an expense in our Consolidated Statements of Income. The provision for loan losses is the amount of expense that, based on our judgment, is required to maintain the allowance at an adequate level to absorb probable losses inherent in the loan portfolio at the balance sheet date and that, in management's judgment, is appropriate under GAAP. Our determination of the amount of the allowance and corresponding provision for loan losses considers ongoing evaluations of the credit quality and level of credit risk inherent in our loan portfolio, levels of nonperforming loans and charge-offs, statistical trends and economic and other relevant factors. The allowance is increased by provisions charged to expense and decreased by provisions released from expense or by actual charge-offs, net of recoveries on prior loan charge-offs. In accordance with accounting guidance for business combinations, we recorded all loans acquired in the NRB acquisition at their estimated fair value at the date of acquisition with no carryover of the related allowance.

### Three Months Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

Our provision for loan losses totaled an expense of \$3.4 million for the third quarter of 2020 compared to a recovery of \$0.6 million for the same period in 2019. The provision expense in the third quarter of 2020 was primarily driven by a \$5.3 million in charge-offs primarily related to a construction loan and a hotel loan partially reserved for in the previous quarter. Specific reserves on non-accrual C&I loans also increased by \$1.1 million.

### Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

Our provisions for loan losses totaled an expense of \$20.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, compared to an expense of \$3.8 million for the same period in 2019. The provision expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 was primarily driven a \$6.5 million increase in allowance related to negative economic factors and payment deferrals in our loan portfolio, \$6.0 million in charge offs related to hotel and construction loans, a \$7.7 million increase in specific reserves on indirect C&I, and other factors.

For a further discussion of the allowance, see “*Allowance for Loan Losses*” below.

### Non-Interest Income

Our non-interest income included Trust Department fees, which consist of fees received in connection with investment advisory and custodial management services of investment accounts, service fees charged on deposit accounts, income on BOLI, gain or loss on other real estate owned, income from equity method investments, and other income.

The following table presents our non-interest income for the periods indicated:

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Trust Department fees	\$ 3,622	\$ 4,888	\$ 11,688	\$ 14,117
Service charges on deposit accounts	2,130	2,222	6,391	6,161
Bank-owned life insurance	1,227	415	2,722	1,243
Gain (loss) on sale of investment securities available for sale, net	619	(50)	1,605	(135)
Gain (loss) on sale of loans, net	903	81	1,200	(40)
Gain (loss) on other real estate owned, net	(176)	—	(482)	(564)
Equity method investments	4,297	—	5,586	—
Other income	154	103	1,855	643
Total non-interest income	\$ 12,776	\$ 7,659	\$ 30,565	\$ 21,425

### Three Months Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

Our non-interest income was \$12.8 million for the third quarter of 2020, compared to \$7.7 million for the same period in 2019, an increase of \$5.1 million, or 66.8%. This increase was primarily due to a \$4.3 million tax credit on an equity investment in a solar project, a \$0.6 million gain on the sale of securities, and a \$0.8 million increase in income on BOLI due to the receipt of a death benefit payout and a \$0.8 million increase in the gain on sale of residential loans. These increases were partially offset by a \$1.3 million decrease in Trust Department fees primarily related to the decrease in revenue from a real estate fund that is liquidating assets and the movement of funds to lower yielding products and market volatility. Our investment management business earns fees from a real estate fund that will wind down over the next few years. This fund generated \$0.5 million in fees, included within Trust Department fees, during the three months ended September 30, 2020. We expect that management fees from this real estate fund will continue to decline and will have no fee income in 2021. Additionally, we expect a loss of approximately \$2.3 million in the fourth quarter of 2020 and a loss of \$2.0 million during the full year of 2021, which is related to the \$4.3 million gain from the tax credit on an equity investment in a solar project (included as income from equity method investments) taken this quarter; this loss is related to the timing of the tax benefit in the third quarter and the expected write-down of the equity invested in future quarters. This impact does not consider the benefit of future tax-equity investments that may offset such impact.

*Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019*

Our non-interest income was \$30.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, compared to \$21.4 million for the same period in 2019, an increase of \$9.1 million, or 42.7%. This increase is primarily due to a \$5.6 million tax credit on an equity investment in solar projects, a \$1.4 million gain on the sale of a branch, a \$1.7 million change in gain on the sale of securities, and a \$1.5 million increase in BOLI income due to the receipt of multiple death benefit payouts, and an increase of \$1.2 million in gains on the sale of residential loans. These increases were partially offset by a \$2.4 million decrease in Trust Department fees primarily related to the decrease in revenue from low asset values in the first half of 2020 due to market fluctuations and the real estate fund that is liquidating its assets noted above. This fund generated \$1.5 million in fees, included within Trust Department fees, during the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

***Non-Interest Expense***

Non-interest expense includes compensation and employee benefits, occupancy and depreciation expense, professional fees (including legal, accounting and other professional services), data processing, office maintenance and depreciation, amortization of intangible assets, advertising and promotion, and other expenses. The following table presents non-interest expense for the periods indicated:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>Three Months Ended September 30,</b>		<b>Nine Months Ended September 30,</b>	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Compensation and employee benefits, net	\$ 17,547	\$ 17,765	\$ 52,338	\$ 52,187
Occupancy and depreciation	9,908	4,298	19,655	12,714
Professional fees	2,202	3,120	7,173	8,686
Data processing	2,916	2,856	8,157	8,334
Office maintenance and depreciation	863	934	2,538	2,651
Amortization of intangible assets	342	344	1,027	1,031
Advertising and promotion	1,172	684	2,511	1,998
Other	2,927	1,885	7,817	6,735
<b>Total non-interest expense</b>	<b>\$ 37,877</b>	<b>\$ 31,886</b>	<b>\$ 101,216</b>	<b>\$ 94,336</b>

*Three Months Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019*

Our non-interest expense for the third quarter of 2020 was \$37.9 million, an increase of \$6.0 million, or 18.8%, from \$31.9 million in the third quarter of 2019. The increase was primarily due to \$6.3 million in occupancy and depreciation expense related to closing six branches in New York City and \$0.5 million in advertising and promotion expenses related to the Democratic National Convention.

*Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019*

Our non-interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 was \$101.2 million, an increase of \$6.9 million, or 7.3%, from \$94.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019. The increase was primarily due to the \$8.3 million increase in occupancy and depreciation expense related to branch closures, partially offset by a \$1.5 million decrease in professional fees.

***Income Taxes***

*Three Months Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019*

We had a provision for income tax expense of \$4.3 million for the third quarter of 2020, compared to \$4.9 million for the third quarter of 2019. Our effective tax rate for the third quarter of 2020 was 25.4%, compared to 27.1% for the third quarter of 2019.

## *Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019*

We had a provision for income tax expense of \$11.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, compared to \$12.5 million for the same period in 2019. Our effective tax rate was 25.5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, compared to 26.3% for the same period in 2019.

### **Financial Condition**

#### ***Balance Sheet***

Our total assets were \$6.6 billion at September 30, 2020, compared to \$5.3 billion at December 31, 2019. The increase of \$1.3 billion was driven primarily by a \$620.5 million increase in cash and cash equivalents, a \$430.4 million increase in investment securities, a \$115.6 million increase in loans receivable, net, and \$103.2 million increase of reverse repurchase agreements backed by Government guaranteed loans.

#### ***Investment Securities***

The primary goal of our securities portfolio is to maintain an available source of liquidity and an efficient investment return on excess capital, while maintaining a low-risk profile. We also use our securities portfolio to manage interest rate risk, meet Community Reinvestment Act (“CRA”) goals and to provide collateral for certain types of deposits or borrowings. An Investment Committee chaired by our Chief Financial Officer manages our investment securities portfolio according to written investment policies approved by our Board of Directors. Investments in our securities portfolio may change over time based on management’s objectives and market conditions.

We seek to minimize credit risk in our securities portfolio through diversification, concentration limits, restrictions on high risk investments (such as subordinated positions), comprehensive pre-purchase analysis and stress testing, ongoing monitoring and by investing a significant portion of our securities portfolio in U.S. Government sponsored entity (“GSE”) obligations. GSEs include the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (“FHLMC”), the Federal National Mortgage Association (“FNMA”), the Government National Mortgage Association (“GNMA”) and the Small Business Administration (“SBA”). GNMA is a wholly-owned U.S. Government corporation whereas FHLMC and FNMA are private. Mortgage-related securities may include mortgage pass-through certificates, participation certificates and collateralized mortgage obligations (“CMOs”). We invest in non-GSE securities in order to generate higher returns, improve portfolio diversification and or reduced interest rate and prepayment risk. With the exception of small legacy CRA investments, Trust Preferred securities, and certain corporate bonds, all of our non-GSE securities are senior positions that are the top of the capital structure.

Our investment securities portfolio consists of securities classified as available for sale and held to maturity. There were no trading securities in our investment portfolio at September 30, 2020 or at December 31, 2019. All available for sale securities are carried at fair value and may be used for liquidity purposes should management consider it to be in our best interest.

At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, we had available for sale securities of \$1.5 billion and \$1.2 billion, respectively. The \$282.1 million increase was primarily from the purchase of agency mortgage-backed securities (“MBS”) and commercial-backed securities (“CMBS”).

At September 30, 2020, our held to maturity securities portfolio primarily consisted of property assessed clean energy, or PACE bonds, tax-exempt municipal securities, GSE residential certificates and other debt. We carry these securities at amortized cost. We had held to maturity securities of \$440.9 million at September 30, 2020, and \$292.7 million at December 31, 2019.

Certain securities have fair values less than amortized cost and, therefore, contain unrealized losses. At September 30, 2020, we evaluated those securities which had an unrealized loss for other than temporary impairment (“OTTI”), and determined substantially all of the decline in value to be temporary. There were \$764.2 million of investment securities with unrealized losses at September 30, 2020 of which \$6.1 million had a continuous unrealized loss position for 12 consecutive months or longer that was greater than 5% of amortized cost. We anticipate full recovery of amortized cost with respect to these securities by the time that these securities mature, or sooner in the case that a more favorable market interest rate environment causes their fair value to increase. We do not intend to sell these securities and we believe it is more likely than not that we will be required to sell them before full recovery of their amortized cost basis, which may be at the time of their maturity.

The following table is a summary of our investment portfolio, using market value for available for sale securities and amortized cost for held to maturity securities, as of the dates indicated.

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>September 30, 2020</b>		<b>December 31, 2019</b>	
	<b>Amount</b>	<b>% of Portfolio</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>% of Portfolio</b>
<b>Available for sale:</b>				
<i>Mortgage-related:</i>				
GSE residential certificates	\$ 15,915	0.8 %	\$ 36,385	2.4 %
GSE CMOs	363,402	18.7 %	282,434	18.6 %
GSE commercial certificates & CMO	431,584	22.2 %	253,913	16.7 %
Non-GSE residential certificates	54,124	2.8 %	59,008	3.9 %
Non-GSE commercial certificates	44,450	2.3 %	46,874	3.1 %
<i>Other debt:</i>				
U.S. Treasury	204	0.0 %	199	0.0 %
ABS	566,401	29.1 %	523,777	34.5 %
Trust preferred	13,451	0.7 %	13,897	0.9 %
Corporate	17,369	0.9 %	8,283	0.6 %
Other	—	0.0 %	—	0.0 %
Total available for sale	1,506,900	77.4 %	1,224,770	80.7 %
<b>Held to maturity:</b>				
<i>Mortgage-related:</i>				
GSE residential certificates	617	0.0 %	635	0.0 %
Non GSE commercial certificates	225	0.0 %	270	0.0 %
<i>Other debt:</i>				
PACE	367,393	18.9 %	263,805	17.4 %
Municipal	67,614	3.5 %	22,894	1.5 %
Other	5,100	0.3 %	5,100	0.3 %
Total held to maturity	440,949	22.6 %	292,704	19.3 %
<b>Total securities</b>	<b>\$ 1,947,849</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 1,517,474</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>



The following table show contractual maturities and yields for the securities-available-for sale and held-to-maturity portfolios:

**Contractual Maturity as of September 30, 2020**

	One Year or Less		One to Five Years		Five to Ten Years		Due after Ten Years	
	Amortized Cost	Weighted Average Yield <sup>(1)</sup>	Amortized Cost	Weighted Average Yield <sup>(1)</sup>	Amortized Cost	Weighted Average Yield <sup>(1)</sup>	Amortized Cost	Weighted Average Yield <sup>(1)</sup>
<i>(In thousands)</i>								
<b>Available for sale:</b>								
<i>Mortgage-related:</i>								
GSE residential certificates	\$ —	0.0 %	\$ —	0.0 %	\$ —	— %	\$ 15,565	1.9 %
GSE residential CMOs	—	0.0 %	—	0.0 %	26,676	2.2 %	322,826	2.0 %
GSE commercial certificates & CMO	2,679	0.6 %	25,900	2.2 %	281,108	1.2 %	110,557	2.4 %
Non-GSE residential certificates	—	0.0 %	16,500	2.1 %	—	0.0 %	37,212	2.5 %
Non-GSE commercial certificates	—	0.0 %	—	0.0 %	—	0.0 %	45,190	1.3 %
<i>Other debt:</i>								
U.S. Treasury	—	0.0 %	200	1.7 %	—	0.0 %	—	0.0 %
ABS	—	0.0 %	18,630	3.2 %	185,370	1.7 %	362,661	2.0 %
Trust preferred	—	0.0 %	—	0.0 %	14,626	0.8 %	—	0.0 %
Corporate	—	0.0 %	3,000	6.5 %	7,971	5.0 %	6,000	4.9 %
<b>Held to maturity:</b>								
<i>Mortgage-related:</i>								
GSE residential certificates	—	0.0 %	—	0.0 %	7	5.5 %	610	3.5 %
Non GSE commercial certificates	—	0.0 %	—	0.0 %	—	0.0 %	225	5.6 %
<i>Other debt:</i>								
PACE	—	— %	—	— %	—	— %	367,393	4.2 %
Municipal	—	0.0 %	—	0.0 %	10,526	1.1 %	57,088	2.2 %
Other	2,000	1.5 %	3,100	3.3 %	—	0.0 %	—	0.0 %
<b>Total securities</b>	<b>\$ 4,679</b>	<b>1.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 67,330</b>	<b>2.7 %</b>	<b>\$ 526,284</b>	<b>1.5 %</b>	<b>\$ 1,325,327</b>	<b>2.7 %</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Estimated yield based on book price (amortized cost divided by par) using estimated prepayments and no change in interest rates.

The following table shows a breakdown of our asset backed securities by sector and ratings:

**September 30, 2020**

**ABS Securities:**

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Amount	%	Expected Avg. Life in Years	% Floating	Credit Ratings <i>Highest Rating if split rated</i>				Total
					% AAA	% AA	% A	% Not Rated	
CLO Commercial & Industrial	\$ 291,246	52 %	3.1	100 %	100 %	0 %	0 %	0 %	100 %
Consumer Mortgage	109,598	19 %	4.0	0 %	32 %	1 %	67 %	0 %	100 %
Student	107,027	19 %	2.7	100 %	100 %	0 %	0 %	0 %	100 %
	58,530	10 %	4.9	91 %	71 %	29 %	0 %	0 %	100 %
<b>Total Securities:</b>	<b>\$ 566,401</b>	<b>100 %</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>80 %</b>	<b>84 %</b>	<b>3 %</b>	<b>13 %</b>	<b>0 %</b>	<b>100 %</b>

**Loans**

Lending-related income is the most important component of our net interest income and is the main driver of our results of operations. Total loans, net of deferred origination fees, were \$3.6 billion as of September 30, 2020 compared to \$3.5 billion as of December 31, 2019. Within our commercial loan portfolio, our primary focus has been on C&I, multifamily and CRE lending. Within our retail loan portfolio, our primary focus has been on residential 1-4 family (1st lien) mortgages. We intend to focus any organic growth in our loan portfolio on these lending areas as part of our strategic plan.

In the third quarter of 2020, we purchased \$20.7 million of United States guaranteed Paycheck Protection Program (“PPP”) loans, \$4.9 million of solar loans and \$15.8 million of commercial loans that are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States government.

The following table sets forth the composition of our loan portfolio, as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	September 30, 2020		December 31, 2019	
	Amount	% of total loans	Amount	% of total loans
<i>Commercial portfolio:</i>				
Commercial and industrial	\$ 660,914	18.4 %	\$ 474,342	13.7 %
Multifamily mortgages	974,962	27.1 %	976,380	28.2 %
Commercial real estate mortgages	388,757	10.8 %	421,947	12.2 %
Construction and land development mortgages	61,687	1.7 %	62,271	1.8 %
Total commercial portfolio	2,086,320	58.0 %	1,934,940	55.9 %
<i>Retail portfolio:</i>				
Residential real estate lending	1,329,021	37.0 %	1,366,473	39.4 %
Consumer and other	179,507	5.0 %	163,077	4.7 %
Total retail portfolio	1,508,528	42.0 %	1,529,550	44.1 %
Total loans	3,594,848	100.0 %	3,464,490	100.0 %
Net deferred loan origination costs (fees)	7,604		8,124	
Allowance for loan losses	(48,072)		(33,847)	
Total loans, net	<u>\$ 3,554,380</u>		<u>\$ 3,438,767</u>	

### *Commercial loan portfolio*

Our commercial loan portfolio comprised 58.0% of our total loan portfolio at September 30, 2020 and 55.9% of our total loan portfolio at December 31, 2019. The major categories of our commercial loan portfolio are discussed below:

*C&I.* Our C&I loans are generally made to small and medium-sized manufacturers and wholesale, retail and service-based businesses to provide either working capital or to finance major capital expenditures. The primary source of repayment for C&I loans is generally operating cash flows of the business. We also seek to minimize risks related to these loans by requiring such loans to be collateralized by various business assets (including inventory, equipment and accounts receivable). The average size of our C&I loans at September 30, 2020 by exposure was \$3.4 million with a median size of \$1.0 million. We have shifted our lending strategy to focus on developing full customer relationships including deposits, cash management, and lending. The businesses that we focus on are generally mission aligned with our core values, including organic and natural products, sustainable companies, clean energy, nonprofits, and B Corporations™.

Our C&I loans totaled \$660.9 million at September 30, 2020, which comprised 18.4% of our total loan portfolio. During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the C&I loan portfolio increased by 39.3% from \$474.3 million at December 31, 2019, of which \$33 million of the growth was due to increased usage of existing lines of credit.

*Multifamily.* Our multifamily loans are generally used to purchase or refinance apartment buildings of five units or more, which collateralize the loan, in major metropolitan areas within our markets. Multifamily loans have 82% of their exposure in NYC—our largest geographic concentration. Our multifamily loans have been underwritten under stringent guidelines on loan-to-value and debt service coverage ratios that are designed to mitigate credit and concentration risk in this loan category.

Our multifamily loans totaled \$975.0 million at September 30, 2020, which comprised 27.1% of our total loan portfolio. During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the multifamily loan portfolio decreased by 0.1% from \$976.4 million at December 31, 2019.

*CRE.* Our CRE loans are used to purchase or refinance office buildings, retail centers, industrial facilities, medical facilities and mixed-used buildings. Included in this total are 27 borrowers financing owner-occupied buildings which account for an aggregate total of \$47 million in loans as of September 30, 2020.

Our CRE loans totaled \$388.8 million at September 30, 2020, which comprised 10.8% of our total loan portfolio. During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the CRE loan portfolio decreased by 7.9% from \$421.9 million at December 31, 2019, primarily due to payoffs.

### *Retail loan portfolio*

Our retail loan portfolio comprised 42.0% of our loan portfolio at September 30, 2020 and 44.1% of our loan portfolio at December 31, 2019. The major categories of our retail loan portfolio are discussed below.

*Residential real estate lending.* Our residential 1-4 family mortgage loans are residential mortgages that are primarily secured by single-family homes, which can be owner occupied or investor owned. These loans are either originated by our loan officers or purchased from other originators with the servicing retained by such originators. Our residential real estate lending portfolio is 99% first mortgage loans and 1% second mortgage loans. As of September 30, 2020, 81% of our residential 1-4 family mortgage loans were either originated by our loan officers since 2012 or were acquired in our acquisition of NRB, 13% were purchased from two third parties on or after July 2014, and 6% were purchased by us from other originators before 2010. Our residential real estate lending loans totaled \$1.3 billion at September 30, 2020, which comprised 88.1% of our retail loan portfolio and 37.0% of our total loan portfolio. In September 30, 2020, our residential real estate lending loans decreased by 2.7% from \$1.4 billion at December 31, 2019.

*Consumer and other.* Our consumer and other portfolio is comprised of purchased student loans, residential solar loans, unsecured consumer loans and overdraft lines. Our consumer and other loans totaled \$179.5 million at September 30, 2020, which comprised 5.0% of our total loan portfolio, compared to \$163.1 million, or 4.7% of our total loan portfolio, at December 31, 2019.

### ***Maturities and Sensitivity of Loans to Changes in Interest Rates***

The information in the following table is based on the contractual maturities of individual loans, including loans that may be subject to renewal at their contractual maturity. Renewal of these loans is subject to review and credit approval, as well as modification of terms upon maturity. Actual repayments of loans may differ from the maturities reflected below because borrowers have the right to prepay obligations with or without prepayment penalties. The following tables summarize the loan maturity distribution by type and related interest rate characteristics at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

*(In thousands)*

	<u>One year or less</u>	<u>After one but within five years</u>	<u>After 5 years</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>September 30, 2020:</b>				
<i>Commercial Portfolio:</i>				
Commercial and industrial	\$ 144,026	\$ 245,455	\$ 271,433	\$ 660,914
Multifamily	100,093	544,490	330,379	974,962
Commercial real estate	50,391	234,459	103,907	388,757
Construction and land development	47,281	9,355	5,051	61,687
<i>Retail Portfolio:</i>				
Residential real estate lending	458	606	1,327,957	1,329,021
Consumer and other	556	3,384	175,567	179,507
<b>Total Loans</b>	<u>\$ 342,805</u>	<u>\$ 1,037,749</u>	<u>\$ 2,214,294</u>	<u>\$ 3,594,848</u>

*(In thousands)*

	<u>After one but within five years</u>	<u>After 5 years</u>	<u>Total</u>
Gross loan maturing after one year with:			
Fixed interest rates	\$ 866,411	\$ 1,463,951	\$ 2,330,362
Floating or adjustable interest rates	171,338	750,343	921,681
<b>Total Loans</b>	<u>\$ 1,037,749</u>	<u>\$ 2,214,294</u>	<u>\$ 3,252,043</u>

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<u>One year or less</u>	<u>After one but within five years</u>	<u>After 5 years</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>December 31, 2019:</b>				
<i>Commercial Portfolio:</i>				
Commercial and industrial	\$ 88,036	\$ 183,387	\$ 202,919	\$ 474,342
Multifamily	96,845	608,647	270,888	976,380
Commercial real estate	53,669	251,729	116,549	421,947
Construction and land development	35,121	14,124	13,026	62,271
<i>Retail Portfolio:</i>				
Residential real estate lending	436	634	1,365,403	1,366,473
Consumer and other	714	4,042	158,321	163,077
<b>Total retail</b>	<u>\$ 274,821</u>	<u>\$ 1,062,563</u>	<u>\$ 2,127,106</u>	<u>\$ 3,464,490</u>

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<u>After one but within five years</u>	<u>After 5 years</u>	<u>Total</u>
Gross loan maturing after one year with:			
Fixed interest rates	\$ 902,981	\$ 1,366,370	\$ 2,269,351
Floating or adjustable interest rates	159,582	760,736	920,318
<b>Total Loans</b>	<u>\$ 1,062,563</u>	<u>\$ 2,127,106</u>	<u>\$ 3,189,669</u>

### ***Allowance for Loan Losses***

We maintain the allowance at a level we believe is sufficient to absorb probable incurred losses in our loan portfolio given the conditions at the time. Management determines the adequacy of the allowance based on periodic evaluations of the loan portfolio and other factors, including end-of-period loan levels and portfolio composition, observable trends in nonperforming loans, our historical loan losses, known and inherent risks in the portfolio, underwriting practices, adverse situations that may impact a borrower's ability to repay, the estimated value and sufficiency of any underlying collateral, credit risk grade assessments, loan impairment and economic conditions. These evaluations are inherently subjective as they require management to make material estimates, all of which may be susceptible to significant change. The allowance is increased by provisions for loan losses charged to expense and decreased by actual charge-offs, net of recoveries of previous amounts charged-off.

The allowance consists of specific allowances for loans that are individually classified as impaired and general components. Impaired loans include loans placed on nonaccrual status and TDRs. Loans are considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that we will be unable to collect all amounts due in accordance with the original contractual terms of the loan agreements. When determining if we will be unable to collect all principal and interest payments due in accordance with the original contractual terms of the loan agreement, we consider the borrower's overall financial condition, resources and payment record, support from guarantors, and the realized value of any collateral. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays and payment shortfalls generally are not classified as impaired. Management determines the significance of payment delays and payment shortfalls on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration all of the circumstances surrounding the loan and the borrower, including the length of the delay, the reasons for the delay, the borrower's prior payment record, and the amount of the shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed.

Impaired loans are individually identified and evaluated for impairment based on a combination of internally assigned risk ratings and a defined dollar threshold. If a loan is impaired, a specific reserve is applied to the loan so that the loan is reported, net, at the discounted expected future cash flows or at the fair value of collateral if repayment is collateral dependent. Impaired loans which do not meet the criteria for individual evaluation are evaluated in homogeneous pools of loans with similar risk characteristics.

In accordance with the accounting guidance for business combinations, there was no allowance brought forward on any of the loans we acquired in our acquisition of NRB. For purchased non-credit impaired loans, credit discounts representing the principal losses expected over the life of the loan are a component of the initial fair value and the discount is accreted to interest income.

over the life of the loan. Subsequent to the acquisition date, the method used to evaluate the sufficiency of the credit discount is similar to organic loans, and if necessary, additional reserves are recognized in the allowance.

The following tables presents, by loan type, the changes in the allowance for the periods indicated:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>Three Months Ended September 30,</b>		<b>Nine Months Ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 50,010	\$ 33,630	\$ 33,847	\$ 37,195
Loan charge-offs:				
<i>Commercial portfolio:</i>				
Commercial and industrial	78	844	79	9,236
Multifamily	—	—	—	—
Commercial real estate	3,787	—	3,787	—
Construction and land development	970	—	970	—
<i>Retail portfolio:</i>				
Residential real estate lending	188	425	452	564
Consumer and other	515	329	1,306	514
Total loan charge-offs	<u>5,538</u>	<u>1,598</u>	<u>6,594</u>	<u>10,314</u>
Recoveries of loans previously charged-off:				
<i>Commercial portfolio:</i>				
Commercial and industrial	1	1,688	4	1,694
Multifamily	—	—	—	—
Commercial real estate	—	—	—	—
Construction and land development	1	—	1	—
<i>Retail portfolio:</i>				
Residential real estate lending	119	506	482	1,258
Consumer and other	85	29	130	109
Total loan recoveries	<u>206</u>	<u>2,223</u>	<u>617</u>	<u>3,061</u>
Net charge-offs (recoveries)	5,332	(625)	5,977	7,253
Provision for (recovery of) loan losses	3,394	(558)	20,202	3,755
Balance at end of period	<u>\$ 48,072</u>	<u>\$ 33,697</u>	<u>\$ 48,072</u>	<u>\$ 33,697</u>

The allowance increased \$14.3 million to \$48.1 million at September 30, 2020 and from \$33.8 million at December 31, 2019. The increase was primarily due to increases in the specific reserves for indirect C&I loans and an increase in allowance related to the COVID-19 pandemic, which has resulted in deteriorated economic conditions and uncertainty. At September 30, 2020, we had \$78.8 million of impaired loans for which a specific allowance of \$12.7 million was made, compared to \$65.5 million of impaired loans at December 31, 2019 for which a specific allowance of \$7.5 million was made. The ratio of allowance to total loans was 1.34% for September 30, 2020 and 0.96% for December 31, 2019. The increase is primarily attributable to the increase in specific reserves on C&I loans and the increase in qualitative factors mentioned above. We believe the COVID-19 pandemic has had and may continue to have an adverse effect on the credit quality of our loan portfolio during the remainder of 2020. The impact of the virus on the economy and on the financial condition of our borrowers could result in increased loan delinquencies and defaults. Impaired loans have increased as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic and may continue to increase in future periods.

### Allocation of Allowance for Loan Losses

The following table presents the allocation of the allowance and the percentage of the total amount of loans in each loan category listed as of the dates indicated:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	At September 30, 2020		At December 31, 2019	
	Amount	% of total loans	Amount	% of total loans
<i>Commercial Portfolio:</i>				
Commercial and industrial	\$ 16,689	18.4 %	\$ 11,126	14.2 %
Multifamily	8,445	27.1 %	5,210	28.4 %
Commercial real estate	4,351	10.8 %	2,492	12.6 %
Construction and land development	1,717	1.7 %	808	1.8 %
Total commercial portfolio	31,202	58.0 %	19,636	57.0 %
<i>Retail Portfolio:</i>				
Residential real estate lending	15,237	37.0 %	14,149	37.5 %
Consumer and other	1,633	5.0 %	62	4.8 %
Total retail portfolio	16,870	42.0 %	14,211	43.0 %
<b>Total allowance for loan losses</b>	<b>\$ 48,072</b>		<b>\$ 33,847</b>	

### Nonperforming Assets

Nonperforming assets include all loans categorized as nonaccrual or restructured, other real estate owned and other repossessed assets. The accrual of interest on loans is discontinued, or the loan is placed on nonaccrual, when the full collection of principal and interest is in doubt. We generally do not accrue interest on loans that are 90 days or more past due (unless we are in the process of collection or an extension and determine that the customer is not in financial difficulty). When a loan is placed on nonaccrual, previously accrued but unpaid interest is reversed and charged against interest income and future accruals of interest are discontinued. Payments by borrowers for loans on nonaccrual are applied to loan principal. Loans are returned to accrual status when, in our judgment, the borrower's ability to satisfy principal and interest obligations under the loan agreement has improved sufficiently to reasonably assure recovery of principal and the borrower has demonstrated a sustained period of repayment performance.

A loan is identified as a TDR when we, for economic or legal reasons related to the borrower's financial difficulties, grant a concession to the borrower. The concessions may be granted in various forms, including interest rate reductions, principal forgiveness, extension of maturity date, waiver or deferral of payments and other actions intended to minimize potential losses. A loan that has been restructured as a TDR may not be disclosed as a TDR in years subsequent to the restructuring if certain conditions are met. Generally, a nonaccrual loan that is restructured remains on nonaccrual status for a period no less than six months to demonstrate that the borrower can meet the restructured terms. However, the borrower's performance prior to the restructuring or other significant events at the time of restructuring may be considered in assessing whether the borrower can meet the new terms and may result in the loan being returned to accrual status after a shorter performance period. If the borrower's performance under the new terms is not reasonably assured, the loan remains classified as a nonaccrual loan.

As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, we have experienced a significant increase in the number of requests for temporary loan modifications. As of September 30, 2020, we had COVID-19 related loan payment deferrals or deferral requests in process totaling \$293.0 million, of which 77% were in our commercial portfolio. We have granted these borrowers short-term concessions of three to six months, in the form of payment deferrals. According to the interagency guidance and the CARES Act, loans modified during the COVID-19 pandemic are not considered TDRs as long as the borrower was not experiencing financial difficulty before the pandemic and the reason for the deferral is temporary in nature and the loans are expected to continue performing after the COVID-19 pandemic.

The following table sets forth our nonperforming assets as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

(In thousands)

	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Loans 90 days past due and accruing	\$ 9,522	\$ 446
Nonaccrual loans excluding held for sale loans and restructured loans	17,515	5,992
Troubled debt restructured loans - nonaccrual	33,306	25,019
Troubled debt restructured loans - accruing	19,919	34,367
Other real estate owned	306	809
Impaired securities	44	65
<b>Total nonperforming assets</b>	<b>\$ 80,612</b>	<b>\$ 66,698</b>
<b>Nonaccrual loans:</b>		
Commercial and industrial	\$ 25,785	\$ 15,564
Multifamily	—	—
Commercial real estate	3,500	3,693
Construction and land development	10,688	3,652
<b>Total commercial portfolio</b>	<b>39,973</b>	<b>22,909</b>
Residential real estate lending	9,750	7,774
Consumer and other	1,098	328
<b>Total retail portfolio</b>	<b>10,848</b>	<b>8,102</b>
<b>Total nonaccrual loans</b>	<b>\$ 50,821</b>	<b>\$ 31,011</b>
Nonperforming assets to total assets	1.22 %	1.25 %
Nonaccrual assets to total assets	0.77 %	0.60 %
Nonaccrual loans to total loans	1.41 %	0.90 %
Allowance for loan losses to nonaccrual loans	95 %	109 %

Total nonperforming assets totaled \$80.6 million at September 30, 2020 compared to \$66.7 million at December 31, 2019. The increase in nonperforming assets at September 30, 2020 compared to the year-ended December 31, 2019 was primarily driven by the addition of one \$8.0 million non-accruing construction loan, and one \$8.1 million accruing construction loan which was paid in full in October 2020.

Potential problem loans are loans which management has doubts as to the ability of the borrowers to comply with the present loan repayment terms. Potential problem loans are performing loans and include our special mention and substandard-accruing commercial loans and/or loans 30-89 days past due. These loans are not included in the nonperforming assets table above and totaled \$65.2 million, or 1.0% of total assets, at September 30, 2020. \$21.0 million of these loans are commercial loans currently in workout, with the expectation that all will be rehabilitated. \$9.2 million are residential 1-4 family loans, with \$6.8 million at 30 days delinquent, and \$2.5 million at 60 days delinquent.

COVID-19 related deferrals included \$3.3 million of loans rated special mention as of September 30, 2020.

#### Deferred Tax Asset

We had a deferred tax asset, net of deferred tax liabilities, of \$27.0 million at September 30, 2020 and \$28.4 million at December 31, 2019. As of September 30, 2020, our deferred tax assets were fully realizable with no valuation allowance held against the balance. Our management concluded that it was more-likely-than-not that the entire amount will be realized.

We will evaluate the recoverability of our net deferred tax asset on a periodic basis and record decreases (increases) as a deferred tax provision (benefit) in the Consolidated Statements of Income as appropriate.



## Deposits

Deposits represent our primary source of funds. We are focused on growing our core deposits through relationship-based banking with our business and consumer clients. Total deposits were \$6.0 billion at September 30, 2020, compared to \$4.6 billion at December 31, 2019. We believe that our strong deposit franchise is attributable to our mission-based strategy of developing and maintaining relationships with our clients who share similar values and through maintaining a high level of service.

We gather deposits through each of our three branch locations across New York City, our one branch in Washington, D.C., our one branch in San Francisco, our one branch in Boston and through the efforts of our commercial banking team which focuses nationally on business growth. Through our branch network, online, mobile and direct banking channels, we offer a variety of deposit products including demand deposit accounts, money market deposits, NOW accounts, savings and certificates of deposit. We bank politically active customers, such as campaigns, PACs, and state and national party committees, which we refer to as political deposits. These deposits exhibit seasonality based on election cycles. As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, we had approximately \$1.2 billion and \$578.6 million, respectively, in political deposits which are primarily in demand deposits. We expect these deposits to decline as the 2020 presidential election cycle ends in the fourth quarter of 2020.

Maturities of time certificates of deposit and other time deposits of \$100,000 or more outstanding at September 30, 2020 are summarized as follows:

### Maturities as of September 30, 2020

<i>(In thousands)</i>	
Within three months	\$ 69,678
After three but within six months	52,335
After six months but within twelve months	43,345
After twelve months	19,092
	<u>\$ 184,450</u>

## Liquidity

Liquidity refers to our ability to maintain cash flow that is adequate to fund our operations, support asset growth, maintain reserve requirements and meet present and future obligations of deposit withdrawals, lending obligations and other contractual obligations through either the sale or maturity of existing assets or by obtaining additional funding through liability management. Our liquidity risk management policy provides the framework that we use to maintain adequate liquidity and sources of available liquidity at levels that enable us to meet all reasonably foreseeable short-term, long-term and strategic liquidity demands. The Asset and Liability Management Committee is responsible for oversight of liquidity risk management activities in accordance with the provisions of our liquidity risk policy and applicable bank regulatory capital and liquidity laws and regulations. Our liquidity risk management process includes (i) ongoing analysis and monitoring of our funding requirements under various balance sheet and economic scenarios, (ii) review and monitoring of lenders, depositors, brokers and other liability holders to ensure appropriate diversification of funding sources and (iii) liquidity contingency planning to address liquidity needs in the event of unforeseen market disruption impacting a wide range of variables. We continuously monitor our liquidity position in order for our assets and liabilities to be managed in a manner that will meet our immediate and long-term funding requirements. We manage our liquidity position to meet the daily cash flow needs of customers, while maintaining an appropriate balance between assets and liabilities to meet the return on investment objectives of our stockholders. We also monitor our liquidity requirements in light of interest rate trends, changes in the economy, and the scheduled maturity and interest rate sensitivity of our securities and loan portfolios and deposits. Liquidity management is made more complicated because different balance sheet components are subject to varying degrees of management control. For example, the timing of maturities of our investment portfolio is fairly predictable and subject to a high degree of control when we make investment decisions. Net deposit inflows and outflows, however, are far less predictable and are not subject to the same degree of certainty.

Our liquidity position is supported by management of our liquid assets and liabilities and access to alternative sources of funds. Our short-term and long-term liquidity requirements are primarily to fund on-going operations, including payment of interest on deposits and debt, extensions of credit to borrowers and capital expenditures. These liquidity requirements are met primarily

through our deposits, FHLB advances and the principal and interest payments we receive on loans and investment securities. Cash, interest-bearing deposits in third-party banks, securities available for sale and maturing or prepaying balances in our investment and loan portfolios are our most liquid assets. Other sources of liquidity that are available to us include the sale of loans we hold for investment, the ability to acquire additional national market non-core deposits, borrowings through the Federal Reserve's discount window and the issuance of debt or equity securities. We believe that the sources of available liquidity are adequate to meet our current and reasonably foreseeable future liquidity needs.

At September 30, 2020, our cash and equivalents, which consist of cash and amounts due from banks and interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions, amounted to \$743.1 million, or 11.2% of total assets, compared to \$122.5 million, or 2.3% of total assets at December 31, 2019. Our available for sale securities at September 30, 2020 were \$1.5 billion, or 22.8% of total assets, compared to \$1.2 billion, or 23.0% of total assets at December 31, 2019. Investment securities with an aggregate fair value of \$83.5 million at September 30, 2020 were pledged to secure public deposits and repurchase agreements.

The liability portion of the balance sheet serves as our primary source of liquidity. We plan to meet our future cash needs through the generation of deposits. Customer deposits have historically provided a sizeable source of relatively stable and low-cost funds. We are also a member of the FHLB, from which we can borrow for leverage or liquidity purposes. The FHLB requires that securities and qualifying loans be pledged to secure any advances. At September 30, 2020, we had no advances from the FHLB and a remaining credit availability of \$1.7 billion. In addition, we maintain borrowing capacity of approximately \$131.1 million with the Federal Reserve's discount window that is secured by certain securities from our portfolio which are not pledged for other purposes.

### **Capital Resources**

Total stockholders' equity at September 30, 2020 was \$522.5 million, compared to \$490.5 million at December 31, 2019, an increase of \$32.0 million. The increase was primarily driven by \$32.4 million of net income and a \$12.1 million increase in accumulated other comprehensive income due to the mark to market on our securities portfolio, offset by a \$7.0 million decrease due to share repurchases in the first quarter of 2020 under our share repurchase program and a \$7.6 million decrease due to dividends to shareholders.

We are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by federal banking regulators. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by federal banking regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on our financial statements.

Regulatory capital rules adopted in July 2013 and fully phased in as of January 1, 2019, which we refer to as the Basel III rules, impose minimum capital requirements for bank holding companies and banks. The Basel III rules apply to all national and state banks and savings associations regardless of size and bank holding companies and savings and loan holding companies with consolidated assets of more than \$3 billion. In order to avoid restrictions on capital distributions or discretionary bonus payments to executives, a covered banking organization must maintain the fully phased in "capital conservation buffer" of 2.5% on top of its minimum risk-based capital requirements. This buffer must consist solely of common equity Tier 1 risk-based capital, but the buffer applies to all three measurements (common equity Tier 1 risk-based capital, Tier 1 capital and total capital). The capital conservation is equal to 2.5% of risk-weighted assets.

As of September 30, 2020, we were categorized as “well capitalized” under the prompt corrective action measures and met the now fully phased-in capital conservation buffer requirements. The following table shows the regulatory capital ratios for us at the dates indicated:

	Actual		For Capital Adequacy Purposes <sup>(1)</sup>		To Be Considered Well Capitalized	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
<i>(In thousands)</i>						
<b>September 30, 2020</b>						
Total capital to risk weighted assets	\$ 526,021	14.01 %	\$ 300,429	8.00 %	\$ 375,536	10.00 %
Tier I capital to risk weighted assets	479,047	12.76 %	225,321	6.00 %	300,429	8.00 %
Tier I capital to average assets	479,047	7.69 %	260,409	4.00 %	325,511	5.00 %
Common equity tier 1 to risk weighted assets	479,047	14.01 %	168,991	4.50 %	244,098	6.50 %
<b>December 31, 2019</b>						
Total capital to risk weighted assets	\$ 490,831	14.01 %	\$ 280,265	8.00 %	\$ 350,331	10.00 %
Tier I capital to risk weighted assets	455,668	13.01 %	210,199	6.00 %	280,265	8.00 %
Tier I capital to average assets	455,668	8.90 %	204,852	4.00 %	256,065	5.00 %
Common equity tier 1 to risk weighted assets	455,668	13.01 %	157,649	4.50 %	227,715	6.50 %

(1) Amounts are shown exclusive of the capital conservation buffer of 2.50%.

### Contractual Obligations

We have entered into contractual obligations in the normal course of business that involve elements of credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. The following table summarizes these relations as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

#### September 30, 2020

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Total	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years
Operating Leases	60,219	2,499	19,600	19,459	18,661
Purchase Obligations	37,087	4,612	9,224	9,224	14,027
	<u>\$ 97,306</u>	<u>\$ 7,111</u>	<u>\$ 28,824</u>	<u>\$ 28,683</u>	<u>\$ 32,688</u>

#### December 31, 2019

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Total	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years
Long Term Debt	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Operating Leases	69,679	10,743	20,816	19,459	18,661
Purchase Obligations	13,413	2,012	4,024	4,024	3,353
	<u>\$ 158,092</u>	<u>\$ 87,755</u>	<u>\$ 24,840</u>	<u>\$ 23,483</u>	<u>\$ 22,014</u>

### Investment Obligations

The Bank is party to an agreement with PFG for the purchase of up to \$150 million of PACE assessment securities by September 2021, to be held in our held-to-maturity investment portfolio. As of September 30, 2020, the Bank had fulfilled \$98.8 million of its obligation. As of December 31, 2019, the Bank was not party to such an agreement or related purchase obligation. The PACE assessments have equal-lien priority with property taxes and rank senior to first lien mortgages.

### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

There have been no material changes in the Bank's market risk as of September 30, 2020 from that presented in the 2019 Annual Report. The interest rate sensitivity position at September 30, 2020 is discussed below.

#### Evaluation of Interest Rate Risk

Our simulation models incorporate various assumptions, which we believe are reasonable but which may have a significant impact on results such as: (1) the timing of changes in interest rates, (2) shifts or rotations in the yield curve, (3) loan and securities prepayment speeds for different interest rate scenarios, (4) interest rates and balances of indeterminate-maturity deposits for different scenarios, and (5) new volume and yield assumptions for loans, securities and deposits. Because of limitations inherent in any approach used to measure interest rate risk, simulation results are not intended as a forecast of the actual effect of a change in market interest rates on our results but rather to better plan and execute appropriate asset-liability management strategies and manage our interest rate risk.

Potential changes to our net interest income and economic value of equity in hypothetical rising and declining rate scenarios calculated as of September 30, 2020 are presented in the following table. The projections assume immediate, parallel shifts downward of the yield curve of 100 basis points and immediate, parallel shifts upward of the yield curve of 100, 200, 300 and 400 basis points. In the current interest rate environment, a downward shift of the yield curve of 200, 300 and 400 basis points does not provide us with meaningful results.

The results of this simulation analysis are hypothetical and should not be relied on as indicative of expected operating results. A variety of factors might cause actual results to differ substantially from what is depicted. For example, if the timing and magnitude of interest rate changes differ from those projected, our net interest income might vary significantly. Non-parallel yield curve shifts such as a flattening or steepening of the yield curve or changes in interest rate spreads, would also cause our net interest income to be different from that depicted. An increasing interest rate environment could reduce projected net interest income if deposits and other short-term liabilities re-price faster than expected or faster than our assets re-price. Actual results could differ from those projected if we grow assets and liabilities faster or slower than estimated, if we experience a net outflow of deposit liabilities or if our mix of assets and liabilities otherwise changes. Actual results could also differ from those projected if we experience substantially different repayment speeds in our loan portfolio than those assumed in the simulation model. Finally, these simulation results do not contemplate all the actions that we may undertake in response to potential or actual changes in interest rates, such as changes to our loan, investment, deposit, funding or hedging strategies.

Change in Market Interest Rates as of September 30, 2020	Estimated Increase (Decrease) in:			
	Economic Value of Equity	Economic Value of Equity (\$)	Year 1 Net Interest Income	Year 1 Net Interest Income (\$)
Immediate Shift				
+400 basis points	6.6 %	55,758	21.2 %	35,528
+300 basis points	12.6 %	106,208	21.4 %	35,770
+200 basis points	15.4 %	129,780	17.9 %	30,029
+100 basis points	11.6 %	98,107	11.0 %	18,338
-100 basis points	-18.3 %	(154,393)	-8.8 %	(14,653)

**Item 4. Controls and Procedures.**

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Exchange Act as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on that evaluation, the Bank's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Bank's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report.

**Changes in Internal Controls**

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2020 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

The design of any system of controls and procedures is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events. There can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote.

## PART II

### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings.**

We are subject to certain pending and threatened legal actions that arise out of the normal course of business. Additionally, we, like all banking organizations, are subject to heightened legal and regulatory compliance and litigation risk. Based upon management's current knowledge, following consultation with legal counsel, in the opinion of management, there is no pending or threatened legal matter that would result in a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition or results of operation.

## **Item 1A. Risk Factors.**

Investing in shares of our common stock involves certain risks, including those identified and described in Item 1A. of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, as well as cautionary statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including those under the caption “Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements” and set forth in Part II, Item 1A. of our Quarterly Reports on Forms 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2020.

Except as set forth in Part II, Item 1A. of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 filed with the FDIC on April 30, 2020, which is incorporated herein by this reference, there have been no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 filed with the FDIC on March 13, 2020.

*We depend on our executive officers and other key employees, and our ability to attract additional key personnel, to continue the implementation of our long-term business strategy, and we could be harmed by the unexpected loss of their services.*

We believe that our continued growth and future success will depend in large part on the skills of our executive officers and other key employees and our ability to motivate and retain these individuals, as well as our ability to attract, motivate and retain highly qualified senior and middle management and other skilled employees. Competition for employees is intense, and the process of locating key personnel with the combination of skills and attributes required to execute our business strategy may be lengthy. We may not be successful in retaining our key personnel, and the unexpected loss of services of one or more of our key personnel could have a material adverse effect on our business because of their skill, knowledge of our primary markets, years of industry experience and the difficulty of promptly finding qualified replacement personnel, such as with Mr. Mestrich, who, as previously disclosed, will leave his positions with us on January 31, 2021. If the services of any of our of key personnel should become unavailable for any reason, including their voluntary departure, such as in the case of Mr. Mestrich, we may not be able to identify and hire qualified persons on terms acceptable to us, or at all, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operation and future prospects. In addition, we do not currently have employment agreements with any of our other executive officers; however, we have a change in control policy applicable to certain executive officers. Our officers have agreed to a one-year non-solicitation covenant; therefore, these officers could leave us and immediately begin competing against us and after one year begin soliciting our customers. The departure of any of our other personnel could have a material adverse impact on our business, results of operations and growth prospects.

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.**

The following schedule summarizes our total monthly share repurchase activity for the three months ended September 30, 2020:

<b>Period (Settlement Date)</b>	<b>Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities</b>			
	<b>Total number of shares purchased <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>Average price paid per share</b>	<b>Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs</b>	<b>Approximate dollar value that may yet be purchased under plans or programs <sup>(2)</sup></b>
July 1 through July 31, 2020	—	\$ —	—	\$ 12,212,492
August 1 through August 31, 2020	—	—	—	12,212,492
September 1 through September 30, 2020	—	—	—	12,212,492
Total	—	\$ —	—	—

(1) Includes shares withheld by the Bank to pay the taxes associated with the vesting of stock options.

(2) On May 29, 2019, the Bank's Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program authorizing the repurchase of up to \$25 million of its outstanding common stock. No time limit was set for the completion of the share repurchase program. The authorization does not require the Bank to acquire any specified number of common shares and may be commenced, suspended or discontinued without prior notice. Under this authorization, \$0 were purchased during the quarter.



**Item 6. Exhibits.**

<b>Exhibit No.</b>	<b>Description of Exhibit</b>
2.1	Plan of Acquisition adopted and approved by Amalgamated Bank and Amalgamated Financial Corp. dated September 4, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to Amalgamated Bank's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the FDIC on September 8, 2020)
3.1	Organization Certificate of Amalgamated Bank, as amended and restated through July 22, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Amalgamated Bank's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the FDIC on July 22, 2020)
3.2	Bylaws of Amalgamated Bank, as amended and restated through April 6, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Amalgamated Bank's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the FDIC on April 7, 2020)
<a href="#">31.1</a>	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of the Chief Executive Officer
<a href="#">31.2</a>	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of the Chief Financial Officer
<a href="#">32.1</a>	Section 1350 Certifications

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

### AMALGAMATED BANK

November 6, 2020	By: /s/ Keith Mestrich _____ Keith Mestrich President and Chief Executive Officer <i>(Principal Executive Officer)</i>
November 6, 2020	By: /s/ Andrew LaBenne _____ Andrew LaBenne Chief Financial Officer <i>(Principal Financial Officer)</i>
November 6, 2020	By: /s/ Jason Darby _____ Jason Darby Chief Accounting Officer <i>(Principal Accounting Officer)</i>

**Exhibit 31.1**

**Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of the Chief Executive Officer**

I, Keith Mestrich, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Amalgamated Bank
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 6, 2020

/s/ Keith Mestrich

Keith Mestrich, President and Chief Executive Officer

**Exhibit 31.2**

**Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of the Chief Financial Officer**

I, Andrew LaBenne, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Amalgamated Bank.
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 6, 2020

/s/ Andrew LaBenne  
Andrew LaBenne, Chief Financial Officer

**Exhibit 32.1**

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Amalgamated Bank (the "Bank") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2020 as filed with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of the Bank, each certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 that, to his knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Bank.

*/s/ Keith Mestrich*

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Keith Mestrich

President and Chief Executive Officer

November 6, 2020

*/s/ Andrew LaBenne*

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Andrew LaBenne

Chief Financial Officer

November 6, 2020

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20006

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): October 14, 2020 (October 7, 2020)

AMALGAMATED BANK

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New York 13-4920330  
(State or other jurisdiction (IRS employer  
of incorporation) identification no.)

275 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York 10001  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (212) 895-8988 Not Applicable  
(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c)) Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share	AMAL	The Nasdaq Global Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (17 CFR § 230.405) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (17 CFR § 240.12b-2).

Emerging growth company  S

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

## **Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.**

On October 14, 2020, Amalgamated Bank (the “Bank”) issued a press release announcing certain preliminary financial results for the third quarter of 2020. The press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

The information in this Item 2.02, including Exhibit 99.1, shall not be deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

## **Item 5.02 Departure of Directors or Certain Officers; Election of Directors; Appointment of Certain Officers; Compensatory Arrangements of Certain Officers.**

### *Departure of Chief Executive Officer*

On October 7, 2020, Keith R. Mestrich, the President and Chief Executive Officer and a director of the Bank, notified the board of directors of the Bank that he will step down from his positions as President, Chief Executive Officer and director of the Bank, effective January 31, 2021. Mr. Mestrich’s departure is not due to any disagreement with the Bank regarding its operations, policies or practices.

### *Transition and Separation Agreement*

In order to ensure an orderly transition, on October 12, 2020, the Bank and Mr. Mestrich entered into a transition and separation agreement (the “transition agreement”). The transition agreement provides that Mr. Mestrich will continue to serve as the Bank’s Chief Executive Officer through January 31, 2021, unless before such date, his employment is terminated pursuant to his employment agreement (as defined below) (such period, the “transition period”). The transition agreement further provides that if Mr. Mestrich is employed by the Bank on January 31, 2021, effective February 1, 2021, he will transition to the role of a special advisor to the Bank’s board of directors until July 31, 2021, unless earlier terminated under the terms of the transition agreement (such period, the “special advisor period”); provided, that, the board may determine to accelerate the date on which Mr. Mestrich becomes a special advisor to the Bank (the “transition date”) and such date will end the transition period and begin the special advisor period.

Under the transition agreement, Mr. Mestrich will continue to receive his current base salary, annual bonus, continued vesting of his outstanding equity awards and other employee benefits through January 31, 2021 (irrespective of whether the board accelerates the transition date), as provided under his amended and restated employment agreement effective as of July 17, 2020, as amended through April 23, 2020 (the “employment agreement”); provided, that, any service requirement with respect to his 2020 annual bonus will be deemed to be met if he is serving as a special advisor on February 1, 2021, and, if his employment is terminated without “Cause,” or he terminates his employment for “Good Reason,” each as defined in his employment agreement, the Bank will pay Mr. Mestrich his 2020 annual bonus at target. In addition, if Mr. Mestrich’s employment is terminated before February 1, 2021, and he does not transition immediately to the role of special advisor, he will be entitled to the severance benefits, if any, in accordance with Section 5 of his employment agreement, based on the reason for such termination; provided, that, a reduction in Mr. Mestrich’s duties or responsibilities during the transition period will not qualify as “Good Reason.”

Under the transition agreement, during the special advisor period, Mr. Mestrich will provide services to the board of directors of the Bank as an independent contractor, as requested by the Chair of the board, not to exceed 20 hours per week on average. During any portion of the special advisor period occurring after January 31, 2021, Mr. Mestrich will be paid \$60,000 per month (the “special advisor cash compensation”). In addition, his outstanding equity awards will continue to vest as if he had not experienced a “Separation from Service,” as defined in the Bank’s applicable equity plan, however, on the day following the transition date, his participation in the Bank’s employee benefit programs and plans will end. Furthermore, on the transition date, all of Mr. Mestrich’s vested options (or options scheduled to vest on or before January 1, 2021) will generally remain exercisable until one year following the date his special advisor period ends, subject to certain exceptions. If, during the special advisor period, Mr. Mestrich’s role as a special advisor is terminated by the Bank without “Cause” or not due to his “Poor Performance,” or by him with “Good Reason,” each as defined in the transition agreement, he will be entitled to

receive (a) any accrued but unpaid compensation and expense reimbursements, (b) payment of his special advisor cash compensation from his termination date through July 31, 2021, (c) payment of his 2020 annual cash bonus to the extent not yet paid, (d) pro rata vesting of the unvested portion of any time-based restricted stock units based on the number of full months beginning on the date of the applicable vesting period and ending on the date of his termination as special advisor, (e) pro rata vesting of any performance-based restricted stock units, at target, based on the number of full months beginning on the date of the applicable performance period and ending on the date of his termination as special advisor, and (f) vesting of any options that would otherwise have vested on January 1, 2021. If, however, during the special advisor period, Mr. Mestrich's role as a special advisor is terminated by the Bank for "Cause" or due to his "Poor Performance," or because of Mr. Mestrich's death or disability, he will not be entitled to any severance payments or pro rata vesting of his restricted stock units, however, he will be entitled to any accrued but unpaid compensation and expense reimbursements and any of his stock options that would otherwise have vested on January 1, 2021 will vest (to the extent not already vested).

The transition agreement also requires Mr. Mestrich to comply with certain terms of his employment agreement regarding confidential information, cooperation, return of Bank property, work product, non-solicitation, and non-disparagement. In addition, for a period of one year following the date his service as a special advisor ends, he is prohibited from directly or indirectly, without the Bank's prior written consent, organizing, establishing, owning, operating, managing, controlling, engaging in, participating in, investing in or permitting his name to be used by, consulting or advising or rendering services for, or otherwise engaging in a "Business," as defined in the transition agreement, except to the extent the Bank does not engage in the Business and is not in the process of evaluating, or planning, to engage in the Business.

The transition agreement also provides that the Bank will reimburse Mr. Mestrich for reasonable expenses of counsel, not to exceed \$60,000, incurred regarding the review and negotiation of his employment relationship with the Bank and his relationship as a special advisor to the Bank.

The foregoing description of Mr. Mestrich's transition agreement does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the transition agreement, which is incorporated herein by reference as Exhibit 10.1.

#### **Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.**

On October 14, 2020, the Bank issued a press release announcing the matters set forth in Item 5.02 of this Current Report on Form 8-K, which press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.2 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

The information in this Item 7.01, including Exhibit 99.2, shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

#### **Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.**

(d) **Exhibits.** See Exhibit Index below.

#### **EXHIBIT INDEX**

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
10.1	Transition and Separation Agreement between Amalgamated Bank and Keith Mestrich dated October 12, 2020
99.1	Press Release Announcing Certain Preliminary Financial Results dated October 14, 2020
99.2	Press Release Regarding Keith Mestrich's Planned Departure dated October 14, 2020



**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

AMALGAMATED BANK

By: /s/ Andrew LaBenne Name: Andrew LaBenne  
Title: Chief Financial Officer

Date: October 14, 2020

**TRANSITION AND SEPARATION AGREEMENT AND RELEASE**

This Transition and Separation Agreement and Release (the “Agreement”), has been made and entered into as of October 12, 2020, by and between Amalgamated Bank (the “Company”) and Keith Mestrich (the “Executive”) (each a “Party” and collectively the “Parties”).

WHEREAS, the Executive has been employed by the Company as Chief Executive Officer since August 1, 2014;

WHEREAS, the Executive is a party to the Amended and Restated Employment Agreement between the Parties effective as of July 1, 2017, as amended through April 23, 2020 (the “Employment Agreement”);

WHEREAS, the Executive’s employment with the Company will duly and effectively terminate on the Transition Date (as defined below);

WHEREAS, the Executive will serve as a “Special Advisor” to the Board of the Directors of the Company (the “Board”) from the Transition Date to the End of Service Date (as defined below); and

WHEREAS, the Executive and the Company desire to set forth their respective rights and obligations in respect of the termination of the Executive’s employment with the Company.

WHEREAS, this Agreement incorporates certain provisions of the Employment Agreement by reference, such agreement is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the covenants and conditions set forth herein, the Parties, intending to be legally bound, hereby agree as follows:

**1. Employment Status.**

(a) The Executive shall serve as Chief Executive Officer of the Company through January 31, 2021 unless, prior to January 31, 2021, the Executive’s employment is terminated pursuant to the Employment Agreement.

(b) Provided the Executive is employed by the Company on January 31, 2021, effective February 1, 2021 (February 1, 2021 or such earlier date established by the Board pursuant to Section 1(c), the “Transition Date”), Executive shall serve as a “Special Advisor” to the Board from the Transition Date to July 31, 2021, unless earlier terminated in accordance with this Agreement (the “End of Service Date”).

(c) Notwithstanding the forgoing, the Board may determine to accelerate the date on which the Executive becomes a Special Advisor. If the Board makes such a determination, the earlier date on which the Executive becomes a Special Advisor shall be the Transition Date.

a. The period from the date of this Agreement through the Transition Date will be referred to herein as the “Transition Period.” The period from the Transition Date to the End of Service Date will be referred to herein as the “Special Advisor Period.”

**1. Transition Period.**

a. **Executive’s Duties through the Transition Date.** During the Transition Period, the Executive will perform the duties of the Chief Executive Officer of the Company in accordance with the Employment Agreement in addition to duties as reasonably requested by the Chair of the Board to ensure a smooth transition of the Executive’s duties to other employees of the Company and the individual chosen by the Board to be the Executive’s successor. Prior to the Transition Date, the Chair of the Board shall have the right to take away or reduce any of the Executive’s duties and/or require the Executive to remain away from the Company’s offices.

b. **Compensation During the Transition Period.** The Executive shall be entitled to the Executive’s salary, annual bonus, continued vesting of outstanding equity compensation and employee benefits through January 31, 2021 to the extent provided under the Employment Agreement (irrespective of whether the Board accelerates the Transition Date prior to January 31, 2021 pursuant to Section 1(c) of this Agreement). Notwithstanding the forgoing, (i) any service requirement applicable to the 2020 Annual Bonus (the “2020 Annual Bonus”) will be deemed to be satisfied if the Executive is serving as the Special Advisor on February 1, 2021, (ii) the Company will pay the 2020 Annual Bonus at target if the Company terminates the Executive’s service without “Cause” or the Executive terminates for “Good Reason” (as each is defined under the Employment Agreement if the Executive is serving as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company on the date of termination, or this Agreement if the Executive is serving as the Special Advisor on the date of termination); and (iii) for the avoidance of doubt, the Executive will not be eligible to receive a bonus or a grant of Company equity awards of any type, in each case, with respect to 2021 services.

i. **Severance Benefits upon Termination of Employment During the Transition Period.** If the Executive’s employment terminates prior to February 1, 2021, and the Executive does not transition to the role of Special Advisor immediately following the date of such termination, the Executive shall be entitled to severance benefits, if any, in accordance with Section 5 of the Employment Agreement based on the reason for such termination (as defined in the Employment Agreement); provided, however, that: (i) if the Chair of the Board terminates the Executive’s employment prior to February 1, 2021 and the Executive transitions to the role of Special Advisor on the date of such termination, such termination will not be considered without “Cause” (as defined in the Employment Agreement) and (ii) if the Chair of the Board takes away or reduces the Executive’s duties or responsibilities during the Transition Period in accordance with Section 2(a) above, such a reduction will not qualify as “Good Reason” (as defined in the Employment Agreement).

**2. Special Advisor Period.**

ii. **Executive's Duties During the Special Advisor Period.** During the Special Advisor Period, the Executive will provide services to the Board as an independent

contractor to the Company and will no longer serve as a member of the Board or on any Committees of the Board. As Special Advisor, the Executive shall report directly to the Chair of the Board. The Chair of the Board shall direct the Executive with respect to the Executive's duties and actions as Special Advisor. The Executive shall act in accordance with the Chair of the Board's reasonable directives in the Executive's capacity as Special Advisor. The Executive will provide services commensurate with the Executive's role as Special Advisor as requested from time to time by the Chair of the Board, but not to exceed 20 hours a week on average, which services (the "Special Advisor Duties") shall include, but not be limited to, assisting the Board and the Company by providing advice and aiding in the transition of the Executive's prior duties to a new Chief Executive Officer with respect to, *inter alia*, regulators, clients, prospective clients, service providers, investors and organizations in which the Company participates (the duties specifically identified herein, the "Enumerated Special Advisor Duties"). For the avoidance of doubt, the Special Advisor Duties are not intended to regularly involve duties typical of an individual serving in the role of a chief executive officer of a public company provided that, the Enumerated Special Advisor Duties shall not be considered duties typical of an individual serving in the role of a chief executive officer of a public company.

i. **Special Advisor Cash Compensation.** During any portion of the Special Advisor Period occurring after January 31, 2021, Executive will be paid \$60,000 per month (the "**Special Advisor Cash Compensation**"), subject to Section 3(f) of this Agreement. During the Special Advisor Period, the Executive shall be liable for payment of all applicable federal, state and local taxes.

ii. **Equity Compensation.** During the Special Advisor Period, the Executive will continue to vest in any Company equity awards outstanding on the Transition Date, including any outstanding Non-Qualified Stock Options (each, an "**Option**"), Restricted Stock Units (each, an "**RSU**") and Performance Units (each, a "**PSU**"), as if the Executive had not had a "Separation from Service" (as defined in the Amalgamated Bank 2017 Equity Incentive Plan or the Amalgamated Bank 2019 Equity Incentive Plan, as applicable), subject to Section 3(f) of this Agreement. Effective as of the Transition Date, solely with respect to any Options that vested or are scheduled to vest on or prior to January 1, 2021, the Board will cause such Options to remain exercisable until one (1) year following the End of Service Date; provided, however, that the term of such Option will not be extended (and the term of such Option as set forth in the applicable Option award agreement shall apply treating the End of Service Date as the date of the Executive's Separation from Service) if, either (i) during Transition Period, the Executive's employment as Chief Executive Officer of the Company terminates, other than a termination by the Company without "Cause" or by the Executive for "Good Reason" (each as defined in the Employment Agreement) or (ii) during the Special Advisor Period, Executive's services as Special Advisor are terminated, other than a termination by the Company without Cause or by the Executive for Good Reason (each as defined in Section 3(f) of this Agreement). For the avoidance of doubt, the one (1) year extension referenced in this

Section 3(c) shall not cause an Option to be exercisable for a period longer than the later of (a) the one (1) year anniversary of the End of Service Date or (b) the term of the Option as set forth in the applicable Option award agreement.

iii. **Benefits During the Special Advisor Period.** Executive's participation in the Company's employee benefit programs and plans will cease on the date

following the Transition Date on which the Executive becomes ineligible for benefits as set forth by the terms governing such employee benefit plan or program, as may be in effect from time to time. After such date, the Executive will be entitled to elect, under COBRA, to continue group health coverage, at Executive's own expense, pursuant to applicable law. Information regarding continuation coverage will be provided to Executive under separate cover.

i. **Expenses.** During the Special Advisor Period, the Executive will be entitled to receive reimbursement of all appropriate business expenses incurred as Special Advisor in accordance with the policies of the Company as in effect from time to time, subject to the Company's requirements with respect to reporting and documentation of such expenses.

ii. **Severance Benefits During the Special Advisor Period.**

a. **Termination By the Company for Cause or due to Poor Performance, by the Executive without Good Reason, or due to the Executive's Death or Disability.** If, during the Special Advisor Period: (1) the Company terminates the Executive's position as Special Advisor for Cause (as defined in this Section 3(f)) upon written notice; (2) the Company terminates the Executive's position as Special Advisor due to the Executive's Poor Performance (as defined in this Section 3(f)) upon written notice; (3) the Executive terminates the Executive's position as Special Advisor without Good Reason (as defined in this Section 3(f)) upon forty-five (45) days' advance written notice (which notice period the Company may shorten in its sole discretion and which shall not be deemed a termination without Cause); (4) the Company terminates the Executive's position as Special Advisor by reason of the Executive's Disability upon written notice (as defined in this Section 3(f)), or (5) the Executive's position as Special Advisor terminates upon the Executive's death, the Executive (or following the Executive's death, the Executive's estate) shall be entitled to receive: (a) the Executive's accrued but unpaid Special Advisor Cash Compensation pursuant to Section 3(b) above through the date of termination and any employee benefits that the Executive is entitled to receive pursuant to the employee benefit plans of the Company (other than any severance plans) in accordance with the terms of such employee benefit plans; (b) expenses reimbursable under Section 3(e) above incurred but not yet reimbursed to the Executive to the date of termination; and (c) vesting of the Executive's Options that otherwise vest on January 1, 2021 (except to the extent such Options are already vested upon termination)(the items under (a), (b) and (c), collectively, the "**Accrued Benefits**").

b. **Termination By the Company without Cause or not due to Poor Performance, or by the Executive with Good Reason.** If, during the Special Advisor Period: (1) the Company terminates the Executive's position as Special Advisor without Cause (as defined in this Section 3(f)) other than due to Poor Performance or Disability (each, as

defined in this Section 3(f)), or (2) the Executive terminates the Executive's position as Special Advisor with Good Reason (as defined in this Section 3(f)) other than following the occurrence of an event or events that could reasonably be expected to result in a termination of the Executive's position as Special Advisor by the Company for Cause or for Poor Performance, the Executive shall be entitled to receive: (a) the Accrued Benefits; (b) without duplication, payment of the Special Advisor Cash Compensation from the termination date through July 31, 2021; (c) payment of the 2020 Annual Bonus to the extent not yet paid; (d) vesting of the unvested portion of any RSUs, with such vesting pro-rated based on the number of full months beginning on the

date of the applicable vesting period and ending on the date of the Executive's termination as Special Advisor; and (e) vesting of any unvested PSUs at target levels of performance achievement, with such vesting pro-rated based on the number of full months beginning on the start of the applicable performance period and ending on the date of the Executive's termination as Special Advisor.

a. For the purposes of this Section 3(f) of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

1. "Cause" means, (a) the Executive's conviction of a felony or any crime involving dishonesty or theft; (b) the Executive's conduct in connection with the Executive's duties or responsibilities as Special Advisor that is fraudulent, unlawful or grossly negligent; (c) the Executive's willful misconduct; (d) the Executive's willful contravention of specific lawful directions related to a material duty or responsibility which is directed to be undertaken from the Chair of the Board; (e) the Executive's material breach of the Executive's obligations under this Agreement, including, but not limited to breach of the Executive's restrictive covenants set forth in Section 7 hereof; (f) any acts of dishonesty by the Executive resulting or intending to result in personal gain or enrichment at the expense of the Company, its subsidiaries or affiliates; or (g) the Executive's willful failure to comply with a material policy of the Company, its subsidiaries or affiliates; provided that, that the Executive shall have fifteen

(15) days after receipt of notice from the Company in writing specifying the deficiency to cure the deficiency, to the extent curable, that would result in Cause; provided, further, that the Company shall have ninety (90) days from the occurrence of the event that constitutes Cause to provide notice to the Executive that the Company intends to terminate the Executive's position as Special Advisor for Cause; provided, further, that the notice and cure periods in this Section 3(f)(iii)(1) shall be reduced if, during the Transition Period, the Executive receives notice from the Company of a deficiency allowing the Company to terminate the Executive's employment for "Cause" (as defined in the Employment Agreement), by the number of days in the Transition Period following such notice.

(a) "Disability" means that, as a result of a permanent physical or mental injury or illness, the Executive has been unable to perform the essential functions of the Executive's role as Special Advisor with or without reasonable accommodation for (a) 60 consecutive days or (b) a period of 150 days in any 12-month period; provided, that the time periods in this Section 3(f)(iii)(2) shall be reduced if, during the Transition Period, the Executive

becomes subject to a “Disability” (as defined in the Employment Agreement), by the number of days in the Transition Period the Executive is subject to such Disability.

(b) “Good Reason” means, without the Executive’s written consent: (A) a reduction in the Executive’s Special Advisor Cash Compensation; (B) assignment of duties to the Executive by the Chair of the Board that are inappropriate for the Executive’s role as Special Advisor (provided, that for the avoidance of any doubt, the Chair of the Board not assigning a certain duty or duties to the Executive in the Executive’s role as Special Advisor is not the assignment of inappropriate duties for the Executive’s role as Special Advisor); (C) the Company’s breach of any material covenant or obligation under this Agreement; or (D) relocation of the Executive’s principal work location to a location outside of New York county; provided that, that the Company shall have thirty (30) days after receipt of notice from the

Executive in writing specifying the deficiency to cure the deficiency, to the extent curable, that would result in Good Reason; provided, further, that the Executive shall have ninety (90) days from the occurrence of the event that constitutes Good Reason to provide notice to the Company that the Executive intends to resign as Special Advisor for Good Reason; provided, further, that the notice and cure periods in this Section 3(f)(iii)(3) shall be reduced if, during the Transition Period, the Company receives notice from the Executive of a deficiency allowing the Executive to terminate the Executive’s employment for “Good Reason” (as defined in the Employment Agreement), by the number of days in the Transition Period following such notice.

a. “Poor Performance” means, the Executive’s continued failure to substantially perform the Executive’s duties as Special Advisor hereunder in a satisfactory manner after a written demand for substantial performance from the Chair of the Board is delivered to him, which specifically identifies the nature of such failure, and which failure, if curable, is not cured by him within a reasonable period (not less than ten (10) days and not to exceed thirty (30) days) as determined by the Chair of the Board; provided, that the notice and cure periods in this Section 3(f)(iii)(4) shall be reduced if, during the Transition Period, the Executive receives notice from the Company of a deficiency allowing the Company to terminate the Executive’s employment for “Poor Performance” (as defined in the Employment Agreement), by the number of days in the Transition Period following such notice.

1. **Attorney’s Fees**. Subject to the Executive’s execution and delivery of this Agreement, the Company shall reimburse the Executive for reasonable expenses of counsel incurred during the review and negotiation of the agreement governing his employment relationship with the Company until December 31, 2020 and governing his relationship with the Company as Special Advisor upon presentation of appropriate documentation indicating the total amount of such expenses, up to a maximum of \$60,000. For the avoidance of doubt, the Executive is not entitled to reimbursement of expenses for counsel’s services rendered after the execution of this Agreement.

2. **Acknowledgments**. Executive acknowledges and agrees that, other than as set forth in Sections 2, 3 and 4 of this Agreement, Executive is not entitled to and will not be entitled to any other compensation or benefits of any kind or description from the Company.

This constitutes the total consideration to be paid to Executive by the Company and is in lieu of any and all payments and/or other consideration of any kind which at any time has been the subject of any prior discussion, representations, inducements or promises, oral or written, direct or indirect, contingent or otherwise. Executive acknowledges that as of the date of this Agreement, Executive has received all compensation the Executive was entitled to receive as of the date of this Agreement.

3. **Confidentiality of Agreement.** Executive agrees that the terms and conditions of this Agreement are confidential and that Executive will not disclose the terms and conditions of this Agreement to any third parties, except to the extent the terms and conditions of this Agreement are publicly disclosed by the Company; provided, however, that Executive may disclose terms and conditions of this Agreement (a) to Executive's spouse, attorney or accountant, if Executive instructs such persons not to disclose the terms and conditions of this Agreement to any third party, and provided that if any person to whom Executive discloses information pursuant to this Section [6](#) discloses, in whole or in part, such information, Executive



will be deemed to have breached this Agreement, or (b) as required by law or as may be necessary to enforce this Agreement or to comply with its terms. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Executive may disclose Executive's continuing obligations under this Agreement to potential and/or future employers.

1. **Continuing Obligations.** Executive represents and warrants that Executive has complied with and agrees to continue to comply with Executive's ongoing obligations under the Employment Agreement. Such obligations include but are not limited to obligations set forth in Section 6 of the Employment Agreement regarding confidential information, cooperation, Company property, work product, non-solicitation, non-competition, non-disparagement and the dispute resolution provisions, as well as the arbitration and availability of injunctive relief provisions set forth in Sections 9, 10 and 17 of this Agreement; provided, however, that:

i. The definition of "Restricted Period" in Section 6.3 of the Employment Agreement shall be replaced in its entirety with the following:

a. The period the Executive is employed by the Company and for a period of one (1) year following the End of Service Date (the "Restricted Period").

ii. Section 6.4 of the Employment Agreement shall be replaced in its entirety with the following:

b. During the Restricted Period, the Executive shall not, without the Company's prior written consent, whether individually, as a director, manager, member, stockholder, partner, owner, employee, consultant or agent of any business, or in any other capacity, organize, establish, own, operate, manage, control, engage in, participate in, invest in, permit his name to be used by, act as a consultant or advisor to, render services for (alone or in association with any person, firm, corporation or business organization), or otherwise engage in the "Business," as defined below, except to the extent the Company does not engage in the Business and is not in the process of evaluating, or planning, to engage in the Business. "Business" shall include commercial treasury management services or custody/investment management services provided to unions or related funds, foundations, social justice organizations or political organizations, offering ESG investment funds to clients, financing multifamily housing, offering property assessed clean energy loans and financing renewable energy. The Executive may, however, provide services in a defined area of a larger entity for which the Executive would have no direct or indirect responsibility in connection with the Business.

c. During the Restricted Period, the Executive agrees to provide the Company with at least fourteen (14) days' advance written notice before entering into any full-time employment, part-time employment, or consulting relationship with another person or entity. Such notice will specify the person or entity to which the services would be provided and the nature of the Executive's services. If, after the Executive provides such written notice, the Company advises the Executive that the Executive's proposed services violate the

Non-Compete, and the Company is unwilling to provide a waiver (which such advice shall come within seven (7) business days following receipt by the Company of such written notice from the

Executive), the Executive agrees to consult with the Board and shall not commence such services without the Company's written consent for seven (7) business days following receipt by the Executive of the advice. For the avoidance of doubt, after the seven (7) business day period, the Company and Executive may each return their respective positions as to whether the proposed services violate the covenants in Section 7 of this Agreement.

1. **Return of Company Property.** Executive agrees that Executive will return to the Company, on or before the End of Service Date or immediately upon request of the Company at any time, all property of the Company and its affiliates and affiliated funds (the "Company Entities") and copies thereof in Executive's possession, including, but not limited to, credit cards, office keys, computer software or hardware, mobile telecommunications devices, records, correspondence, other books or manuals issued by the Company and any confidential information in Executive's possession. After giving effect to such return, Executive represents and warrants that Executive has no property of the Company Entities in Executive's possession, other than documents relating to Executive's own relationship with the Company. Executive also represents and warrants that Executive has no debts to the Company Entities, and the Company Entities are not indebted to Executive.

2. **Remedy for Breach; Reformation and Severability.** Executive acknowledges that the Company will be irreparably injured if Executive violates any of Executive's obligations set forth in Sections 6 through 8 of this Agreement, and that the Company would be entitled to the remedies provided in Section 7 of the Employment Agreement, which is incorporated into this Agreement by reference. It is the intention of the Parties that Sections 6 through 8 of this Agreement be enforced to the fullest extent possible permitted by law. In case any provision of Sections 6 through 8 of this Agreement is declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable as written, Executive and the Company agree that the court will modify and reform such provision to permit enforcement to the greatest extent possible permitted by law. If any term, provision, covenant or restriction of this Agreement, or any part thereof, is held by a court of competent jurisdiction of any foreign, federal, state, county or local government or any other governmental, regulatory or administrative agency or authority to be invalid, void, unenforceable or against public policy for any reason, the remainder of the terms, provisions, covenants and restrictions of this Agreement will remain in full force and effect and will in no way be affected, impaired or invalidated.

3. **Effect of Breach.** In addition to any remedies the Company would be entitled to under Section 9, in the event Executive breaches any of Executive's obligations set forth in this Agreement, any outstanding obligations of the Company hereunder will immediately terminate, and the Company shall be entitled to damages caused by the Executive's breach as set forth in Section 7 of the Employment Agreement, which is incorporated into this Agreement by reference.

4. **Claw-Back and Forfeiture.** This Agreement and any 2020 Annual Bonus, equity or other incentive or performance-based compensation paid or payable to the Executive pursuant to this Agreement or under any other plan or arrangement adopted by the Company (collectively, the “Incentive Compensation”) shall be subject in all respects to the Company’s Policy on Sound Executive Compensation and any other compensation claw-back or forfeiture policy implemented by the Company from time to time and applicable to all officers of

the Company on the same terms and conditions, including without limitation, any such policy adopted to comply with the requirements of applicable law or the rules and regulations of any stock exchange applicable to the Company, and any revisions or amendments to any of the foregoing policies adopted by the Company from time to time and applicable to all officers of the Company on the same terms and conditions (collectively, the “Claw-Back Policy”). The Executive acknowledges and agrees that, if the Company is permitted to effect a claw-back or forfeiture of Incentive Compensation pursuant to the Claw-Back Policy, the Company shall be entitled to recover or retain any Incentive Compensation paid or payable to the Executive in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Claw-Back Policy.

**1. Miscellaneous.**

i. Executive acknowledges that Executive is not otherwise entitled to receive the benefits from the Company as set forth in this Agreement by virtue of Executive’s employment with the Company or otherwise.

ii. Executive represents and warrants that Executive fully understands the terms of this Agreement and that Executive knowingly and voluntarily, of Executive’s own free will without any duress, being fully informed and after due deliberation, accepts its terms and signs the same as Executive e’s own free act. Executive further represents and warrants that, except as set forth herein, no promises or inducements for this Agreement have been made, and Executive is entering into this Agreement without reliance upon any statement or representation by any of the Company or any other person, concerning any fact material hereto.

iii. Executive agrees that the Company has provided Executive the opportunity to review and consider this Agreement for a sufficient period of time.

**2. Notice of Rights and Exceptions.**

iv. Executive understands that nothing contained in this Agreement limits Executive’s ability to file a charge or complaint with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, the National Labor Relations Board, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, the Securities and Exchange Commission, law enforcement, the New York State Division of Human Rights or a local commission of human rights, or any other Federal, State or local governmental agency or commission (“Government Agencies”). Executive further understands that this Agreement does not limit Executive’s ability to (i) file or disclose any facts necessary to receive unemployment insurance, Medicaid or other public benefits to which Executive may be entitled, (ii) speak with Executive’s attorney, (iii) communicate with any Government Agencies, including to report possible violations of federal law or regulation or

making other disclosures that are protected under the whistleblower provisions of federal law or regulation, or (iv) otherwise participate in any investigation or proceeding that may be conducted by any Government Agency, including providing documents or other information, without notice to the Company. This Agreement does not limit Executive's right to receive an award for information provided to any Government Agencies.

v. Executive will not be criminally or civilly liable under any Federal or State trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret that (i) is made (a) in confidence to a

Federal, State, or local government official, either directly or indirectly, or to an attorney; and (b) solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a suspected violation of law; or (ii) is made in a complaint or other document filed in a lawsuit or other proceeding, if such filing is made under seal.

1. **Non-Admission; Inadmissibility.** This Agreement does not constitute an admission by the Company that any action it took with respect to Executive was wrongful, unlawful or in violation of any local, state or federal act, statute, or constitution, or susceptible of inflicting any damages or injury on Executive, and the Company specifically denies any such wrongdoing or violation. This Agreement is entered into solely to resolve all matters related to or arising out of Executive's employment with the Company and the termination of such employment, and its execution and implementation may not be used as evidence, and will not be admissible in a subsequent proceeding of any kind, except one alleging a breach of this Agreement.

2. **Entire Agreement.** This Agreement, including provisions of the Employment Agreement incorporated herein by reference, constitutes the entire understanding between the Parties, and except as set forth herein, supersedes any and all prior agreements or understandings between the Parties arising out of or relating to Executive's employment with the Company and the cessation thereof.

3. **Amendments and Waivers.** No provisions of this Agreement may be amended, modified, waived or discharged except as agreed to in writing by the Parties hereto. The failure of a Party to insist upon strict adherence to any term or provision of this Agreement on any occasion will not be considered a waiver thereof or deprive that Party of the right thereafter to insist upon strict adherence to that term or provision or any other term of this Agreement.

4. **Governing Law, Dispute Resolution and Venue.** The Parties acknowledge and agree that any claims, disputes or controversies between the Parties relating to or arising out of this Agreement will be resolved in accordance with the governing law, dispute resolution and venue provisions provided in Section 8.5 of the Employment Agreement, which is incorporated into this Agreement by reference.

5. **Headings.** The headings in this Agreement are for convenience of reference only and will not limit or otherwise affect the meaning of terms contained herein.

6. **Successors and Assigns.** Each of the Parties agrees and acknowledges that this Agreement, and all of its terms, will be binding upon their representatives, heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns.

7. **Counterparts.** This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which will be deemed an original but all of which will constitute one and the same instrument. Facsimile transmission of signatures on this Agreement will be deemed to be original signatures and will be acceptable to the Parties for all purposes. In addition, transmission by electronic mail of a PDF document created from the originally signed document will be acceptable to the Parties for all purposes.

*[Signatures follow on next page.]*

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto, intending to be legally bound, have executed this Agreement as of the day and year first written above.



---

Keith Mestrich

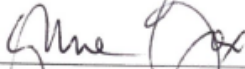
**Amalgamated Bank**

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Name:  
Title:

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto, intending to be legally bound, have executed this Agreement as of the day and year first written above.

**Amalgamated Bank**



Name: LYNNE P. FOX  
Title: CHAIR

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Keith Mestrich**

**Execution Copy**  
*Privileged & Confidential*

**Exhibit A**

**Employment Agreement**



AMENDED AND RESTATED EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

AMENDED AND RESTATED EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT (this “Agreement”) dated July 25, 2017, by and between Amalgamated Bank (the “Company”) and Keith Mestrich (the “Executive”) (each a “Party” and together, the “Parties”).

WHEREAS, the Company currently employs the Executive as President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company pursuant to an Employment Agreement dated as of October 1, 2014 (the “Prior Agreement”); and

WHEREAS, the Parties wish to establish the terms of the Executive’s continued employment with the Company as President and Chief Executive Officer effective as of July 1, 2017 (the “Effective Date”).

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises and conditions herein set forth, the Parties agree as follows:

1. Employment and Acceptance. The Company shall continue to employ the Executive, and the Executive shall accept such employment, subject to the terms of this Agreement, on the Effective Date.

2. Term. Subject to earlier termination pursuant to Section 5 of this Agreement, this Agreement and the employment relationship hereunder shall continue from the Effective Date until June 30, 2020 (such date the “Term Date”); provided that, unless the Parties otherwise agree in writing, the Executive may provide a written notice to the Company at least thirty (30) days prior to the Term Date to extend this Agreement and the employment relationship hereunder until September 30, 2020 (such date, the “Term Extension Date,” and the period from the Term Date through the Term Extension Date, the “Extension Period”). As used in this Agreement, the “Term” shall refer to the period beginning on the Effective Date and ending on the Term Date or the Term Extension Date, as applicable, or, if earlier, on the date the Executive’s employment terminates in accordance with Section 5 below.

3. Title and Duties.

3.1 Title. The Executive shall serve in the capacity of President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and shall report to the Board of Directors of the Company (the “Board”). The Executive shall be classified as an employee exempt from overtime pay pursuant to the executive exemption under federal and state overtime laws.

3.2 Duties. The Executive shall have such authority and responsibilities and shall perform such executive duties customarily performed by the President and Chief Executive Officer of a commercial bank and shall have such other powers and duties as may from time to

time be prescribed by the Board, provided that such duties are consistent with the Executive's position or other positions that he may hold from time to time. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Executive shall be charged with the administration of the operations of the Company, including general supervision of the policies of the Company and general and active management of the business of the Company. The Executive agrees that during the Term he

shall devote his entire working time to the performance of his duties under this Agreement and shall not work for anyone else; provided, however, that the Company acknowledges that the Executive may serve on such corporate, civic or charitable boards or committees as have been or in the future are disclosed to, and not objected to by, the Board, such approval not to be unreasonably withheld, and manage the Executive's personal investments, so long as any such activities do not, individually or in the aggregate, materially interfere with the performance of the Executive's duties hereunder.

3.3 Location. The Executive's principal place of performance of his duties hereunder shall be at the Company's principal office located in New York, New York, subject to reasonable travel requirements on behalf of the Company.

4. Compensation and Benefits.

4.1 Base Salary. During the Term, the Company shall pay to the Executive a base salary ("Base Salary") at the applicable annual rate set forth in the table below, paid in accordance with the Company's payroll practice for all employees, which payroll practices the Company reserves the right to modify at any time.

<u>Period</u>	<u>Annual Rate of Base Salary</u>
Effective Date through June 30, 2018	\$670,000
July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019	\$695,000
July 1, 2019 through the Term Date, and if applicable, the Extension Period	\$720,000

4.2 Bonuses – Incentive Compensation. During the Term, subject to Section 8.15 of this Agreement, the Executive shall be eligible for incentive compensation to be paid to him by the Company as follows:

(a) The Executive shall be eligible to receive an annual bonus (each an "Annual Bonus") for each fiscal year of the Company during the Term targeted at the applicable percentage of Base Salary (as determined on July 1 of each fiscal year in accordance with Section 4.1) set forth in the table below (the "Annual Bonus Target"), based on the achievement of multiple specific annual quantitative and qualitative performance metrics established by the Board (or a committee thereof), in consultation with the Executive, for such fiscal year.

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Annual Bonus Target (percentage of Base Salary).</u>
2017	64.2%
2018	65.5%
2019 and thereafter	66.7%

(b) The Executive also shall be entitled to incentive compensation pursuant to the Company's long term incentive plans adopted by the Board in each year of the Term; provided that, the Executive shall not be entitled to receive any grant of incentive compensation during the Extension Period. The aggregate potential value of any annual long

term incentive awards granted to the Executive shall be an amount equal to the sum of (i) 100% of Base Salary in effect at the time, minus (ii) \$120,000. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth herein, the Executive's participation in any such long term incentive plan shall be governed by the terms of such plan, specifically including its vesting and exercise provisions.

4.3 Participation in Employee Benefit Plans. During the Term, the Executive shall be entitled to participate in all of the applicable employee benefit plans and perquisite programs of the Company, which are generally available to other senior executives of the Company, on the same terms as such other senior executives (except as set forth in Section 4.2). The Company may at any time or from time to time amend, modify, suspend or terminate any employee benefit plan, program or arrangement for any reason without the Executive's consent if such amendment, modification, suspension or termination is consistent with the amendment, modification, suspension or termination for other senior executives of the Company.

4.4 Expense Reimbursement. During the Term, the Executive shall be entitled to receive reimbursement for all appropriate business expenses incurred by him in connection with his duties under this Agreement in accordance with the policies of the Company as in effect from time to time, subject to the Company's requirements with respect to reporting and documentation of such expenses.

4.5 Attorney's Fees. Subject to the Executive's execution and delivery of this Agreement, upon presentation of appropriate documentation thereof, the Company shall reimburse the Executive for his reasonable, out-of-pocket, third-party, documented fees and expenses of counsel incurred in connection with the negotiation, review and execution of the Agreement, up to a maximum of \$17,500.

## 5. Termination of Employment.

5.1 Termination upon the Term Date or the Term Extension Date, By the Company for Cause or due to Poor Performance, by the Executive without Good Reason, or Due to Executive's Death or Disability. If the Executive's employment terminates upon the Term Date or the Term Extension Date, as applicable, or if during the Term: (i) the Company terminates the Executive's employment with the Company for Cause upon written notice; (ii) the Company terminates the Executive's employment with the Company due to the Executive's Poor

Performance upon written notice; (iii) the Executive terminates employment without Good Reason upon forty-five (45) days' advance written notice (which notice period the Company may shorten in its sole discretion and which shall not be deemed a termination without Cause);

a. the Company terminates the Executive's employment with the Company by reason of the Executive's Disability upon written notice, or (v) the Executive's employment terminates upon the Executive's death, the Executive (or following the Executive's death, his estate) shall be entitled to receive the following:

(a) the Executive's accrued but unpaid Base Salary through the date of termination and any employee benefits that the Executive is entitled to receive pursuant to the employee benefit plans of the Company (other than any severance plans) in accordance with the terms of such employee benefit plans; and

a. expenses reimbursable under Section 4.4 above incurred but not yet reimbursed to the Executive to the date of termination (the items under Sections 5.1(a) and 5.1(b) collectively, the "Accrued Benefits").

b. As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

i. "Cause" means, (A) the Executive's conviction of a felony or any crime involving dishonesty or theft; (B) the Executive's conduct in connection with his employment duties or responsibilities that is fraudulent, unlawful or grossly negligent; (C) the Executive's willful misconduct; (D) the Executive's willful contravention of specific lawful directions related to a material duty or responsibility which is directed to be undertaken from the Board; (E) the Executive's material breach of the Executive's obligations under this Agreement, including, but not limited to breach of the Executive's restrictive covenants set forth in Section 6 hereof; (F) any acts of dishonesty by the Executive resulting or intending to result in personal gain or enrichment at the expense of the Company, its subsidiaries or affiliates; or (G) the Executive's willful failure to comply with a material policy of the Company, its subsidiaries or affiliates; provided that, that the Executive shall have fifteen (15) days after receipt of notice from the Company in writing specifying the deficiency to cure the deficiency, to the extent curable, that would result in Cause; provided, further, that the Company shall have ninety (90) days from the occurrence of the event that constitutes Cause to provide notice to the Executive that the Company intends to terminate the Executive's employment for Cause.

ii. "Change in Control" means the consummation of a transaction or a series of related transactions resulting in any of the following events: (i) one person or group (other than Workers United) becomes the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the combined voting power of the then issued and outstanding securities of the Company, or (ii) the sale, transfer or other disposition of all or substantially all of the business and assets of the Company, whether by sale of assets, merger or otherwise (determined on a consolidated basis), to one person or group (other than Workers United). Notwithstanding the foregoing, a transaction shall not be considered to be a "Change in Control" if, for purposes of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the

“Code”), such transaction does not constitute a “change in control event,” as defined under Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-3(i)(5)(i).

iii. “Disability” means that, as a result of a permanent physical or mental injury or illness, the Executive has been unable to perform the essential functions of his job with or without reasonable accommodation for (a) 60 consecutive days or (b) a period of 150 days in any 12-month period.

iv. “Good Reason” means, without the Executive’s written consent: (A) a reduction in the Executive’s Base Salary; (B) subject to Section 5.3 of this Agreement, a substantial diminution in the Executive’s duties or responsibilities; (C) the Company’s breach of any material covenant or obligation under this Agreement; or (D) relocation of the Executive’s principal work location to a location outside of New York county; provided that, that the Company shall have thirty (30) days after receipt of notice from the Executive in writing specifying the deficiency to cure the deficiency, to the extent curable, that

would result in Good Reason; provided, further, that the Executive shall have ninety (90) days from the occurrence of the event that constitutes Good Reason to provide notice to the Company that the Executive intends to resign for Good Reason.

i. “Poor Performance” means, the Executive’s continued failure to substantially perform his duties hereunder in a satisfactory manner after a written demand for substantial performance from the Board is delivered to him, which specifically identifies the nature of such failure, and which failure, if curable, is not cured by him within a reasonable period (not less than ten (10) days and not to exceed thirty (30) days) as determined by the Board.

a. By the Company Without Cause, or by the Executive with Good Reason. If at any time during the Term, the Company terminates the Executive’s employment without Cause other than due to Poor Performance or Disability, or the Executive terminates his employment upon notice (except as described in the definition of Good Reason) with Good Reason other than following the occurrence of an event that could reasonably be expected to result in a termination of his employment by the Company for Cause or during a period when circumstances exist that could reasonably be expected to result in a termination of his employment by the Company due to Poor Performance, the Executive shall be entitled to receive:

1. the Accrued Benefits; and

2. beginning on the 60<sup>th</sup> day after such termination of employment, but only if the Executive has executed and not revoked within the revocation period a valid release agreement in a form reasonably acceptable to the Company, a severance payment in an amount equal to the sum of (i) (x) eighteen (18) months of the Executive’s Base Salary in effect on the date of such termination, minus (y) \$180,000, and (ii) an amount equal to the Annual Target Bonus in effect for the fiscal year in which the date of such termination occurs, payable in equal

monthly installments for a period of eighteen (18) months; provided that, if (A) such termination occurs within twelve (12) months following a Change in Control or (B) the Company terminates the Executive's employment without Cause other than due to Poor Performance or Disability within ninety (90) days' prior to a Change in Control and the Executive reasonably demonstrates that such termination was at the request of the eventual acquirer in connection with such Change in Control, such severance payment shall be in an amount equal to the sum of (i) (x) twenty-four (24) months of the Executive's Base Salary in effect on the date of such termination, minus (y) \$240,000, and (ii) an amount equal to two (2) times the Annual Target Bonus in effect for the fiscal year in which the date of such termination occurs, payable in equal monthly installments for a period of twenty-four (24) months. Payments that would otherwise have been owed to the Executive prior to the 60<sup>th</sup> day after termination of employment shall be made to the Executive on the 60<sup>th</sup> day after such termination of employment.

b. Duties prior to Termination. During the Extension Period (if applicable) or at any time following a notice of termination of the Executive's employment hereunder from either Party and prior to the applicable date of termination, the Company may (a) require the Executive to continue to perform the Executive's duties hereunder on the Company's behalf, (b)

limit or impose reasonable restrictions on the Executive's activities as it deems necessary, or (c) modify the Executive's authorities, responsibilities and/or duties (including as provided in Section 3.2 of this Agreement) without such action constituting a violation of this Agreement or Good Reason.

a. Continued Employment Beyond the Expiration of the Term. Unless the Parties otherwise agree in writing, continuation of the Executive's employment with the Company beyond the expiration of the Term shall be deemed an employment at will and shall not be deemed to extend any of the provisions of this Agreement and the Executive's employment may thereafter be terminated at will by either the Executive or the Company; provided, that any provisions of this Agreement that contemplate performance following the expiration of the Term shall survive any termination of this Agreement or the termination of the Executive's employment hereunder, including, without limitation, Sections 6, 7 and 8.12 of this Agreement.

b. Removal from any Boards and Position. If the Executive's employment terminates for any reason, the Executive shall be deemed to resign (a) if a member, from the Board or boards of directors to which he has been appointed or nominated to by or on behalf of the Company and (b) from any position with the Company and its subsidiaries and affiliates.

c. Put Right. Within ninety (90) days following a termination of the Executive's employment for any reason other than a termination by the Company for Cause, the Executive shall have the right (the "Put Right") to sell to the Company, the common stock of the Company (the "Common Stock") acquired by the Executive during the period of his employment with the Company for a per share amount equal to either (a) if as of the date of the termination of the Executive's employment the Company's equity is not publicly traded, the tangible book value of such shares as of the date of the termination of the Executive's employment, or (b) if as

of the date of the termination of the Executive's employment the Company's equity is publicly traded, the per share closing price on the date such purchase is consummated; provided that, the Executive shall not have the right to exercise the Put Right if the Company is prohibited from satisfying the Put Right (i) by applicable law or (ii) by the terms of any agreement to which the Company is then a party. As a condition to the Company's obligation to purchase the Executive's Common Stock pursuant to the Put Right, the Executive shall be required to represent and warrant that the Executive has good and marketable title to all such shares of Common Stock subject to the purchase, free and clear of all liens, encumbrances and defects. The purchase of Common Stock by the Company pursuant to the Executive's exercise of the Put Right shall be paid in cash; provided however that to the extent the amount to be paid upon exercise of the Put Right exceeds \$1,000,000, such excess may, at the discretion of the Board, be paid either (x) in cash, or (y) under a note issued by the Company with principal payments made in no more than three (3) equal annual installments and bearing interest, payable annually, at the lowest interest rate required to avoid imputed interest.

1. Restrictions and Obligations of the Executive.

a. Confidentiality. (a) During the course of the Executive's employment by the Company, the Executive has had and shall continue to have access to certain trade secrets and confidential information relating to the Company, its subsidiaries and affiliates (the

"Protected Parties") which is not readily available from sources outside the Company. The confidential and proprietary information and, in any material respect, trade secrets of the Protected Parties are among their most valuable assets, including but not limited to, their customer, supplier and vendor lists, databases, competitive strategies, computer programs, frameworks, or models, their marketing programs, their sales, financial, marketing, training and technical information, and any other information, whether communicated orally, electronically, in writing or in other tangible forms concerning how the Protected Parties create, develop, acquire or maintain their products and marketing plans, target their potential customers and operate their businesses. The Protected Parties invested, and continue to invest, considerable amounts of time and money in their process, technology, know-how, obtaining and developing the goodwill of their customers, their other external relationships, their data systems and data bases, and all the information described above (hereinafter collectively referred to as "Confidential Information"), and any misappropriation or unauthorized disclosure of Confidential Information in any form would irreparably harm the Protected Parties. The Executive acknowledges that such Confidential Information constitutes valuable, highly confidential, special and unique property of the Protected Parties. The Executive shall hold in a fiduciary capacity for the benefit of the Protected Parties all Confidential Information relating to the Protected Parties and their businesses, which shall have been obtained by the Executive during the Executive's employment by the Company and which shall not be or become public knowledge (other than by acts by the Executive or representatives of the Executive in violation of this Agreement). During the period the Executive is employed by the Company and at any time thereafter, the Executive shall not disclose any Confidential Information, directly or indirectly, to any person or entity for any reason or purpose whatsoever, nor shall the Executive use it in any way, except (i) in the course of the Executive's employment with, and for the

benefit of, the Protected Parties, (ii) to enforce any rights or defend any claims hereunder or under any other agreement to which the Executive is a party with any Protected Party, provided that such disclosure is relevant to the enforcement of such rights or defense of such claims and is only disclosed in the formal proceedings related thereto, (iii) when required to do so by a court of law, by any governmental agency having supervisory authority over the business of any of the Protected Parties or by any administrative or legislative body (including a committee thereof) with jurisdiction to order him to divulge, disclose or make accessible such information, provided that, to the extent permitted by law, the Executive shall give prompt written notice to the Company of such requirement, disclose no more information than is so required, and cooperate with any attempts by the Company to obtain a protective order or similar treatment, (iv) as to such Confidential Information that becomes generally known to the public without his violation of this Section 6.1(a) or (v) to the Executive's spouse, attorney, and/or his personal tax and financial advisors as reasonably necessary or appropriate to advance the Executive's tax, financial and other personal planning (each an "Exempt Person"), provided, however, that any disclosure or use of Confidential Information by an Exempt Person other than the exceptions set forth in (i)-(iv) above shall be deemed to be a breach of this Section 6.1(a) by the Executive. The Executive shall take all reasonable steps to safeguard the Confidential Information and to protect it against disclosure, misuse, espionage, loss and theft. The Executive understands and agrees that the Executive shall acquire no rights to any such Confidential Information.

(b) All files, records, documents, drawings, specifications, data, computer programs, evaluation mechanisms and analytics and similar items relating thereto or to the Business (for the purposes of this Agreement, "Business" shall be as defined in Section 6.4

hereof), as well as all customer lists, specific customer information, compilations of product research and marketing techniques of any of the Protected Parties, whether prepared by the Executive or otherwise coming into the Executive's possession, shall remain the exclusive property of the Protected Parties.

a. It is understood that while employed by the Company, the Executive shall promptly disclose to it, and assign to it the Executive's interest in any invention, improvement or discovery made or conceived by the Executive, either alone or jointly with others, which arises out of the Executive's employment. At the Company's request and expense, the Executive shall assist the Company during the period of the Executive's employment by the Company and thereafter (but subject to reasonable notice and taking into account the Executive's schedule) in connection with any controversy or legal proceeding relating to such invention, improvement or discovery and in obtaining domestic and foreign patent or other protection covering the same.

b. The Executive understands that nothing contained in this Agreement limits the Executive's ability to file a charge or complaint with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, the National Labor Relations Board, the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other federal, state or local governmental agency or commission (each, a "Government Agency"). The Executive further understands that this Agreement does not limit the Executive's ability to communicate with any Government Agency, including to report



possible violations of federal law or regulation or making other disclosures that are protected under the whistleblower provisions of federal law or regulation, or otherwise participate in any investigation or proceeding that may be conducted by any Government Agency, including providing documents or other information, without notice to the Company.

c. This Agreement does not limit the Executive's right to receive an award for information provided to any Government Agency. The Executive will not be criminally or civilly liable under any federal or state trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret that (i) is made (x) in confidence to a federal, state, or local government official, either directly or indirectly, or to an attorney; and (y) solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a suspected violation of law; or (ii) is made in a complaint or other document filed in a lawsuit or other proceeding, if such filing is made under seal.

a. Cooperation. During the period the Executive is employed by the Company and thereafter, the Executive shall cooperate with any investigation or inquiry by the Company or any governmental or regulatory agency or body that relates to the operations of a Protected Party during the period of the Executive's employment by the Company; provided that any such cooperation shall take into account the Executive's then current business and other obligations.

b. Non-Solicitation or Hire. During the period the Executive is employed by the Company and for a period following the termination of the Executive's employment for any reason equal to the longer of either (a) one (1) year following the Executive's termination of employment and (b) the applicable period during which the severance payments are scheduled to be paid pursuant to Section 5.2(b) (such longer period, the "Restricted Period"), the Executive shall not (i) directly or indirectly solicit, attempt to solicit or induce (x) any party who is a

customer of a Protected Party, who was a customer of a Protected Party at any time during the twelve (12) month period immediately prior to the date the Executive's employment terminates or who was a prospective customer that has been identified and targeted by a Protected Party immediately prior to the date the Executive's employment terminates, for the purpose of marketing, selling or providing to any such party any services or products offered by or available from a Protected Party on the date the Executive's employment terminates, or (y) any supplier or prospective supplier to a Protected Party as of the date the Executive's employment terminates to terminate, reduce or alter negatively its relationship with the Protected Party or in any manner interfere with any agreement or contract between the Protected Party and such supplier or (ii) hire any current employee of a Protected Party (a "Current Employee") or any person who was an employee of a Protected Party during the twelve (12) month period immediately prior to the date the Executive's employment terminates (a "Former Employee") or directly or indirectly solicit or induce a Current or Former Employee to terminate such employee's employment relationship with a Protected Party in order, in either case, to enter into a similar relationship with the Executive, or any other person or any entity.

a. Non-Competition. During the Restricted Period, the Executive shall not, without the Company's prior written consent, whether individually, as a director, manager, member, stockholder, partner, owner, employee, consultant or agent of any business, or in any

other capacity, other than on behalf of a Protected Party, organize, establish, own, operate, manage, control, engage in, participate in, invest in, permit his name to be used by, act as a consultant or advisor to, render services for (alone or in association with any person, firm, corporation or business organization), or otherwise engage in the business of providing financial products or services to Taft-Hartley employee benefit plans, labor unions, employee benefit plans associated with labor unions in any manner, or other entities associated or affiliated with labor unions (the "Business"). Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this Agreement shall prevent the Executive from (a) owning for passive investment purposes not intended to circumvent this Agreement, less than 1 percent (1%) of the publicly traded common equity securities of any company engaged in the Business (so long as the Executive has no power to manage, operate, advise, consult with or control the competing enterprise and no power, alone or in conjunction with other affiliated parties, to select a director, manager, general partner, or similar governing official of the competing enterprise other than in connection with the normal and customary voting powers afforded the Executive in connection with any permissible equity ownership) or (b) being employed by or otherwise associated with (including as a director) an organization or entity of which a subsidiary, division, segment, unit, etc. is engaged in the Business (a "Competing Division"), including in a position to which employees of the Competing Division report, directly or indirectly, provided that the Executive has no direct responsibilities with such Competing Division other than having general responsibility for the operation of such Competing Division. For the avoidance of doubt, the Executive may be an officer of a bank or investment advisor or a union or related organization that engages in the Business, provided that the Executive is not directly employed in, or working in, the Competing Division.

b. Property. The Executive acknowledges that all originals and copies of materials, records and documents generated by him or coming into his possession during his employment by the Company (prior to or during the Term) are the sole property of the Company ("Company Property"). During the period the Executive is employed by the Company, and at all

times thereafter, the Executive shall not remove, or cause to be removed, from the premises of the Company, copies of any record, file, memorandum, document, computer related information or equipment, or any other item relating to the business of the Company, except in furtherance of his duties under this Agreement. When the Executive's employment with the Company terminates, or upon request of the Company at any time, the Executive shall promptly deliver to the Company all copies of Company Property in his possession or control.

a. Nondisparagement. The Executive agrees that he shall not, during the period the Executive is employed by the Company and at any time thereafter, publish or communicate to any person or entity any Disparaging remarks, comments or statements concerning the Company and its directors, officers, shareholders, employees, agents, attorneys, successors and assigns and the Company agrees that during the period the Executive is employed by the Company and at any time thereafter, it shall not, and it shall use its reasonable efforts to cause its directors and officers not to, publish or communicate to any person or entity any Disparaging remarks, comments or statements concerning the Executive; provided, however, that nothing contained in this Section 6.6 shall preclude either Party from providing truthful testimony in connection with a valid subpoena, court order, regulatory request, other legal

proceeding, or as may be required by law. “Disparaging” remarks, comments or statements are those that impugn the character, honesty, integrity or morality of the individual or entity being disparaged.

b. Reasonableness of Covenants. The Parties agree that the duration and area for which the covenants set forth in this Section 6 apply are reasonable. In the event that any arbitrator or court of competent jurisdiction determines that the time period or the area or both are unreasonable and any such covenant is to that extent unenforceable, the Company and the Executive agree that such covenant shall remain in full force and effect for the greatest time period and in the greatest area that would not render it unenforceable and that each covenant set forth in this Section 6 shall remain enforceable notwithstanding a determination by a court of competent jurisdiction that another covenant set forth in this Section 6 is unenforceable.

1. Remedies; Specific Performance. The Parties acknowledge and agree that the Executive’s breach or threatened breach of any of the restrictions set forth in Section 6 or the Company’s breach or threatened breach of the restrictions set forth in Section 6.6 shall result in irreparable and continuing damage to the Protected Parties or the Executive for which there may be no adequate remedy at law and that the Protected Parties or the Executive shall be entitled to seek equitable relief, including specific performance and injunctive relief as remedies for any such breach or threatened or attempted breach, without requiring the posting of a bond. The Parties hereby consent to the grant of an injunction (temporary or otherwise) against the other Party or the entry of any other court order against the other party prohibiting and enjoining him or it from violating, or directing him or it to comply with any provision of Section 6. The Parties also agree that such remedies shall be in addition to any and all remedies, including damages, available to the Protected Parties or the Executive for such breaches or threatened or attempted breaches.

2. Other Provisions.

a. Notices. Any notice or other communication required or which may be given hereunder shall be in writing and shall be delivered personally, sent by facsimile transmission or sent by certified, registered or express mail, postage prepaid or overnight mail and shall be deemed given when so delivered personally, or sent by facsimile transmission or, if mailed, four (4) business days after the date of mailing or one (1) business day after overnight mail, addressed to such party at the address set forth below or such other address as may hereafter be designated in writing by the addressee as follows:

1. If the Company, to:

Amalgamated Bank 275 Seventh Avenue  
New York, New York 10001 Attention: Chairman of the  
Board Telephone: (212) 255-6200  
Fax: (212) 895-4721

With a copy to:

Amalgamated Bank 275 Seventh Avenue  
New York, New York 10001 Attention: General  
Counsel Telephone: (212) 895 4431

2. If the Executive, to the Executive's home address reflected in the Company's records.

b. Entire Agreement. This Agreement contains the entire agreement between the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and, supersedes all prior agreements, written or oral, with respect thereto, including, without limitation, the Prior Agreement.

a. Representations and Warranties. The Executive represents and warrants that he is not a party to or subject to any restrictive covenants, legal restrictions or other agreements in favor of any entity or person which could preclude, inhibit, impair or limit the Executive's ability to perform his obligations under this Agreement, including, but not limited to, non-competition agreements, non-solicitation agreements or confidentiality agreements. The Company represents and warrants that (i) it has full corporate power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to perform its obligations contemplated hereunder, (ii) it has taken all corporate action necessary to authorize the execution and performance of this Agreement, (iii) it has obtained all required regulatory or other consents as may be necessary or appropriate to permit it to enter into this Agreement and (iv) this Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by it and, assuming due authorization, execution, and delivery of this Agreement by the Executive, is the legal, valid and binding obligation of the Company enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms.

b. Waiver and Amendments. This Agreement may be amended, modified, superseded, canceled, renewed or extended, and the terms and conditions hereof may be waived, only by a written instrument signed by the Parties or, in the case of a waiver, by the party waiving compliance. No delay on the part of any party in exercising any right, power or privilege hereunder shall operate as a waiver thereof, nor shall any waiver on the part of any right, power or privilege hereunder, nor any single or partial exercise of any right, power or privilege hereunder, preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right, power or privilege hereunder.

c. Governing Law, Dispute Resolution and Venue.

1. This Agreement shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of New York applicable to agreements made and to be performed entirely within such state, without regard to conflicts of laws principles, unless superseded by federal law.

2. Any controversy or claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement or the breach hereof or otherwise arising out of the Executive's employment or the termination of that employment (including, without limitation, any claims of unlawful employment discrimination whether based on age or otherwise) shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be settled by arbitration in any forum and form agreed upon by the parties or, in the absence of such an agreement, under the auspices of the American Arbitration Association ("AAA") in New York, New York in accordance with the Employment Dispute Resolution Rules of the AAA, including, but not limited to, the rules and procedures applicable to the selection of arbitrators, except that the arbitrator shall apply the law as established by decisions of the U.S. Supreme Court, the Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit and the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York in deciding the merits of claims and defenses under federal law (including without limitation any federal antidiscrimination law). The Company and the Executive specifically agree that the arbitrator may award injunctive relief. In the event that any person or entity other than the Executive or the Company may be a party with regard to any such controversy or claim, such controversy or claim shall be submitted to arbitration subject to such other person or entity's agreement. Judgment upon the award rendered by the arbitrator may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof. The parties covenant that they shall participate in the arbitration in good faith. Each party to any arbitration proceeding shall bear its

or his own costs and expenses in connection therewith, except as permitted by law or otherwise ordered by the arbitrator in such proceeding. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Section 8.5 shall not preclude any party hereto from pursuing a court action pursuant to Section 7 or otherwise for the sole purpose of obtaining a temporary restraining order or a preliminary injunction.

a. Assignability by the Company and the Executive. This Agreement, and the rights and obligations hereunder, may not be assigned by the Company or the Executive without written consent signed by the other party; provided that the Company may assign this Agreement to any successor that continues the business of the Company, including any person or entity that acquires all or substantially all of the assets of the Company.

b. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original but all of which shall constitute one and the same instrument.

c. Headings. The headings in this Agreement are for convenience of reference only and shall not limit or otherwise affect the meaning of terms contained herein.

d. Severability. If any term, provision, covenant or restriction of this Agreement, or any part thereof, is held by a court of competent jurisdiction of any foreign, federal, state, county or local government or any other governmental, regulatory or administrative agency or authority to be invalid, void, unenforceable or against public policy for any reason, the remainder of the terms, provisions, covenants and restrictions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected or impaired or invalidated. The Executive acknowledges that the restrictive covenants contained in Section 6 are a condition of this Agreement and are reasonable and valid in temporal scope and in all other respects.

e. Judicial Modification. If any court determines that any of the covenants in Section 6, or any part of any of them, is invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of such covenants and parts thereof shall not thereby be affected and shall be given full effect, without regard to the invalid portion. If any court determines that any of such covenants, or any part thereof, is invalid or unenforceable because of the geographic or temporal scope of such provision, the parties shall reduce such scope to the minimum extent necessary to make such covenants valid and enforceable.

f. Tax Withholding. The Company or other payor is authorized to withhold from any benefit provided or payment due hereunder, the amount of withholding taxes due any federal, state or local authority in respect of such benefit or payment and to take such other action as may be necessary in the opinion of the Board to satisfy all obligations for the payment of such withholding taxes.

g. Indemnification and Insurance. The Executive shall be indemnified in accordance with the Company's certificate of incorporation, by-laws, and policies and to the fullest extent permitted by, and in accordance with, applicable state law. The Company agrees that it shall promptly move to ensure that the Executive is insured under the Company's Directors' and Officers' liability insurance policy (including Side A coverage). Subject to the requirements of applicable law, the Company shall indemnify the Executive on a current basis

and to the extent the Company acquires insurance to cover all or part of the Company's indemnification obligations, the Company shall ensure that amounts paid in respect of such insurance are paid on a current basis.

a. Section 409A. This Agreement is intended to comply with Code Section 409A to the extent subject thereto and shall be interpreted and administered in compliance therewith. Any term used in this Agreement which is defined in Code Section 409A or the regulations promulgated thereunder (the "Regulations") shall have the meaning set forth therein unless otherwise specifically defined herein. Any obligations to pay nonqualified deferred compensation (within the meaning of Code Section 409A) under this Agreement that arise in connection with the Executive's "termination of employment," "termination" or other similar references shall only be triggered if the termination of employment or termination qualifies as a "separation from service" within the meaning of §1.409A-1(h) of the Regulations. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if at the time of the termination of the Executive's employment, the Executive is a "specified employee," as defined in Code Section 409A or the Regulations, and any payments upon such termination under this Agreement hereof shall result in additional tax or interest to the Executive under Code Section 409A, he shall not be entitled to receive such payments until the date which is six (6) months after the termination of the Executive's employment for any reason or, if earlier, the date of the Executive's death. Each amount to be paid or benefit to be provided to the Executive under this Agreement that constitutes deferred compensation subject to Code Section 409A shall be construed as a separate identified payment for purposes of Code Section 409A. If any expense reimbursement by the Executive under this Agreement is determined to be "deferred compensation" within the meaning

of Code Section 409A, including, without limitation any reimbursement under Section 4.4, then the reimbursement shall be made to the Executive as soon as practicable after submission for the reimbursement, but no later than December 31 of the year following the year during which such expense was incurred. In addition, if any provision of this Agreement would subject the Executive to any additional tax or interest under Code Section 409A, then the Company shall reform such provision; provided that the Company shall (x) maintain, to the maximum extent practicable, the original intent of the applicable provision without subjecting the Executive to such additional tax or interest and (y) not incur any additional compensation expense as a result of such reformation.

b. Golden Parachute Provisions.

1. Anything in this Agreement to the contrary notwithstanding, the Company shall not be obligated to make any payment hereunder that would be prohibited as a “golden parachute payment” or “indemnification payment” under Section 18(k) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.

2. If any payment or benefit to the Executive under this Agreement or otherwise would be a “golden parachute payment” or “indemnification payment” within the meaning of Section 18(k) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, such payment or benefit shall not be made unless permitted under applicable law. The Company shall use best efforts promptly to apply to the appropriate federal banking agency for a determination that any golden parachute payment is permissible.

1. The provisions of this Agreement are subject to and shall be interpreted to be consistent with Applicable Law, which terms control over the terms of this Agreement in the event of a conflict between Applicable Law and this Agreement. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, no payment or benefit shall be paid or provided to the Executive or be vested or accrued if any such payment or benefit, vesting or accrual would violate Applicable Law and, to the extent any such payment or benefit that has been paid, provided, vested or accrued is determined to be in violation of Applicable Law, any such payment or benefit shall be subject to recoupment or cancellation. In the event of any such violation, the Executive and the Company shall cooperate in good faith to endeavor to meet the requirements of Applicable Law in a manner that preserves to the greatest extent possible the intent and purposes of this Amendment. “Applicable Law” means the laws, statutes, rules, regulations, treaties, directives, guidelines, ordinances, codes, administrative or judicial precedents or authorities and orders of any Governmental Authority, as well as the interpretation or administration thereof by any Governmental Authority charged with the enforcement, interpretation or administration thereof, and all applicable administrative orders, decisions, judgments, directed duties, requests, licenses, authorizations, decrees and permits of, and agreements with any Governmental Authority, to which the Company or the Executive are a party or by which the Company or the Executive are bound, in each case whether or not having the force of law, and all orders, decisions, judgments, and decrees of all courts or arbitrators in proceedings or actions to which the Company or the Executive are a party or by which the Company or the Executive are bound. “Governmental Authority” means the United States of

America, any state or territory thereof and any federal, state, provincial, city, town, municipality, county or local authority, including without limitation, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the New York State Department of Financial Services, and any board, bureau, instrumentality, agency or other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of or pertaining to government.


a. Claw-Back and Forfeiture. This Agreement and any Annual Bonus, LTIP or other incentive or performance-based compensation paid or payable to the Executive pursuant to this Agreement or under any other plan or arrangement adopted by the Company (collectively, "Incentive Compensation") shall be subject in all respects to the Company's Policy on Sound Executive Compensation and any other compensation claw-back or forfeiture policy implemented by the Company from time to time and applicable to all officers of the Company on the same terms and conditions, including without limitation, any such policy adopted to comply with the requirements of applicable law or the rules and regulations of any stock exchange applicable to the Company, and any revisions or amendments to any of the foregoing policies adopted by the Company from time to time and applicable to all officers of the Company on the same terms and conditions (collectively, the "Claw-Back Policy"). The Executive acknowledges and agrees that, if the Company is permitted to effect a claw-back or forfeiture of Incentive Compensation pursuant to the Claw-Back Policy, the Company shall be entitled to recover or retain any Incentive Compensation paid or payable to the Executive in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Claw-Back Policy.

[Signature page follows]



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto, intending to be legally bound hereby, have executed this Agreement as of the day and year first above mentioned.

EXECUTIVE:

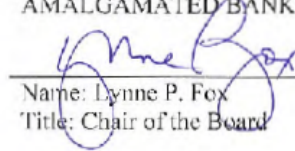


\_\_\_\_\_

Name: Keith Mestrich

THE COMPANY:

AMALGAMATED BANK



\_\_\_\_\_

Name: Lynne P. Fox

Title: Chair of the Board

**ADDENDUM TO**  
**AMENDED AND RESTATED EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT**


AMALGAMATED BANK (the "Bank") and KEITH MESTRICH (the "Executive") (collectively referred to as "the Parties"), the Parties to an Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated July 25, 2017 (the "Agreement"), hereby enter into the following Addendum to the Agreement (the "Addendum"):

1. Section 4.2(b) of the Agreement shall now provide as follows: The Executive also shall be entitled to incentive compensation pursuant to the Company's long term incentive plans adopted by the Board in each year of the Term; provided that, the Executive shall not be entitled to receive any grant of incentive compensation during the Extension Period. The aggregate potential value of any annual long term incentive awards granted to the Executive shall be an amount equal to the sum of (i) 100% of Base Salary in effect at the time, minus (ii) \$120,000. However, at the discretion of the Compensation Committee and approval by the Board, this amount may be increased. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth herein, the Executive's participation in any such long term incentive plan shall be governed by the terms of such plan, specifically including its vesting and exercise provisions.
2. The Addendum changes only those provisions of the Agreement described herein. All other terms and provisions of the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect until properly terminated in accordance with the Agreement.
3. The changes to the Agreement set forth in the Addendum shall be effective as of May 17, 2019.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Addendum, fully agreeing to be bound by all its terms, this 17<sup>th</sup> day of MAY, 2019.

**AMALGAMATED BANK**

By:   
Lynne Fox  
Chair of the Board

By:   
Keith Mestrich

AMENDMENT TO

AMENDED AND RESTATED EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

AMENDMENT (this "Amendment") dated <sup>11/23</sup> 11/23/2020 (the "Amendment Date") to the AMENDED AND RESTATED EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT (the "Agreement") dated July 25, 2017, by and between Amalgamated Bank (the "Company") and Keith Mestrich (the "Executive") (each a "Party" and together, the "Parties").

WHEREAS, the Parties entered into the Agreement dated as of July 25, 2017, amended effective as of May 17, 2019; and

WHEREAS, the Parties wish to amend the Agreement, effective as of the Amendment Date.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises and conditions herein set forth, the Parties agree as follows:

Section 2 of the Agreement is hereby amended in its entirety to reach as follows:

Term. Subject to earlier termination pursuant to Section 5 of this Agreement, this Agreement and the employment relationship hereunder shall continue from the Effective Date until June 30, 2021 (such date the "Term Date"); provided that, the Parties may agree in writing prior to the Term Date to extend this Agreement and the employment relationship hereunder until September 30, 2021 (such date, the "Term Extension Date," and the period from the Term Date through the Term Extension Date, the "Extension Period"). As used in this Agreement, the "Term" shall refer to the period beginning on the Effective Date and ending on the Term Date or the Term Extension Date, as applicable, or, if earlier, on the date the Executive's employment terminates in accordance with Section 5 below.

*[Signature Page Follows]*

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto, intending to be legally bound hereby,  
have executed this Amendment as of the day and year first above mentioned.

EXECUTIVE:




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Name: Keith Mestrich

THE COMPANY:

AMALGAMATED BANK



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Name: Lynne P. Fox

Title: Chair of the Board

*[Signature Page to Amendment to Keith Mestrich Employment Agreement]*

## **Amalgamated Bank Announces Preliminary Third Quarter 2020 Financial Results**

*~ Amalgamated Bank Announces Third Quarter 2020 Earnings Conference Call Timing ~*

**NEW YORK – (Globe Newswire) – October 14, 2020:** Amalgamated Bank (Nasdaq: AMAL) (“Amalgamated”) today announced certain preliminary unaudited financial information for the quarter ended September 30, 2020.

For the third quarter of 2020, Amalgamated expects to report:

- Net income in the range of \$12 to \$13 million, or \$0.39 to \$0.42 per diluted share
  - Expense of \$6.4 million related to branch closures
  - Non-interest income of \$4.3 million related to equity method investments in solar projects
  - Provision for loan losses of \$3.4 million
- Total assets of \$6.6 billion as of September 30, 2020
- An improvement in loans on deferral due to COVID-19
- An increase of approximately \$8 million in non-accrual loans.

The above-referenced preliminary unaudited financial information is based solely on management’s estimates, reflects currently available preliminary financial information and remains subject to additional procedures. We have provided a range for our net income, rather than a specific amount, primarily because our financial closing and review procedures for the third quarter of 2020 are not yet complete. In addition, our registered public accounting firm has not audited, reviewed, compiled or performed any procedures with respect to the preliminary financial information. Our actual results for the third quarter of 2020 will be available before our earnings conference call, as set forth below. The above preliminary financial information is not a complete presentation of our financial results for the third quarter of 2020, and our actual results may differ materially from our estimates and preliminary amounts indicated above as a result of various factors, including those set forth under “Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements” below.

### **Third Quarter 2020 Earnings Conference Call**

Amalgamated also announced that its third quarter 2020 financial results will be released before market open on Wednesday, October 28, 2020. Amalgamated will host a conference call at 10:00 a.m. Eastern Time on the same day to discuss the financial results.

The conference call can be accessed by dialing 1-877-407-9716 (domestic) or 1-201-493-6779 (international) and asking for the Amalgamated Bank Third Quarter 2020 Earnings Call. A live audio webcast of the conference call will be available on the website at <https://ir.amalgamatedbank.com/>.

A replay of the conference call will be available within two hours of the conclusion of the call and can be accessed both online and by dialing 1-844-512-2921, or for international callers 1-412-317-6671 and providing the access code 13711002. The telephonic replay will be available until 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time on November 4, 2020.

### **About Amalgamated Bank**

Amalgamated Bank is a New York-based full-service commercial bank and a chartered trust company with a combined network of six branches in New York City, Washington D.C., San Francisco and Boston. Amalgamated

was formed in 1923 as Amalgamated Bank of New York by the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, one of the country's oldest labor unions. Amalgamated provides commercial banking and trust services nationally and

offers a full range of products and services to both commercial and retail customers. Amalgamated is a proud member of the Global Alliance for Banking on Values and is a certified B Corporation®. As of June 30, 2020, total assets were \$6.5 billion, total net loans were \$3.6 billion, and total deposits were \$5.9 billion. Additionally, as of June 30, 2020, the trust business held \$32.0 billion in assets under custody and \$13.3 billion in assets under management.

### **Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

This press release contains forward-looking statements within the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward looking statements can be identified by words and phrases such as “expects,” “estimates,” “intends,” “preliminary,” “believes,” “may,” “likely,” “will” or other statements that indicate future periods. Such forward- looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, which could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. The following factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from the anticipated results or other expectations expressed in our forward-looking statements: adjustments needed in the quarter-end closing process as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; the strength of the United States economy in general and the strength of the local economies in which we conduct our operations may be different than expected, including, but not limited to, due to the negative impacts and disruptions resulting from the novel coronavirus, or COVID-19, on the economies and communities we serve, which may have an adverse impact on our business, operations and performance, and could have a negative impact on our credit portfolio, share price, borrowers, and on the economy as a whole, both domestically and globally; the rate of delinquencies and amounts of charge-offs, the level of our allowance for loan losses, the rates of loan growth, or adverse changes in asset quality in our loan portfolio, which may result in increased credit risk-related losses and expenses; changes in legislation, regulation, policies, or administrative practices, whether by judicial, governmental, or legislative action; and adverse conditions in the stock market, the public debt market and other capital markets (including changes in interest rate conditions) could have a negative impact on us. Additional factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by any forward-looking statements also may be found in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the FDIC and available at the FDIC’s website at <https://efr.fdic.gov/fcxweb/efr/index.html>. The inclusion of this forward-looking information should not be construed as a representation by us or any person that future events, plans, or expectations contemplated by us will be achieved. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, except as required by law.

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Source: Amalgamated Bank



## Amalgamated Bank CEO Announces Plan to Step Down in Early 2021

**NEW YORK, October 14, 2020** – Amalgamated Bank (Nasdaq: AMAL) (the “Company”) today announced that Keith Mestrich has informed the Board of Directors that he will step down from his positions as President and Chief Executive Officer on January 31, 2021. At that time, he will transition from a director to special advisor to the Board through July 2021. Mr. Mestrich joined Amalgamated Bank in 2012 and has served as its President and Chief Executive Officer since 2014.

The Board has formed a Search Committee comprised of Lynne Fox, Chair of the Board, and four independent directors to oversee a national search process for a new CEO. The Board has engaged Ellig Group, a leading executive search firm, to assist the Search Committee in identifying and evaluating a robust and diverse slate of candidates.

If the Board has not selected a new CEO at the time of Mr. Mestrich’s departure, Ms. Fox will become Interim President and CEO, in addition to her present role as Chair. As a Board member for the past 20 years and Chair for the past four, Ms. Fox has intimate knowledge of the bank, its operations and culture, and is well acquainted with the management team. In 2016, Ms. Fox became the first woman in Amalgamated’s near 100-year history to serve as Chair. She also serves as the International President of Workers’ United, which owns 41% of Amalgamated Bank’s common shares.

In making this announcement, Mr. Mestrich said, “Today, Amalgamated Bank is financially and operationally strong, and in an excellent position to prosper going forward, as demonstrated by the preliminary third quarter results we announced this morning. It has been a privilege to lead this bank’s successful turnaround, during which time we nearly doubled the bank’s asset base, expanded its geographic reach to the West Coast with the acquisition of New Resource Bank, and took the bank public in 2018. Perhaps most importantly, we built an outstanding leadership team that allowed the Company to continue to grow profitably during these unprecedented past few months. Amalgamated Bank is a special institution, and the decision to leave came after much reflection, but, given all that we accomplished, there could not be a better time for me to turn over the reins and pursue the next chapter in my career. I’m looking forward to working closely with the Board and our next CEO, when that person is identified, to achieve a seamless transition of leadership.”

Ms. Fox said: “The Board is deeply grateful to Keith for his leadership over the past eight years, and we respect and understand his decision to step down and pursue new opportunities at this time. Keith was not a traditional banker when he was named CEO in 2014, but he was the ideal executive for the bank to achieve what the Board believed needed to get done in order to position the Company for the future. He has

accomplished every goal the Board and he set out to achieve, and he has done so while maintaining the bank's commitment to social responsibility that makes us a leader among financial institutions. We greatly appreciate that he will be staying on through next summer to advise us through this transition process."

Ms. Fox continued, "As America's socially responsible bank, we look forward to identifying a new CEO who can continue to provide long-term, sustainable value for our customers and shareholders, while promoting our deeply held values in support of other socially responsible organizations, progressive causes, and social justice."

### **About Amalgamated Bank**

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### **Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

This press release contains forward-looking statements within the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward looking statements can be identified by words and phrases such as "going forward," "looking forward," "anticipate," "expect," "intend," "believe," "may," "likely," "will" or other statements that indicate future periods. Such forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, which could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. The following factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from the anticipated results or other expectations expressed in our forward-looking statements: our inability to timely identify a new CEO in light of, among other things, competition for experienced executives in the banking industry; unexpected challenges related to our CEO's transition; adjustments needed in the quarter-end closing process as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; the strength of the United States economy in general and the strength of the local economies in which we conduct our operations may be different than expected, including, but not limited to, due to the negative impacts and disruptions resulting from the novel coronavirus, or COVID-19, on the economies and communities we serve, which may have an adverse impact on our business, operations and performance, and could have a negative impact on our credit portfolio, share price, borrowers, and on the economy as a whole, both domestically and globally; the rate of delinquencies and amounts of charge-offs, the level of our allowance for loan losses, the rates of loan growth, or adverse changes in asset quality in our loan portfolio, which may result in increased credit risk-related losses and expenses; changes in legislation,

regulation, policies, or administrative practices, whether by judicial, governmental, or legislative action; and adverse conditions in the stock market, the public debt market and other capital markets (including changes in interest rate conditions) could have a negative impact on us. Additional factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by any forward-looking statements also may be found in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the FDIC and available at the FDIC's website at <https://efr.fdic.gov/fcxweb/efr/index.html>. The inclusion of this forward-looking information should not be construed as a representation by us or any person that future events, plans, or expectations contemplated by us will be achieved. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, except as required by law.

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